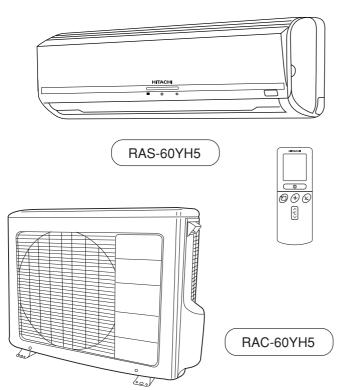
HITACHI

SERVICE MANUAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY



PM

NO. 0299E

RAS-60YH5/RAC-60YH5

REFER TO THE FOUNDATION MANUAL

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SPECIFICATIONS

ТҮРЕ		DC INVERTER (WALL TYPE)		
		INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	
		RAS-60YH5	RAC-60YH5	
OURCE		1 PHASE, 50 Hz, 220 – 240V		
TOTAL INPUT	(W)	2,300		
TOTAL AMPERE	ES (A)	10.60	- 9.70	
	(kW)	6.05 (0.90 - 6.50)		
CAPACITY (B.T.U./h)		20,660		
TOTAL INPUT (W)		2,400		
HEATING TOTAL AMPERES (A)		11.0 - 10.10		
	(kW)	7.05		
CAPACITY	(B.T.U./h)	24,060		
W		1,030	850	
DIMENSIONS H		295	650	
D		191	298	
ЭНТ	(kg)	12 45		
	TOTAL INPUT TOTAL AMPERE CAPACITY TOTAL INPUT TOTAL AMPERE CAPACITY NS	TOTAL INPUT (W) TOTAL AMPERES (A) CAPACITY (kW) TOTAL INPUT (W) TOTAL AMPERES (A) TOTAL AMPERES (A) TOTAL AMPERES (A) CAPACITY (kW) CAPACITY (kW) NS H D D	INDOOR UNIT RAS-60YH5 OURCE 1 PHASE, 50 H TOTAL INPUT (W) 2,3 TOTAL AMPERES (A) 10.60 CAPACITY (KW) 6.05 (0.90 (B.T.U./h) 20,6 11.0 - TOTAL AMPERES (A) 20,6 TOTAL INPUT (W) 2,4 CAPACITY (W) 2,4 TOTAL AMPERES (A) 11.0 - CAPACITY (W) 2,4 TOTAL AMPERES (A) 11.0 - CAPACITY (B.T.U./h) 24,4 NS H 295 D 191 191	

* After installation

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

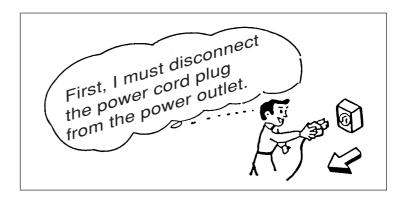
ROOM AIR CONDITIONER

INDOOR UNIT + OUTDOOR UNIT

DECEMBER 2005 Refrideration & Air-Conditioning Division BCE KATAJOFU U UHCTPYKUUU 3Jeck: http://splits/stema48.ru/instrukci-po-ekspluataci-kondicionervy.html

SAFETY DURING REPAIR WORK

1. In order to disassemble and repair the unit in question, be sure to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet before starting the work.



2. If it is necessary to replace any parts, they should be replaced with respective genuine parts for the unit, and the replacement must be effected in correct manner according to the instructions in the Service Manual of the unit.

If the contacts of electrical parts are defective, replace the electrical parts without trying to repair them.

- 3. After completion of repairs, the initial state should be restored.
- 4. Lead wires should be connected and laid as in the initial state.
- 5. Modification of the unit by user himself should absolutely be prohibited.



- 6. Tools and measuring instruments for use in repairs or inspection should be accurately calibrated in advance.
- 7. In installing the unit having been repaired, be careful to prevent the occurence of any accident such as electrical shock, leak of current, or bodily injury due to the drop of any part.
- 8. To check the insulation of the unit, measure the insulation resistance between the power cord plug and grounding terminal of the unit. The insulation resistance should be $1M\Omega$ or more as measured by a 500V DC megger.
- The initial location of installation such as window, floor or the other should be checked for being and safe enough to support the repaired unit again.
 If it is found not so strong and safe, the unit should be installed at the initial location reinforced or at a new location.
- 10. Any inflammable thing should never be placed about the location of installation.
- 11. Check the grounding to see whether it is proper or not, and if it is found improper, connect the grounding terminal to the earth.



WORKING STANDARDS FOR PREVENTING BREAKAGE OF SEMICONDUCTORS

1. Scope

The standards provide for items to be generally observed in carrying and handling semiconductors in relative manufacturers during maintenance and handling thereof. (They apply the same to handling of abnormal goods such as rejected goods being returned).

- 2. Object parts
 - (1) Micro computer
 - (2) Integrated circuits (IC)
 - (3) Field-effect transistors (FET)
 - (4) P.C. boards or the like on which the parts mentioned in (1) and (2) of this paragraph are equipped.
- 3. Items to be observed in handling
 - (1) Use a conductive container for carrying and storing of parts. (Even rejected goods should be handled in the same way).

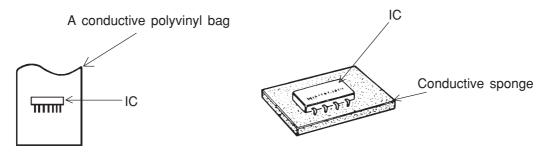


Fig. 1. Conductive Container

- (2) When any part is handled uncovered (in counting, packing and the like), the handling person must always use himself as a body earth. (Make yourself a body earth by passing one M ohm earth resistance through a ring or bracelet).
- (3) Be careful not to touch the parts with your clothing when you hold a part even if a body earth is being taken.
- (4) Be sure to place a part on a metal plate with grounding.
- (5) Be careful not to fail to turn off power when you repair the printed circuit board. At the same time, try to repair the printed circuit board on a grounded metal plate.

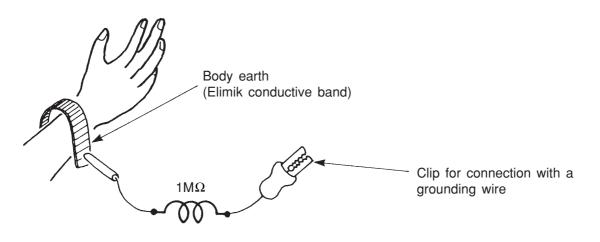
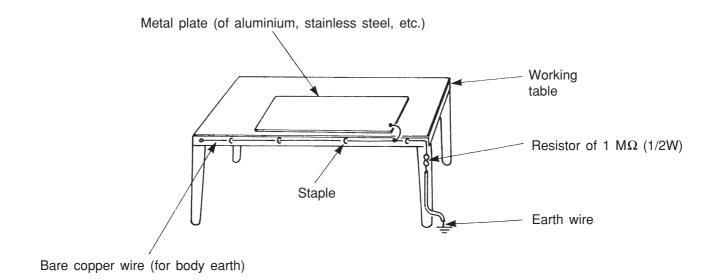
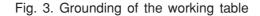


Fig. 2. Body Earth

(6) Use a three wire type soldering iron including a grounding wire.





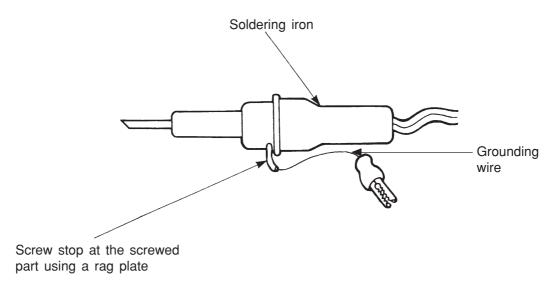


Fig. 4. Grounding a soldering iron

Use a high insulation mode (100V, $10M\Omega$ or higher) when ordinary iron is to be used.

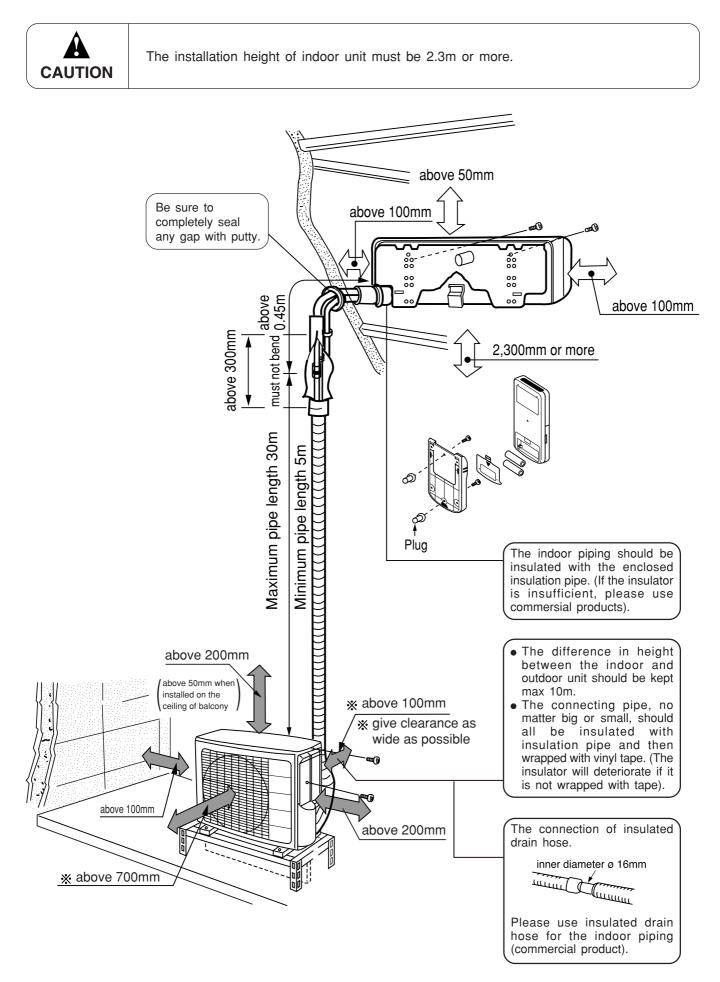
(7) In checking circuits for maintenance, inspection or some others, be careful not to have the test probes of the measuring instrument shortcircuit a load circuit or the like.

- 1. In quiet or stopping operation, slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle is heard occasionally, but this noise is not abnormal for the operation.
- 2. When it thunders near by, it is recommend to stop the operation and to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet for safety.
- 3. In the event of power failure, the air conditioner will restart automatically in the previously selected mode once the power is restored. In the event of power failure during TIMER operation, the timer will be reset and the unit will begin or stop operating under a new timer setting.
- 4. If the room air conditioner is stopped by adjusting thermostat, or missoperation, and re-start in a moment, there is occasion that the cooling and heating operation does not start for 3 minutes, it is not abnormal and this is the result of the operation of IC delay circuit. This IC delay circuit ensures that there is no danger of blowing fuse or damaging parts even if operation is restarted accidentally.
- This room air conditioner should not be used at the cooling operation when the outside temperature is below −10°C (14°F).
- This room air conditioner (the reverse cycle) should not be used when the outside temperature is below -15°C (5°F).
 If the reverse cycle is used under this condition, the outside heat exchanger is frosted and efficiency falls.
- 7. When the outside heat exchanger is frosted, the frost is melted by operating the hot gas system, it is not trouble that at this time fan stops and the vapour may rise from the outside heat exchanger.

SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL		RAS-60YH5	RAC-60YH5
FAN MOTOR		PWM DC35V	40 W
FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	NO
FAN MOTOR PROTECTOR		NO	NO
COMPRESSOR		_	JU1013D5
COMPRESSOR MOTOR CAP	ACITOR	NO	NO
OVERLOAD PROTECTOR		NO	YES (INTERNAL)
OVERHEAT PROTECTOR		NO	YES
FUSE (for MICROPROCESSOR)		NO	3.0A
POWER RELAY	POWER RELAY		G4A
POWER SWITCH		NO	NO
TEMPORARY SWITCH		YES	NO
SERVICE SWITCH	SERVICE SWITCH		YES
TRANSFORMER		NO	NO
VARISTOR		NO	450NR
NOISE SUPPRESSOR		NO	YES
THERMOSTAT		YES(IC)	YES(IC)
REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH (LIQUID CRYSTAL)		YES	NO
REFRIGERANT CHARGING	UNIT		1420g
VOLUME (Refrigerant R410A)	PIPES (MAX. 30m)		ERANT BECAUSE FLARE TYPE.

Chargeless upto 20m, above 20m upto max 30m, charge refrigerant R410A 5 g/m.





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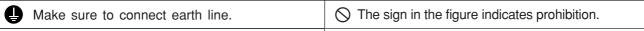
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SAFETY PRECAUTION

- Please read the "Safety Precaution" carefully before operating the unit to ensure correct usage of the unit.
- Pay special attention to signs of "A Warning" and "A Caution". The "Warning" section contains matters which, if not observed strictly, may cause death or serious injury. The "Caution" section contains matters which may result in serious consequences if not observed properly. Please observe all instructions strictly to ensure safety.
- The sign indicate the following meanings.



Indicates the instructions that must be followed.

• Please keep this manual after reading.

	PRECAUTIONS DURING INSTALLATION	
	 Do not reconstruct the unit. Water leakage, fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you reconstruct the unit by yourself. 	\bigcirc
WARNING	 Please ask your sales agent or qualified technician for the installation of your unit. Water leakage, short circuit or fire may occur if you install the unit by yourself. 	
	 Please use earth line. Do not place the earth line near water or gas pipes, lightning-conductor, or the earth line of telephone. Improper installation of earth line may cause electric shock. 	Ð
A	• A circuit breaker should be installed depending on the mounting site of the unit. Without a circuit breaker, the danger of electric shock exists.	
• Do not install the unit near a location where there is flammable gas. The outdoor unit may catch fire if flammable gas leaks around it.		L'ER CONTRACT
	• Please ensure smooth flow of water when installing the drain hose.	
	PRECAUTIONS DURING SHIFTING OR MAINTENANC	E
W or	hould abnormal situation arises (like burning smell), please stop operating the unit nd turn off the circuit breaker. Contact your agent. Fault, short circuit or fire may ccur if you continue to operate the unit under abnormal situation.	O OFF
A • P	ease contact your agent for maintenance. Improper self maintenance may cause	

- electric shock and fire.Please contact your agent if you need to remove and reinstall the unit. Electric
 - shock or fire may occur if you remove and reinstall the unit yourself improperly.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

- Avoid an extended period of direct air flow for your health.
 - Do not insert a finger, a rod or other objects into the air outlet or inlet. As the fan is rotating at a high speed, it will cause injury. Before cleaning, be sure to stop the operation and turn the breaker OFF.
 - Do not use any conductor as fuse wire, this could cause fatal accident.



• During thunder storm, disconnect and turn off the circuit breaker.

PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

• The product shall be operated under the manufacturer specification and not for any other intended use.





- Do not attempt to operate the unit with wet hands, this could cause fatal accident.
- When operating the unit with burning equipments, regularly ventilate the room to avoid oxygen insufficiency.





• Do not direct the cool air coming out from the air-conditioner panel to face household heating apparatus as this may affect the working of apparatus such as the electric kettle, oven etc.

• Please ensure that outdoor mounting frame is always stable, firm and without defect. If not, the outdoor unit may collapse and cause danger.





• Do not splash or direct water to the body of the unit when cleaning it as this may cause short circuit.

• Do not use any aerosol or hair sprays near the indoor unit. This chemical can adhere on heat exchanger fin and blocked the evaporation water flow to drain pan. The water will drop on tangential fan and cause water splashing out from indoor unit.





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• Please switch off the unit and turn off the circuit breaker during cleaning, the high-speed fan inside the unit may cause danger.

• Turn off the circuit breaker if the unit is not to be operated for a long period.





("OFF")

• Do not climb on the outdoor unit or put objects on it.

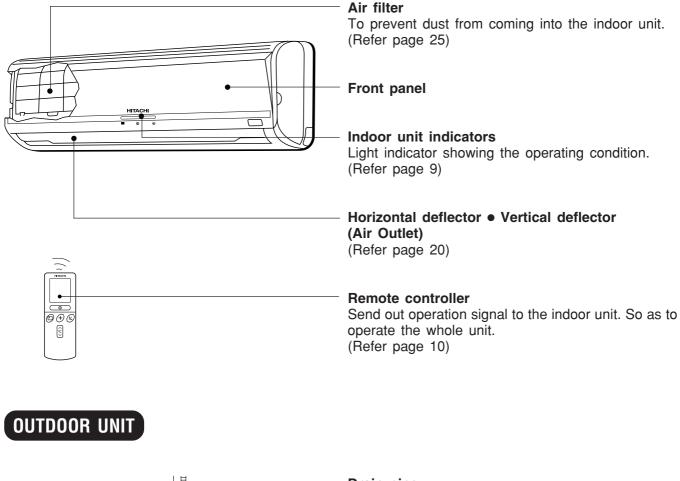
• Do not put water container (like vase) on the indoor unit to avoid water dripping into the unit. Dripping water will damage the insulator inside the unit and causes short-circuit.





- Do not place plants directly under the air flow as it is bad for the plants.
- When operating the unit with the door and windows opened, (the room humidity is always above 80%) and with the air deflector facing down or moving automatically for a long period of time, water will condense on the air deflector and drips down occasionally. This will wet your furniture. Therefore, do not operate under such condition for a long time.
- If the amount of heat in the room is above the cooling or heating capability of the unit (for example: more people entering the room, using heating equipments and etc.), the preset room temperature cannot be achieved.
- This appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons unless they have been adequately supervised by a responsible person to ensure that they can use the appliance safely.
 Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

INDOOR UNIT



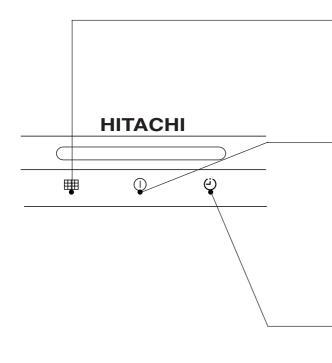
Drain pipe Condensed water drain to outside. Connecting cord and insulation pipe for piping Air inlet (Back and Left side) Air outlet

 When heating operation, drain or defrosted water flows out from outdoor unit. Don't close drain outlet portion in chilly area so as not to freeze these.

MODEL NAME AND DIMENSIONS

MODEL	WIDTH (mm)	HEIGHT (mm)	DEPTH (mm)
RAS-60YH5	1030	295	191
RAC-60YH5	850	650	298

INDOOR UNIT INDICATORS



FILTER LAMP

When the device is operated for a total of about 200 hours, the FILTER lamp lights to indicate that it is time to clean the filter. The lamp goes out when the " $\underbrace{\times}$ (AUTO SWING)" button is pressed while the device is on "STANDBY MODE".

OPERATION LAMP

This lamp lights during operation.

The OPERATION LAMP flashes in the following cases during heating.

(1) During preheating

For about 2–3 minutes after starting up.

(2) During defrosting

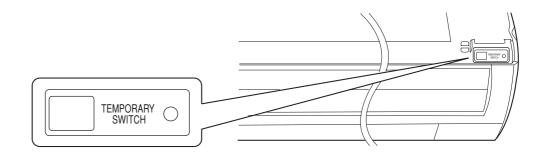
Defrosting will be performed about once an hour when frost forms on the heat exchanger of the outdoor unit, for 5–10 minutes each time.

TIMER LAMP

This lamp lights when the timer is working.

OPERATION INDICATOR

• This figure shows the opening condition of front panel. Refer to page 20 in relation to how to open or close the front panel.

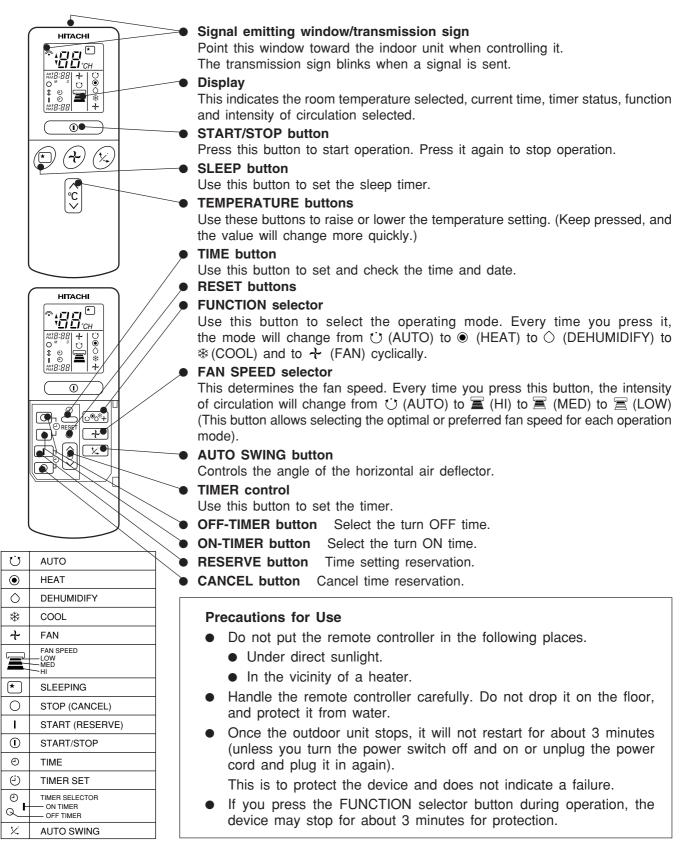


TEMPORARY SWITCH

- Use this switch to start and stop when the remote controller does not work.
- By pressing the temporary switch, the operation is done in automatic mode.

REMOTE CONTROLLER

- This controls the operation of the indoor unit. The range of control is about 7 meters. If indoor lighting is controlled electronically, the range of control may be shorter. This unit can be fixed on a wall using the fixture provided. Before fixing it, make sure the indoor unit can be controlled from the remote controller.
- Handle the remote controller with care. Dropping it or getting it wet may compromise its signal transmission capability.
- After new batteries are inserted into the remote controller, the unit will initially require approximately 10 seconds to respond to commands and operate.



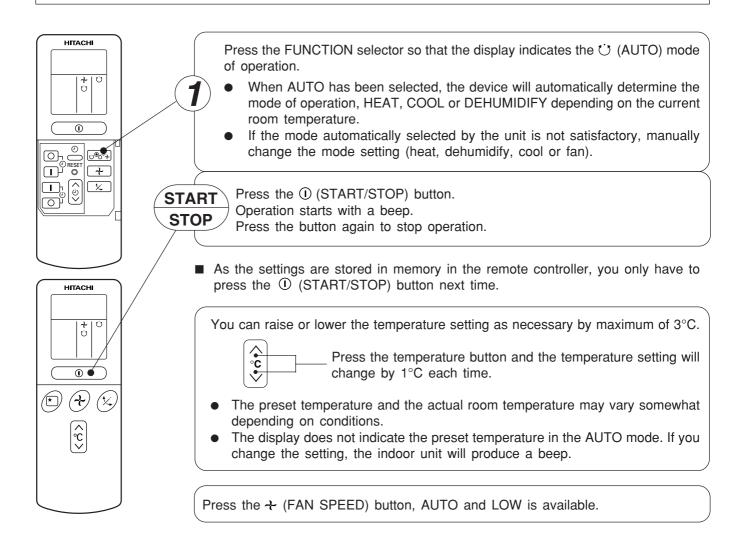
VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

Auto Restart Control

- If there is a power failure, operation will be automatically restarted when the power is resumed with previous operation mode and airflow direction.
- (As the operation is not stopped by remote controller.)
- If you intend not to continue the operation when the power is resumed, switch off the power supply. When you switch on the circuit breaker, the operation will be automatically restarted with previous operation mode and airflow direction.
 - Note: 1. If you do not require Auto Restart Control, please consult your sales agent or OFF by remote control.
 - 2. Auto Restart Control is not available when Timer or Sleep Timer mode is set.

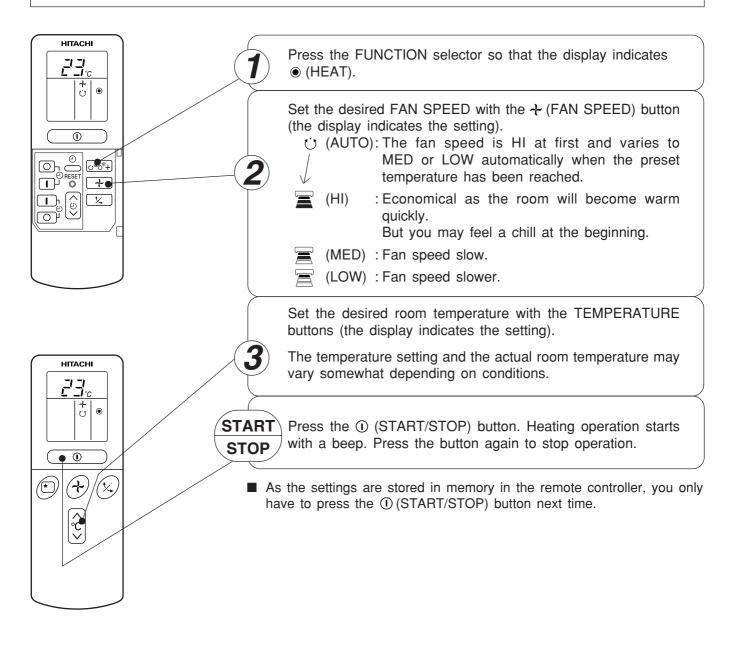
AUTOMATIC OPERATION

The device will automatically determine the mode of operation, HEAT, COOL or DEHUMIDIFY depending on the current room temperature. The selected mode of operation will change when the room temperature varies.



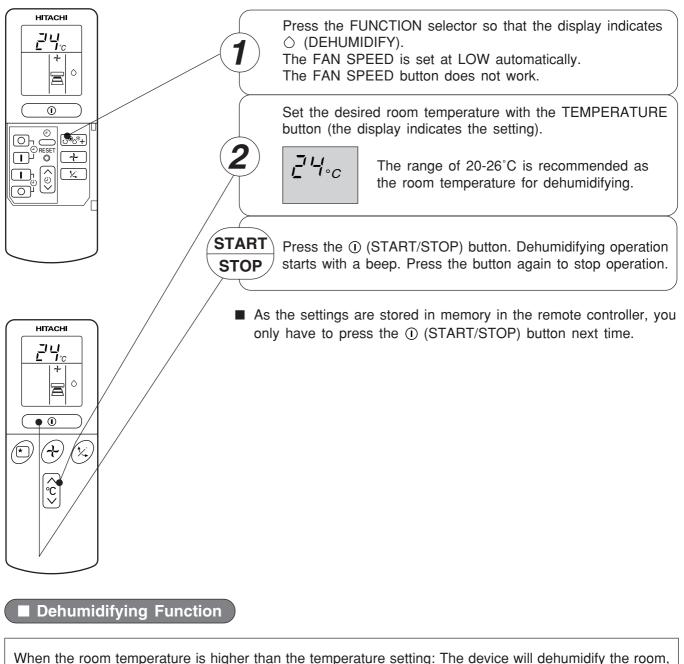
HEATING OPERATION

- Use the device for heating when the outdoor temperature is under 21°C.
- When it is too warm (over 21°C), the heating function may not work in order to protect the device.
- In order to keep reliability of the device, please use this device above -15°C of the outdoor temperature.



DEHUMIDIFYING OPERATION

Use the device for dehumidifying when the room temperature is over 16° C. When it is under 15° C, the dehumidifying function will not work.



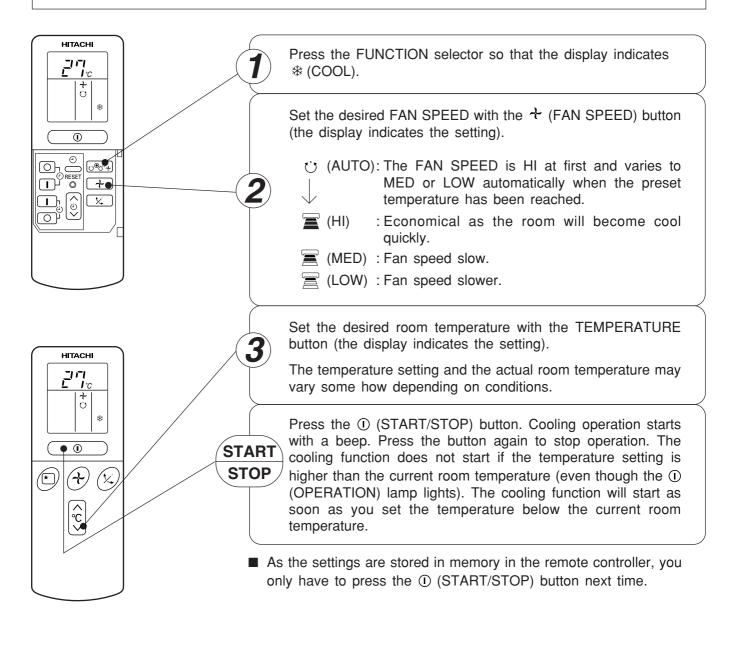
When the room temperature is higher than the temperature setting: The device will dehumidify the room, reducing the room temperature to the preset level.

When the room temperature is lower than the temperature setting: Dehumidifying will be performed at the temperature setting slightly lower than the current room temperature, regardless of the temperature setting. The function will stop (the indoor unit will stop emitting air) as soon as the room temperature becomes lower than the setting temperature.

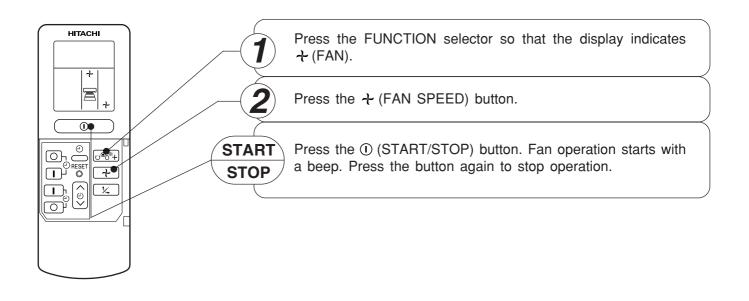
COOLING OPERATION

Use the device for cooling when the outdoor temperature is $-10 \sim 43^{\circ}$ C.

If in doors humidity is very high (80%), some dew may form on the air outlet grille of the indoor unit.

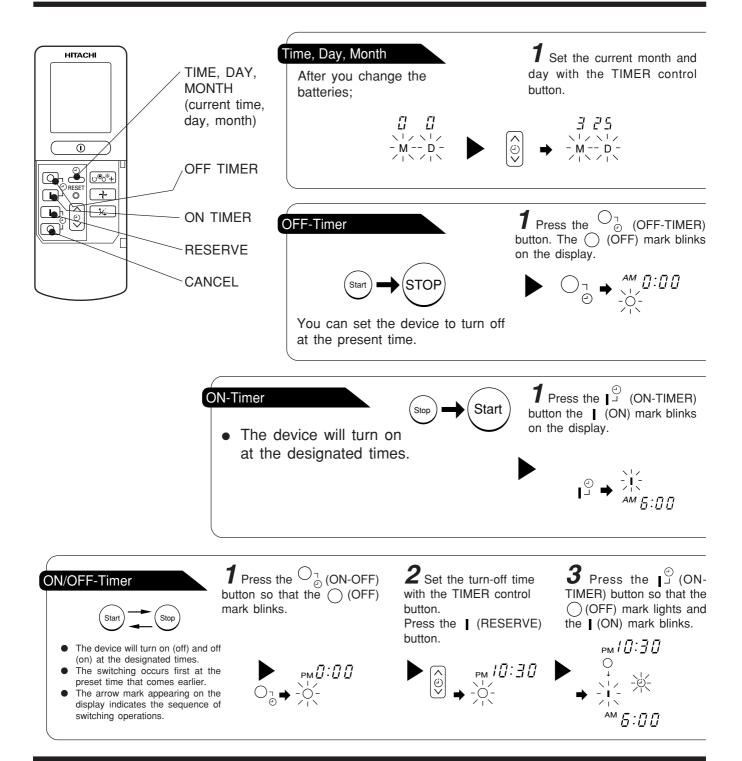


You can use the device simply as an air circulator. Use this function to dry the interior of the indoor unit at the end of summer.



FAN SPEED (AUTO)	When the AUTO fan speed mode is set in the cooling/heating operation:
For the heating operation	 The fan speed will automatically change according to the temperature of discharged air. When the difference of room temperature and setting temperature is large, fan starts to run at HI speed. When the room temperature reaches setting temperature, fan speed changes to LOW automatically.
For the cooling operation	 When the difference of room temperature and setting temperature is large, fan starts to run at HI speed. After room temperature reaches the preset temperature, the cooling operation, which changes the fan speed and room temperature to obtain optimum conditions for natural healthful cooling will be performed.

HOW TO SET THE TIMER



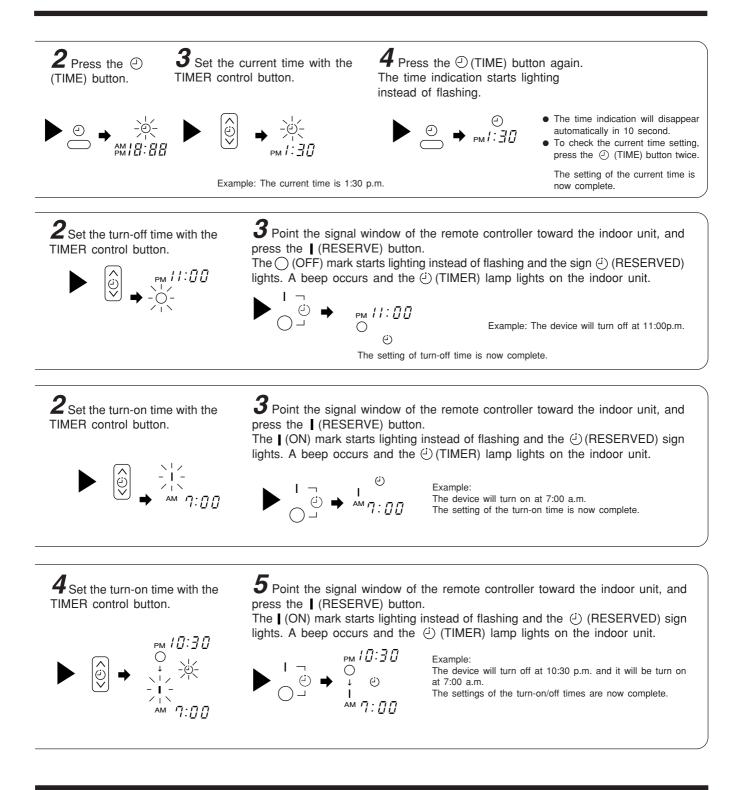
How to Cancel Reservation

Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the \bigcirc (CANCEL) button.

The (2) (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep and the (2) (TIMER) lamp turns off on the indoor unit.

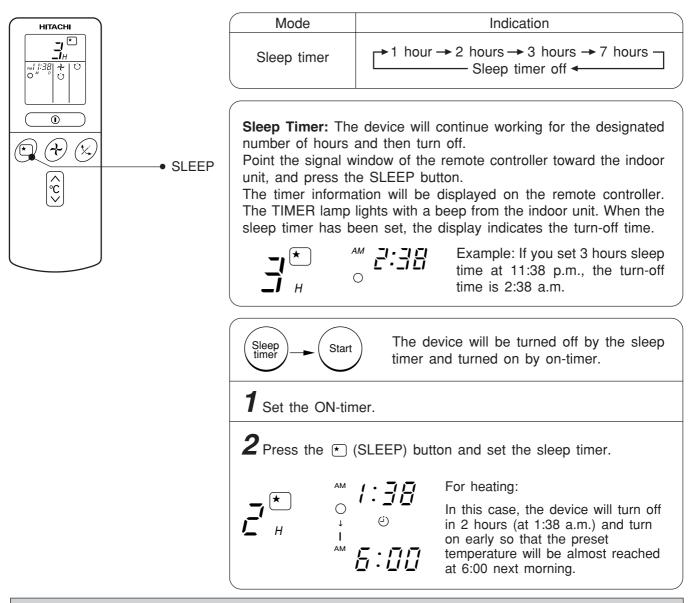
NOTE

You can set only one of the OFF-timer, ON-timer and ON/OFF-timer.



- The timer may be used in three ways: off-timer, on-timer, and ON/OFF (OFF/ON)-timer. Set the current time at first because it serves as a reference.
- As the time settings are stored in memory in the remote controller, you only have to press the | (RESERVE) button in order to use the same settings next time.

Set the current time at first if it is not set before (see the pages for setting the current time). Press the \bigcirc (SLEEP) button, and the display changes as shown below.



How to Cancel Reservation

Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the \bigcirc (CANCEL) button.

The \ominus (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep and the \ominus (TIMER) lamp turns off on the indoor unit.

NOTE

- If date or current time is not set, sleep timer can not be set.
- If you set the sleep timer after the off-, on/off- or off/on-timer has been set, the sleep timer becomes effective instead of the off-, on/off- or off/on-timer set earlier.
- You can not set other timer during sleep timer operation.
- After sleep timer time is up and when press sleep button again, the sleep timer will be set as last setting.
- Sleep timer effective only once.

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

ADJUSTING THE AIR DEFLECTOR



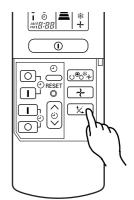
Adjustment of the conditioned air in the upward and downward directions.

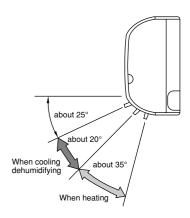
The horizontal air deflector is automatically set to the proper angle suitable for each operation. The deflector can be swung up and down continuously and also set to the desired angle using the " \searrow (AUTO SWING)" button.

- If the " (X) (AUTO SWING)" button is pressed once, the horizontal air deflector swings up and down. If the button is pressed again, the deflector stops in its current position. Several seconds (about 6 seconds) may be required before the deflector starts to move.
- Use the horizontal air deflector within the adjusting range shown on the right.
- When the operation is stopped, the horizontal air deflector moves and stops at the position where the air outlet closes.



• In "Cooling" operation, do not keep the horizontal air deflector swinging for a long time. Some dew may form on the horizontal air deflector and dew may drop.

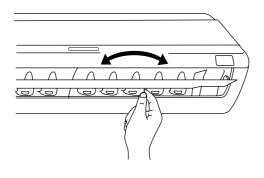






Adjustment of the conditioned air to the left and right.

Hold the vertical air deflector as shown in the figure and adjust the conditioned air to the left and right.



HOW TO EXCHANGE THE BATTERIES IN THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

1

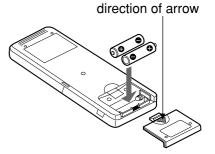
2

Remove the cover as shown in the figure and take out the old batteries.

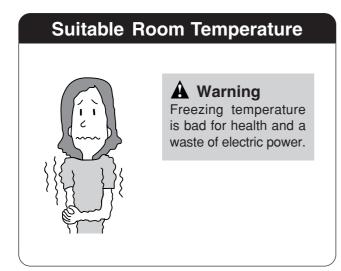
Install the new batteries. The direction of the batteries should match the marks in the case.

A CAUTION

- 1. Do not use new and old batteries, or different kinds of batteries together.
- 2. Take out the batteries when you do not use the remote controller for 2 or 3 months.



Push and pull to the



Install curtain or blinds windows.

It is possible to reduce heat entering the room through

Ventilation

A Caution Do not close the room for a long period of time. Occasionally open the door and windows to allow the entrance of

fresh air.



Do Not Forget To Clean The Air Filter

Dusty air filter will reduce the air volume and the cooling efficiency. To prevent from wasting electric energy, please clean the filter every 2 weeks.



Effective Usage Of Timer

At night, please use the "OFF or ON timer operation mode", together with your wake up time in the morning. This will enable you to enjoy a comfortable room temperature. Please use the timer effectively.



Please Adjust Suitable Temperature For Baby And Children

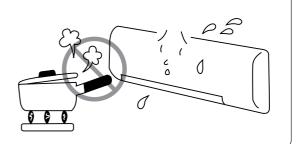
Please pay attention to the room temperature and air flow direction when operating the unit for baby, children and old folks who have difficulty in movement.



The Air Conditioner And The Heat Source In The Room

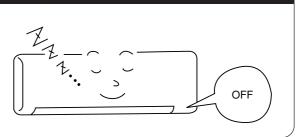
A Caution

If the amount of heat in the room is above the cooling capability of the air conditioner (for example: more people entering the room, using heating equipments and etc.), the preset room temperature cannot be achieved.



Not Operating For A Long Time

When the indoor unit is not to be used for a long period of time, please switch off the power from the mains. If the power from mains remains "ON", the indoor unit still consumes about 8W in the operation control circuit even if it is in "OFF" mode.



When Lightning Occurs

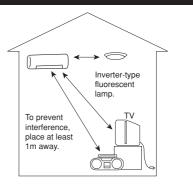
A Warning

To protect the whole unit during lightning, please stop operating the unit and remove the plug from the socket.



A Caution

To avoid noise interference, please place the indoor unit and its remote controller at least 1m away from electrical products.



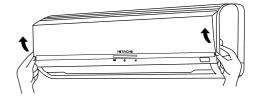
ATTACHING THE AIR CLEANSING AND DEODORIZING FILTERS

Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out only by qualified service personal. Before cleaning, stop operation and switch off the power supply.



Open the front panel.

• Pull up the front panel by holding it at both sides with both hands.





Remove the filter.

Push upward to release the claws and pull out the filter.



Attaching the air cleansing and deodorizing filters to the filter.

• Attach the air cleansing and deodorizing filters to the frame by gently compress its both sides and release after insertion into filter frame.



Claws

(4 places)

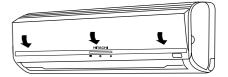




Attach the filters.

Do not bend the air cleansing and deodorizing filter as it may cause damage to the structure.

- Attach the filters by ensuring that the surface written "FRONT" is facing front.
- After attaching the filters, push the front panel at three arrow portion as shown in figure and close it.



NOTE

- In case of removing the air cleansing and deodorizing filters, please follow the above procedures.
- The cooling capacity is slightly weakened and the cooling speed becomes slower when the air cleansing and deodorizing filters are used. So, set the fan speed to "HIGH" when using it in this condition.
- Air cleansing and deodorizing filters are washable and reusable up to 20 times by using vacuum cleaner or water rinse under running tap water. Type number for this air cleansing filter is <SPX-CFH5>. Please use this number for ordering when you want to renew it.
- Do not operate the air conditioner without filter. Dust may enter the air conditioner and fault may occur.

A CAUTION

Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out only by qualified service personal. Before cleaning, stop operation and switch off the power supply.

1. AIR FILTER III

Clean the air filter, as it removes dust inside the room. In case the air filter is full of dust, the air flow will decrease and the cooling capacity will be reduced. Further, noise may occur. Be sure to clean the filter following the procedure below.

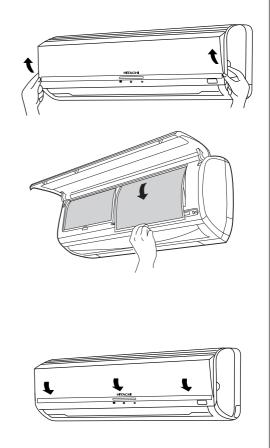
PROCEDURE

Open the front panel and remove the filter
Gently lift and remove the air cleansing and deodorizing filter from the air filter frame.

Vacuum dust from the air filter and air cleansing and deodorizing filter using vacuum cleaner. If there is too much dust, rinse under running tap water and gently brush it with soft bristle brush. Allow filters to dry in shade.



- Re-insert the air cleansing and deodorizing filter to the filter frame. Set the filter with "FRONT" mark facing front, and slot them into the original state.
- After attaching the filters, push the front panel at three arrow portions as shown in figure and close it.



NOTE:

3

• Air cleansing and deodorizing filter should be cleaned every month or sooner if noticeable loading occurs. When used overtime, it may loose its deodorizing function. For maximum performance, it is recommended to replace it every 3-6 months depending on application requirements.

A CAUTION

- Do not wash with hot water at more than 40°C. The filter may shrink.
- When washing it, shake off moisture completely and dry it in the shade; do not expose it directly to the sun. The filter may shrink.
- Do not use detergent on the air cleansing and deodorizing filter as some detergent may deteriorate the filter electrostatic performance.

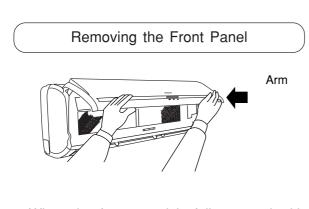
2. Washable Front Panel

 Remove the front panel and wash with clean water.
 Wash it with a soft sponge.

After using neutral detergent, wash thoroughly with clean water.

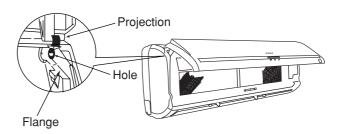
- When front panel is not removed, wipe it with a soft dry cloth. Wipe the remote controller thoroughly with a soft dry cloth.
- Wipe the water thoroughly. If water remains at indicators or signal receiver of indoor unit, it causes trouble.

Method of removing the front panel. Be sure to hold the front panel with both hands to detach and attach it.



• When the front panel is fully opened with both hands, push the right arm to the inside to release it, and while closing the front panel slightly, put it out forward.

Attaching the Front Panel



• Move the projections of the left and right arms into the **Flanges** in the unit and securely insert them into the holes.

A CAUTION

- Do not splash or direct water to the body of the unit when cleaning it as this may cause short circuit.
- Never use hot water (above 40°C), benzine, gasoline, acid, thinner or a brush, because they will damage the plastic surface and the coating.

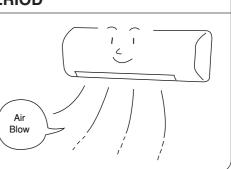


A CAUTION

Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out only by qualified service personal. Before cleaning, stop operation and switch off the power supply.

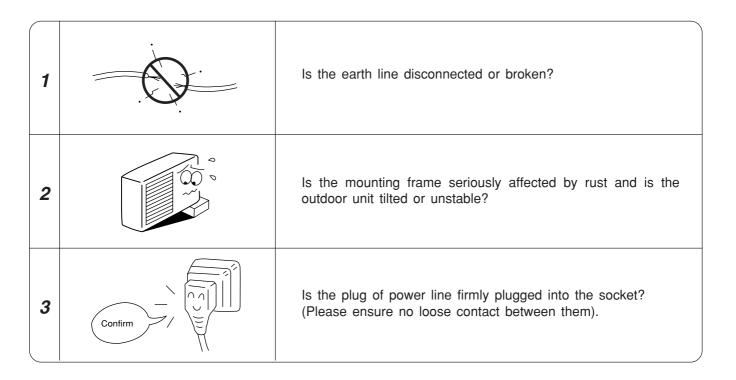
3. MAINTENANCE AT BEGINNING OF LONG OFF PERIOD

- Run the unit by setting the operation mode to (COOL), the temperature to 32°C and the fan speed to HI for about half a day on a fine day, and dry the whole of the unit.
- Switch off the power plug.



REGULAR INSPECTION

PLEASE CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS BY QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONAL EITHER EVERY HALF YEARLY OR YEARLY. CONTACT YOUR SALES AGENT OR SERVICE SHOP.



AFTER SALE SERVICE AND WARRANTY

WHEN ASKING FOR SERVICE, CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS.

CONDITION	CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS
When it does not operate	Is the fuse all right?Is the voltage extremely high or low?Is the circuit breaker "ON"?
When it does not cool well When it does not hot well	 Was the air filter cleaned? Does sunlight fall directly on the outdoor unit? Is the air flow of the outdoor unit obstructed? Are the doors or windows opened, or is there any source of heat in the room? Is the set temperature suitable?



Notes

- In quiet operation or stopping the operation, the following phenomena may occassionally occur, but they are not abnormal for the operation.
 - (1) Slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle.
 - (2) Slight rubbing noise from the fan casing which is cooled and then gradually warmed as operation stops.
- The odor will possibly be emitted from the room air conditioner because the various odor, emitted by smoke, foodstuffs, cosmetics and so on, sticks to it. So the air filter and the evaporator regularly must be cleaned to reduce the odor.
- Please contact your sales agent immediately if the air conditioner still fails to operate normally after the above inspections. Inform your agent of the model of your unit, production number, date of installation. Please also inform him regarding the fault.
- Power supply shall be connected at the rated voltage, otherwise the unit will be broken or could not reach the specified capacity.

Please note:

On switching on the equipment, particularly when the room light is dimmed, a slight brightness fluctuation may occur. This is of no consequence.

The conditions of the local Power Supply Companies are to be observed.

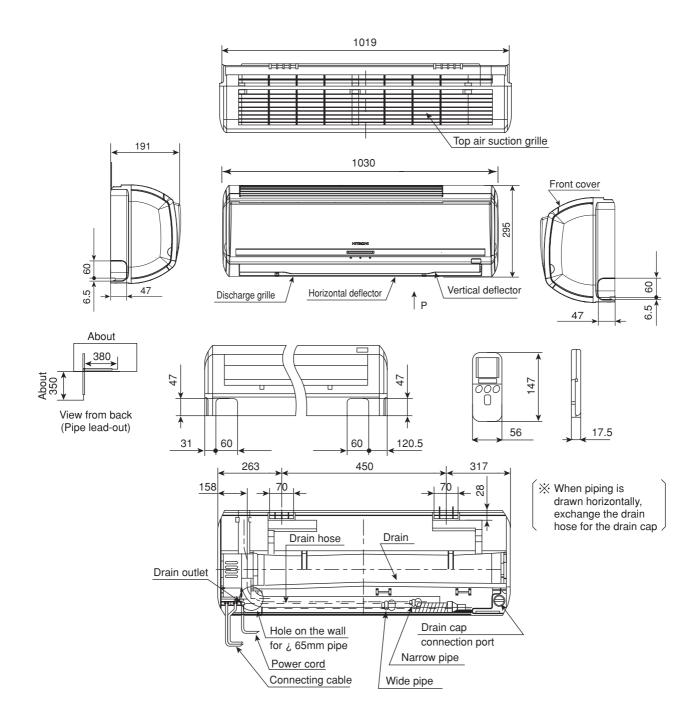
Note

 Avoid to use the room air conditioner for cooling operation when the outside temperature is below 21°C (70°F).

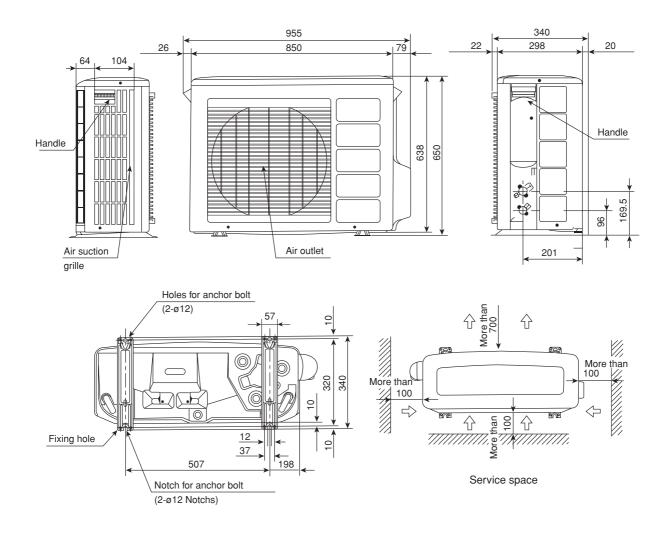
The recommended maximum and minimum operating temperatures of the hot and cold sides should be as below:

		Cooling		Heating	
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Indeer	Dry bulb °C	21	32	20	27
Indoor	Wet bulb °C	15	23	12	19
Qutdoor	Dry bulb °C	21	43	2	21
Outdoor	Wet bulb °C	15	26	1	15

CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM



CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM FOR OUTDOOR



MAIN PARTS COMPONENT

THERMOSTAT

Thermostat Specifications

MODEL		RAS-60YH5/RAC-60YH5		
THERMOSTAT MODEL		IC	;	
OPERATION MODE		COOL	HEAT	
INDICATION		ON	15.6 (60.1)	20.0 (68.0)
	TEMPERATURE INDICATION	OFF	15.3 (59.5)	20.7 (69.3)
TEMPERATURE °C (°F)		ON	23.6 (74.5)	28.0 (82.4)
	24	OFF	23.3 (73.9)	28.7 83.7)
	INDICATION	ON	31.6 (88.9)	36.0 (96.8)
32 OFF		31.3 (88.3)	36.7 (98.1)	

FAN MOTOR

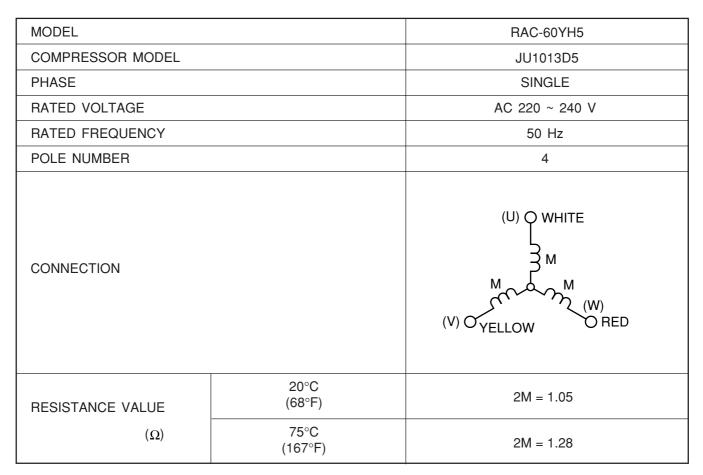
Fan Motor Specifications

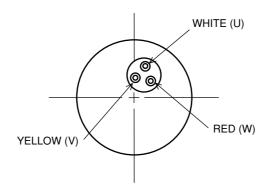
MODEL	RAS-60YH5	RAC-60YH5
POWER SOURCE	DC: 0 ~ 35V	DC360V
OUTPUT	23W	40W
CONNECTION	$35V \circ \frac{\text{RED}}{\text{OV} \circ \text{BLK}}$ $0V \circ \frac{\text{WHT}}{\text{SV} \circ \text{YEL}} \mathbf{M}$ $0 \sim 5V \circ \frac{\text{YEL}}{\text{FG} \circ \text{BLU}}$ (Control circuit built in)	360V RED 0V BLK 15V WHT 0~6V YEL 0~15V BLU

BLU : BLUE	YEL : YELLOW	BRN : BROWN	WHT : WHITE
GRY : GRAY	ORN : ORANGE	GRN: GREEN	RED : RED
BLK : BLACK	PNK : PINK	VIO : VIOLET	

COMPRESSOR MOTOR

Compressor Motor Specifications





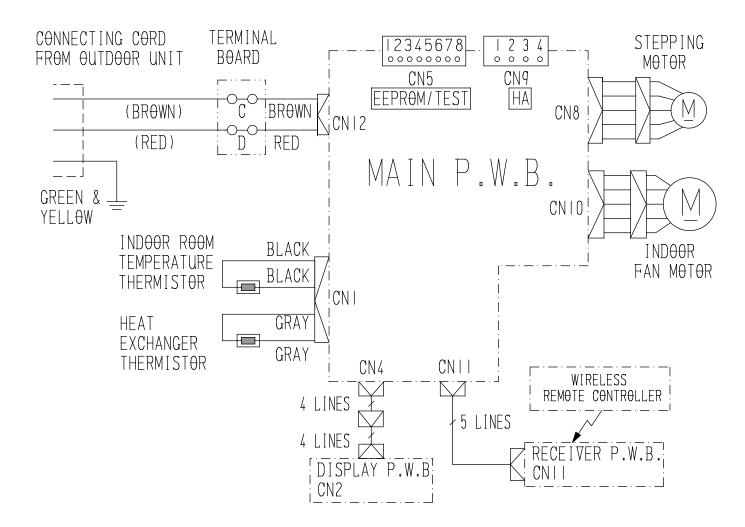
ACAUTION

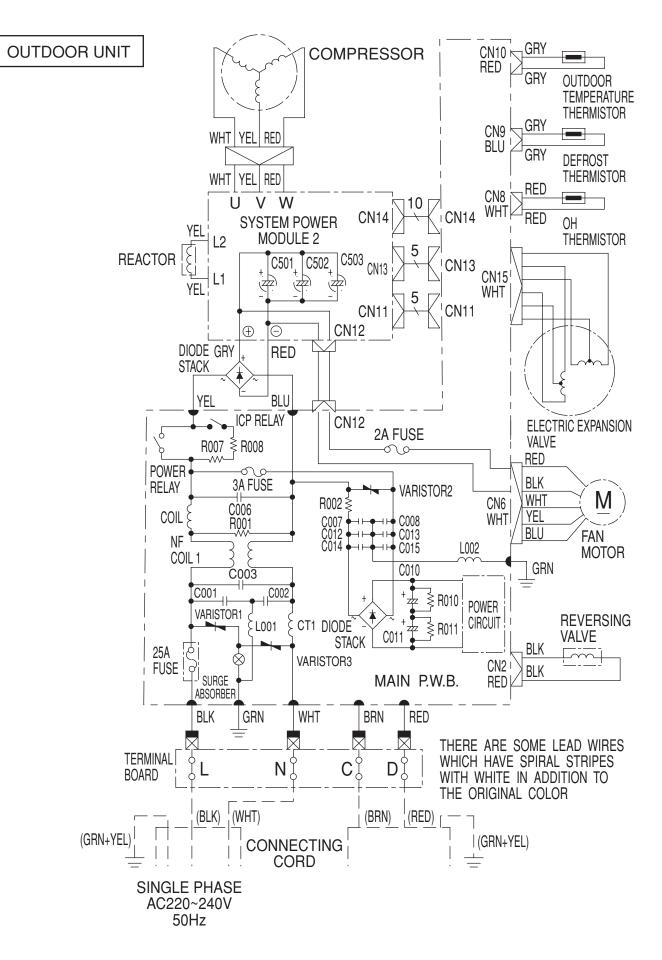
When the refrigerating cycle has been operated for a long time with the capillary tubes clogged or crushed or with too little refrigerant, check the color of the refrigerating machine oil inside the compressor. If the color has been changed conspicuously, replace the compressor.

WIRING DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-60YH5 / RAC-60YH5

INDOOR UNIT

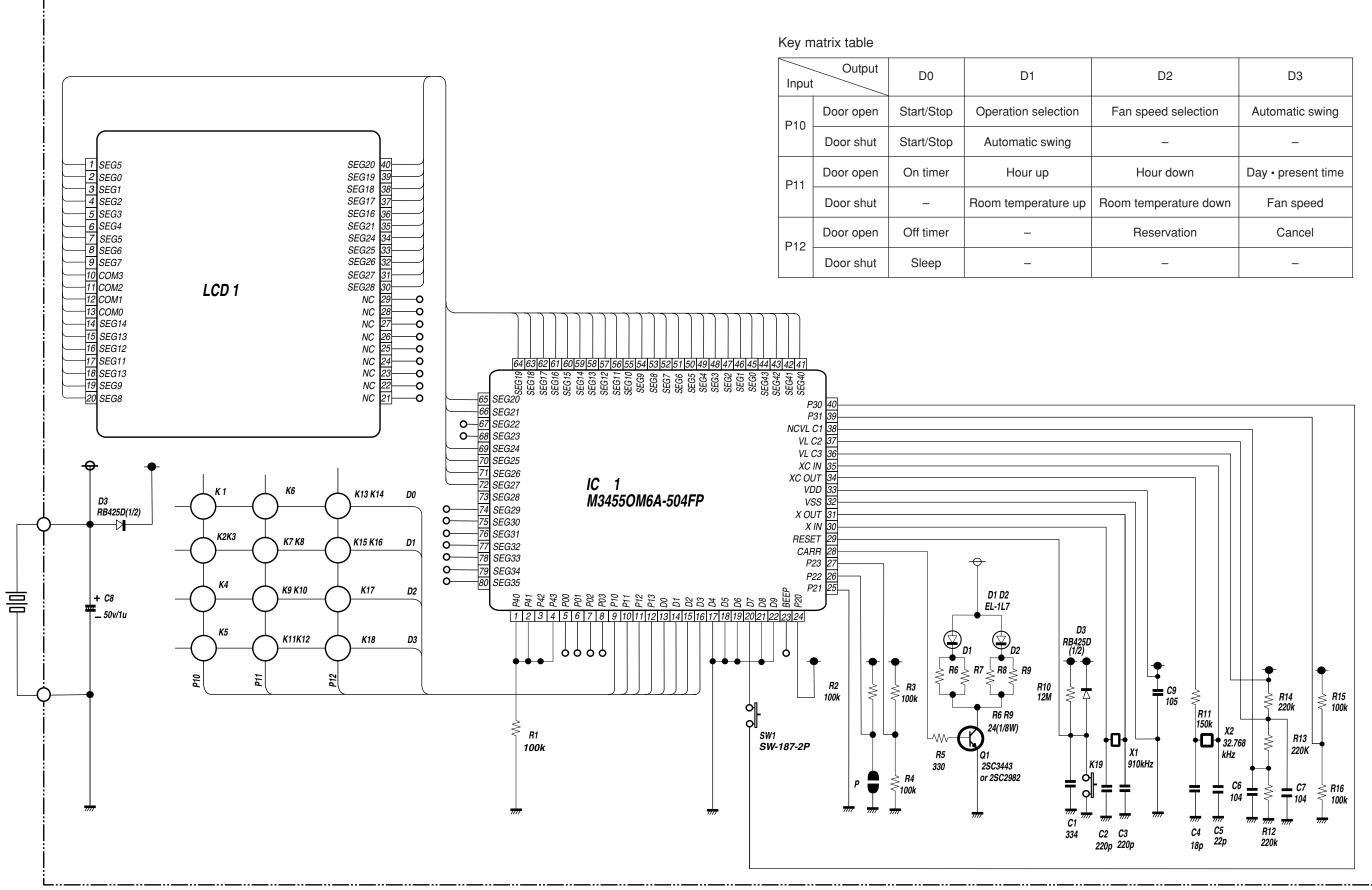




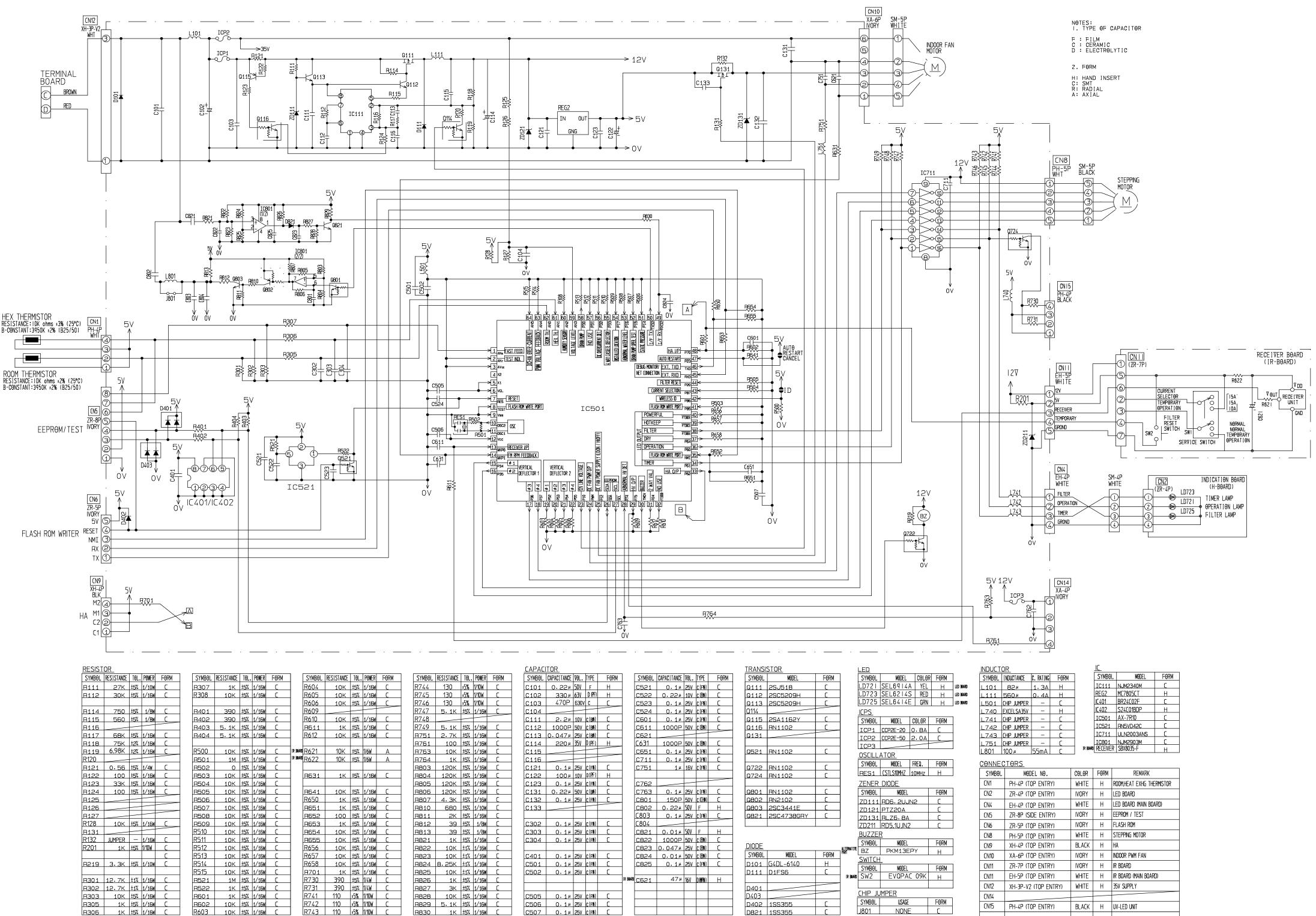
Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-p

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Remote Control



D2	D3
n speed selection	Automatic swing
_	-
Hour down	Day • present time
n temperature down	Fan speed
Reservation	Cancel
-	_



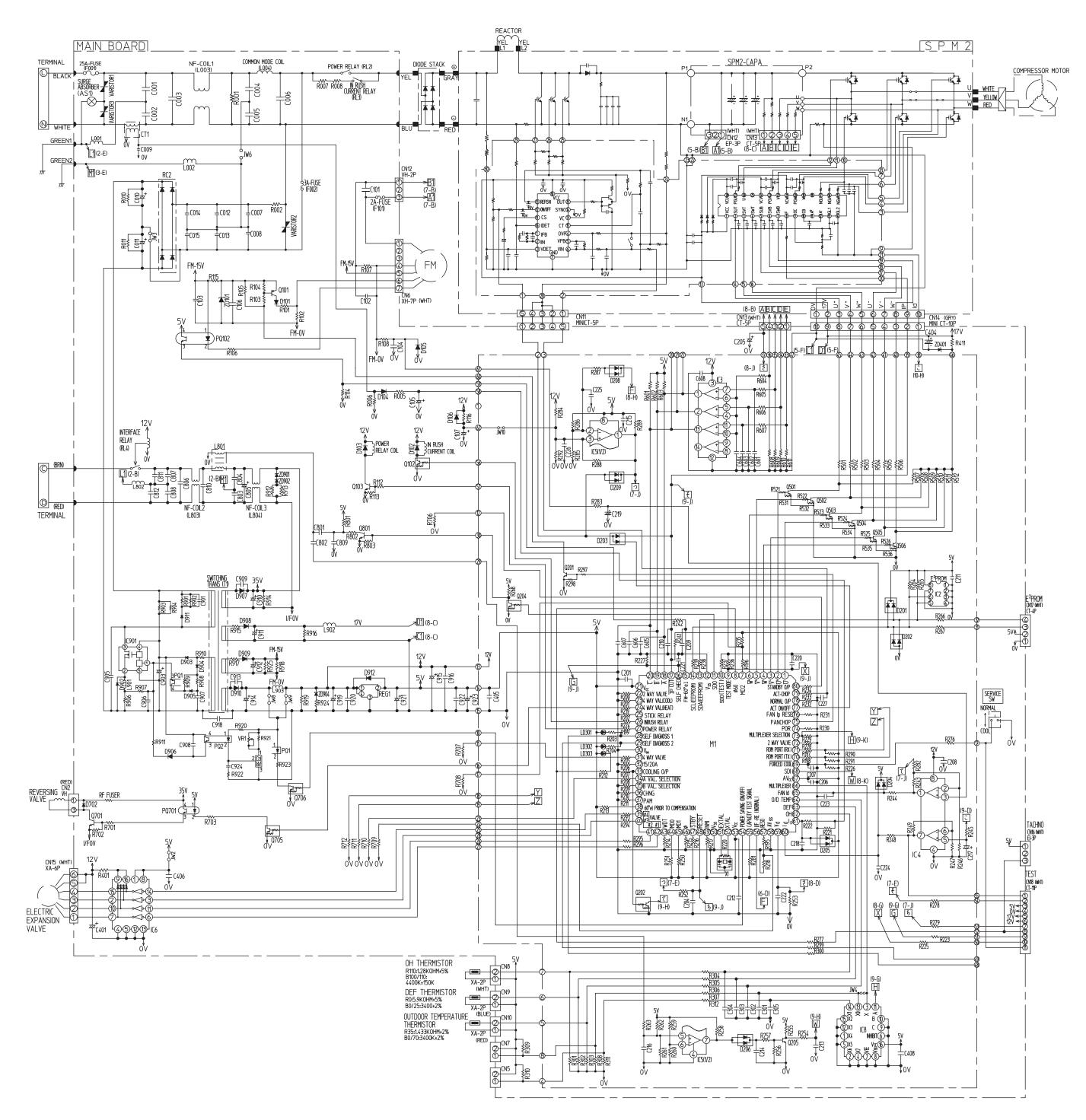
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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C601 0.1 # 25V C[F#] C C611 1000P 50V C[B#] C C621
C611 1000P 50V C(B#) C C621
C621
C631 1000P 50V clB# C C651 0.1 μ 25V clF# C C711 0.1 μ 25V clF# C C751 1 μ 16V clF# C C762
C651 O. 1 µ 25V C[F#] C C711 O. 1 µ 25V C[F#] C C751 1 µ 16V C[F#] C C762
C711 O.1 # 25V CIF# C C751 1 # 16V CIF# C C762
C751 1 µ 16V c(F#) C C762
C762
<u>C763</u> 0.1 µ 25V C(F#) C
C801 150P 50V C((##) C
C802 0.22# 50V F H
C803 0.1 / 25V c(F#) C
C804
C821 0.01# 50V F H
C822 1000P 50V (B#) C
C823 0.047 / 25V (B#) C
CB24 0.01 / 50V (B) C
$C825$ 0.1 μ 25V (F#) C
C621 47#16V DNR) H

		LED			
FM		SYMBƏL	MODEL	COLE	R FORM
		LD721	SEL6914		
		LD723	SEL62143		
		LD725	SEL6414E		
		ICPS			
		SYMB O L	M o del.	CƏLƏR	FORM
		ICP1	CCP2E-20	0.8A	C
		ICP2	CCP2E-50	2. OA	C
		ICP3			
		<u>OSCILL</u>	ATOR_		
		SYMB O L	M o del	FREQ.	FORM
		RES1	CSTLS10MHZ	10MHz	Н
		ZENER	DIODE		
		SYMB O L	M o del.		FORM
		ZD111	RD6, 2UJ	N2	C
		ZD121	PTZ20A		С
		ZD131	RLZ6.8A		C
		ZD211	RD5.1UJN2	> -	C
		BUZZER	<u>र</u>		
		SYMB O L	M o del.		FORM
) RM	ALTERNATIVE Part	ΒZ	PKM13E	ΡY	Н
1		<u>SWITCH</u>			_
		SYMB O L	M o del.		F o rm
	ir board	SW2	EVQPA	C 09K	Н
	:	<u>CHIP JU</u>	IMPER		
		SYMB o l	USAGE		F o rm
		1801		-	l r

<u>R</u>				<u> </u>		
NDUCTANCE	C. RATING	F o rm	7	SYMB O L	M O DEL.	FORM
82#	1. 3A	Н		IC111	NJM2340M	C
560#	0.4A	Н		REG2	MC7805CT	Н
HIP JUMPER	_	C		IC401	BR24C02F	C
XCELSA35V	_	H		IC402	S24C01BDP	н
HIP JUMPER	_	С		IC501	AX-7R10	C
HIP JUMPER	_	Ċ		IC521	RN5VD42C	C C
HIP JUMPER	_	Ċ		IC711	ULN2003ANS	C
HIP JUMPER	_	Ċ		IC801	NJM2903M	C
00 #	55mA	Ċ	IR BOARD	RECEIVER	SBX8035-F	Н
TORS						

SYMB o l	MƏDEL NƏ.	COLOR	FORM	REMARK
CN1	PH-4P (TOP ENTRY)	WHITE	Н	ROOM,HEAT EXHG THERMISTOR
CN2	ZR-4P (TOP ENTRY)	IVORY	Н	led board
CN4	EH-4P (TOP ENTRY)	WHITE	Н	led board (main board)
CN5	ZR-8P (SIDE ENTRY)	IVORY	Н	EEPROM / TEST
CN6	ZR-5P (TOP ENTRY)	IVORY	Н	FLASH ROM
CN8	PH-5P (TOP ENTRY)	WHITE	Н	Stepping motor
CN9	XH-4P (TOP ENTRY)	BLACK	Н	HA
CN10	XA-6P (TOP ENTRY)	IVORY	Н	INDOOR PWM FAN
CN11	ZR-7P (TOP ENTRY)	IVORY	Н	ir board
CN11	EH-5P (TOP ENTRY)	WHITE	Н	ir board (main board)
CN12	XH-3P-V2 (TOP ENTRY)	WHITE	Н	35V SUPPLY
CN14				
CN15	PH-4P (TOP ENTRY)	BLACK	Н	uv-led unit

MODEL RAC-60YH5



					IT ING			BOAR	RD : HYB	חוקו	10										
			1	R:F P:F	RADIAL	. (RI,R2) . (7.5MM PI . INSERT	(TCH)	M: M	MAIN	B O AR	D										
						TYPE															
			1	C: C F: F	ERAMI	C															
	TODC					DESIS	TODS						מחדוי	c							
	RATI	NG	MOUNTING	Ð	A RK	RESIS	RAT	-	MOUNTING	R	ARK		RATI		Component Type	TING	R	A RK]	LEDS	
MARK R001	(R) (470K 5	%)(W 5%[1/2	A I	⊒ B0ARD	REMARK	MARK R308	(R) 3.01K	(%)(W	16 C	HIC	08 REMARK	MARK C001	(uF) 0.01	(∇) 250 250	C	Ρ	B B B A R D	REMARK		MARK	M O D
R002 R005 R006	1.69K 1	5% 5 % 1/4 % 1/4	A	M M M	CEMENT	R309 R310 R311	5.1K 5.1K 10K	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 1% 1/	14 A 14 A	M	1608	C002 C003 C004	0.01	250 250/275V	F	P H	M		-	LD302 LD303	LT1D67 LT1D67
R007 R008	100 5	% 10 % 10 % 10 % 1/2	H	Μ	CEMENT CEMENT	R312	100	5% 1/	16 C	HIC	1608	C005 C006	4	400	F	/H		HITACH	1		
R010 R011	470K 5 470K 5	5% 1/2 5% 1/2	A	M		R401	100	5% 1/	'4 A	м		C007 C008 C009	0.01 0.01 0.1	250 250 250 50		P P R	M M		(RAC-50NH4 ONLY) (RAC-50NH4 ONLY)	ZENEF	R DI o e
R101		% 1/4		M		R411	JUMPER		7	7		C010 C011	100 100	250 250	D D	R R	M M			MARK	MƏD
R102 R103 R104	30K 5	% 1/4 5% 1/4 5% 1/4	A	M M M		R501 R502	1K 1K	5% 1/ 5% 1/			1608 1608	C012 C013 C014	0.01 0.01 0.01	<u>条</u> 。 条。	C C	R R R	M M		-	ZD101 ZD401	
R105 R106	7.5K 5 2.4K 5	5% 1/4 5% 1/4	A	M		R503 R504	1K 1K	5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608 1608	C015	0.01	250 250	Ċ	R	М			ZD901	HZ12C
R107 R108		% 2 5% 1/4		M		R505 R506 R507	1K 1K 5.1K	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C	HIC	1608 1608 3216	C101 C102	0.082	630	F	Н	M	-	-	ZD902 ZD904	HZ12C
7112 7113	7.5K 5	% 1/4 % 1/4	A	M		R508 R509	ll 5.1K	5% 1/8 5% 1/8 5% 1/8	8 I C	IHIC	3216	C103 C104	0.1 1000P	50 50	C	R	M				SISTOF
R114 R115 R116	1K 5	1/4	A	M M		R510 R511 R512	5.1K 5.1K 5.1K	5% 1/8 5% 1/8 5% 1/8	8 C 8 C 8 C	HIC HIC HIC	3216 3216 3216	C105 C106 C107	100 2.2	10 50		R	M	VR VR	-		
						R521 R522	10K 10K	5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608 1608									MARK Q101	MODE
7195 7196 7197	1K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608 1608 1608	R523 R524 R525		5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C	HIC	1608 1608 1608	C201 C204 C205	0.047	25 25 50		ſ	HIC	1608 1608 VR	-	Q102 Q103	DTC114 2SC324
R198 R199	1K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608	R526 R531	10K 5.1K	5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608 1608	C206 C207	0.047	25 25			IHIC	VR 1608 1608		Q201	2SC246
R200	10K 5	5% 1/10	5 C	нс	1608	R532 R533 R534	5.1K 5.1K	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608	C208 C209 C210	0.047 0.047 0.0047	25 25 50	I C	I C	IHIC	1608 1608 1608	-	Q202 Q204	RN1402
R201 R202	10K 5	% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	R535 R536	5.1K 5.1K	5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608 1608	C211 C212	0.047	25 25	Ċ	C	HIC	1608 1608 1608		Q205	2SC24
R203 R204 R205	390 5 1K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608 1608	R601	2K	5% 1/	16 C	HIC	1608	C213 C214 C215	0.047 0.068 0.047	25 16 25	I C	I C	IHIC	1608 1608 1608 1608		Q501	2SC24
R206 R207 R208	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	R602 R603 R604	2K 2K	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608 1608	C216 C217 C218	0.0047 22 0.1	50 6.3 16	I D	I C	IHIC	l wx	-	Q502 Q503 Q504	2SC24 2SC24
7209 7210	II 10K IS	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	SIC	IHIC I	1608	R605 R606	100	5% 1/ 5% 1/	<u>16 C</u> 16 C	HIC	1608 1608	C210 C219 C220	0.1 2.2 0.047	50 25	I C	I C	HIC	1608 WX 1608	1	Q505 Q506	2SC24 2SC24 2SC24
R211 R212 R213	10K 5	0% 1/10 0% 1/10 0% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	R607 R608 R609	100 4.02K 4.02K	5% 1/ 1% 1/	16 C 16 C	HIC	1608 1608	C221 C222 C223	0.1 0.1 0.01	25 16 50	C	C	HIC HIC	1608 1608 1608	-	Q701	2SC121
7214 7215	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC	1608 1608	R610 R611	4.02K 4.02K 4.02K	1% 1/1	16 C	HIC	1608	C224 C225	0.01	50 50	C	C	HIC HIC	1608 1608		Q705	DTC114
R216 R217 R218	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608	R701		5% 1/	-	-		C226 C227	0.1 2200p	16 50	I C	I C	HIC	1608 1608	-	Q706	DTC114
R219 R220	1K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	R702 R703	10K	5% 1/ 5% 1/	'4 A	M		C301	0.1	16	С	C	HIC	1608		Q801	2SC121
R221 R222 R223	10K 1 510 5 1K 5	% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HC	1608 1608	R706 R707	10K 10K	5% 1/ 5% 1/				C302 C303 C304	0.1 0.1 0.1	16 16 16		C	HIC	1608 1608	-		
R224 R225	1K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	R708 R709		K	X	F		C305	0.1	16	C	C	HIC	1608 1608		C O NNE	CTARS
R226 R227 R228	10K 5 10K 5 10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C 5 C	HIC HIC HIC	1608 1608 1608	R710 R711 R712	10K	5% 1/	4 A	M		C401	100	25	D	R	М	VR	-		
R229 R230 R231	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608					ľ.,		C404 C405	100 0.1	25 16	D C	R	HIC	1608		MARK CN2	MODEI B2P3-VI B5(7-2.3)
R232 R233	10K 5	0% 1/10 0% 1/1/		HIC	1608	R801 R802 R803	39 39 3K	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	'4 A	M		C406 C408	0.1	50	C	R		1608	-	CN6 CN8 CN9	B02B-X
R234 R235	1K 5 10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608		2001/	E 9/ 4/		M		C601	0.00048		C					CN10 CN11 CN12	B02B-X/ B02B-X/ B02B-X/ D-35329
R236 R237 R238	10K 5 100 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608 1608	R901 R902 R903	200K 820K	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	'2 A '2 A	M		C602 C603	0.00068	50 50	C C	C	HIC	2125 2125 2125 2125 2125		CN13 CN14	B2P3-VI 0-17548 1-35329
R239 R241	100 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608	R904 R906		5% 1/ 5% 2	2 A 2 P			C604 C605 C606	0.00068	50 50 50	C C	I C	ihic	2125 1608 1608	-	CN15 CN16 CN17	B06B-XA
R242 R243	II 1K 15	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5I C	HIC	1608	R907 R908	680 2.7K	5% 1/ 5% 1/	'4 A '4 A	M		C608 C608	0.001	50 50 25	C	C	HIC	1608 1608 1608		CN18	1-17548
R244 R245 R246	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 % 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608 1608 1608	R909 R910 R911	6.2	5% 1/ 5% 1/ 5% 1/	'2 A	M		C801	0.15	50	E	R	M		-		
R247 R248	3.16K 1 2K 5	% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC	1608 1608	R912 R913	270	5% 2	2 H	M		C802 C803	0.022	50 250 250	F	R P	M				
R249 R250 R251	20K 1 10K 5 10K 5	% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10		HC HC	1608 1608	R914 R915 R916	47K JUMPER 1.5K		14 A A 1 A	M		C804 C805 C806	0.01 68 0.15	<u>余</u> 0 50 50	C D F	P R R	M M	PF	-	<u> </u>	
R252 R253 R254	5.1K 5 3.32K 1 100 5	8 11/16	5I C	IHICI	1608	R917 R918	3.3 1K	5% 1 5% 1	1 P 1 P	M		C807 C808	0.01	250 250 250 50	C	P P	M M				
R254 R255 R256	2K 5	0% 1/10 0% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC	1608 1608	R919 R920 R921	3K 680	5% 1/ 5% 1/	4 A 4 A	M		C809 C810 C811	0.15			R	M		(RAC-50NH4 ONLY)	PHOTE	<u>)COUPL</u>
R257 R258 R259	3K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	R922 R923	JUMPER 1K	5% 1/	4 A			C812	0.01	250 250	Č	P	M		(RAC-50NH4 ONLY)	MARK	M O
R260 R261	10K 1	% 1/10 % 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608	R924 R925		Ħ	7	F		C901	0.01	1K	С	Н	M			PQ1 PQ2	TLP TLP
R262 R263	II 10K I1	% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5I C	HIC	1608			\square	Ŧ			C903	120	25		R				PQ102	TLP
R264 R265 R266	I 51K 15	0% 1/10 0% 1/10 0% 1/10 0% 1/10	SIC	IHIC I	1608		1					C905 C906	1000P 470p 1800p	2K 50	C C	P R R	M	LXV		P0701	TLP
R267 R268	390 5 2K 5	5% 1/16 5% 1/10	6 C D C	HIC HIC	1608 2125	ICS			ING	þ	<u>R</u> K	C907 C908 C909	1800p 0.1	50 50	Ċ	R R	M		-		
276	100 5	5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608	MARK	M O D STR-F6		TNU9M IT		REMARK	C910 C911	<u>330</u> 220	50 25	D		M	LXV		VARIA	BLE R
R277 R278 R279	100 5 100 5	0% 1/10 0% 1/10 0% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608							C912 C913 C914	330	25		R	M		-		RATI
R281	10K 5	5% 1/10	5 C	нс	1608		PQ05RD SE012N)08		M		C914 C915 C916	470 120 0.1	16 16 50	D		Μ			VR1	200 Ω ,
R282 R283 R284	1K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 2% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	IC2	S24C02		3 S	HIC		C918 C919	0.001	Æ	C				4	<u>FUSE</u>	
R285 R286	4.7K 2 5.1K 2	2% 1/10 2% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	IC4	NJM290 NJM290 NJM290	4M-TE	3 S	HIC		C920 C921	0.1 180	50 10	C	R	Μ				MOT
R287 R288 R289	51K 5	/1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	ШШ	1608 1608	IC6	M54567			M		C922 C923 C924	0.1 180 0.1	50 10 50	C D C	R R	M		-	MARK RF	UMP
7290 7291	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC	1608 1608	IC8 M1	AX-8T			нс			0.1							FUSER F001 F002	250VTLN N20SL-2
R292 R293 R294	3K 2 100 5	2% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	SURGE		TECI]		N20SL-2
R295 R296	100 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	MARK			MOUNTING		REMARK	RELA	<u>YS</u>				ای				
R297 R298 R299	10K 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	VARISTOR	1 450N	IR12D	P	M	Đ.	MAR	К	мөі	DEI	-	T MOUNTING	BARD			
						VARISTOR	3 450N	IR12D	P	M			ELAY (RL2)	G4A-1				M			
R300 R301 R302	100 5 3.74K 1 3.01K 1	5% 1/10 % 1/10 % 1/10			1608 1608	AS1	RA-102	2M-C6-Y	́Н	M		Interfac	<u>e R. (RL4)</u> R. (RL3)	FTR-F3/ FTR-F3/				M			
R303 R304	3.01K 1 100 5	<u>% 1/10</u> 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC HIC	1608 1608	<u>SWITC</u>	<u></u>				,										
R305 R306 R307	100 5	5% 1/10 5% 1/10 5% 1/10	5 C 5 C	HIC	1608 1608	MARK	M O I	DEL	MOUNTING	BOARD	REMARK										
100		, 70 11/ 10			υουδ	SW1	KSM061	2BTS	R	M	μr										

					COILS				
MƏDEL	MOUNTING	BARD	REMARK		MARK	MƏDEL	MOUNTING	BARD	REMARK
LT1D67A	-	HIC	RED		L001	FBA04MA450	Α	Μ	
LT1D67A	-	HIC	RED	1	L002	FBA04MA450	A	Μ	
	-			ł	L003	1015-20132A1	A	M	
LT1D67A	C	HIC	RED	-	L004	1AX03615-03171	Н	Μ	
	_				1.004	TD040			
]	L801	TD012	H	M	
					L802	FBA04MA450	A	M	
DI O DES					L803	CM204	A	Μ	
DIODLD	63	1		1	L804	CM137	A	М	
	12	9	REMARK		1.004	DI 04DI IA			
MƏDEL	INUO	BARD	N.		L901	BL01RN1	A	M	
	1×	Ē	2	-	L902	JUMPER	A	M	
	K	K			L903	JUMPER	A	М	
	K	K		-	CT1	PCN01906-03161	Н	м	
HZ12CPTK	Н	М			T1	TMHA010	H	M	
HZ12CPTK	Ħ	M				THINAUIU	n	11	
	+	111		1					
					0 SCIL	LAT O R			
				J			6	1	
<u>ISTORS</u>					MARK	MƏDEL	MOUNTIN	BOARD	REMARK
	ING		×		X1	CSTCV16MXJ0C3	1Ē		16MHZ
MODEL	E		REMARK				10	pine	por in i L
	Meunt	Beard	E.			De			
2SA673	R	M		1	JUMPE	<u>:RS</u>			
DTC114YSATP	R	M]			ING.		\mathbf{r}
2SC3246	R	M		1	MARK	MODEL	IĒ	BARD	REMARK
				1	MARK	MODEL	INUM	₩.	
				1	JW2	EXIST	Â	M	
2SC2462LC	C	HIC			JW3	NONE	A	M	
	\mathcal{V}	\mathcal{V}	1		JW4	CHIP JUMPER	C	HIC	
]		Crim Dorn Err	1	1	
RN1402	C	HIC			JW6	NONE	A	M	
2SC2462LC	C	HIC							
					JW8	EXIST	A	Μ	
					JW9	NONE	A	M	
					JW10	CHIP JUMPER	C	HIC	
2SC2462LC	C	HIC							
2SC2462LC	C	HIC							
2SC2462LC	C	HIC							
2SC2462LC	C	HIC		4	DIƏDE	.c			
2SC2462LC	C	HIC				<u></u>			
2SC2462LC	C	HIC		-			ING		¥
	-	-			MARK	MƏDEL	MOUNTI	Beard	REMARK
2004/077		-		-					22
2SC1214CTZ	R	M			D101	1N4936	A	Μ	
		M			D102	1N4148	A	Μ	
DTC114YSATP DTC114YSATP	R	M	<u> </u>	1	D103	1N4148	A	M	\square
DICTIATSATE	R	111			D104	1N4148	Α	Μ	
	+	+		ł	D105	1N4148	Α	Μ	\vdash
2SC1214CTZ	R	М			D106				
	1	1 n	-	1	⊢ – –				\vdash
	1	+	<u> </u>	1	D201	HSM2838CTR	С	HIC	\vdash
	-	-		1					
					D202 D203	HSM2836CTL HSM2836CTL		HIC HIC	\vdash
					D205	HSM2838CTR		HIC HIC	\vdash
					D204 D205	HSM2838CTR		HIC	
TORS					D205	HSM2838CTR		HIC	
	ING		\mathbf{x}		0200	TISHZOJOCTK	C		
MODEL	IN	Beard	REMARK		D208	HSM2838CTR	С	HIC	
MODEL	₽	B	1		D200	HSM2838CTR		HIC	
32P3-VH-R	H	M					-		
35(7-2.3)B-XH-A	H	М							\vdash
302B-XASK-1N	H	Μ			D702	1N4148	Α	М	\square
B02B-XAEK-1	Н	Μ							\square
302B-XARK-1	H	Μ							\square
)-353297-5	Н	Μ			D902	1N4148	Α	М	\square
32P3-VH	Н	Μ			D903	RMPG06G	A	M	
)-175487-5	Н	Μ			D904	RMPG06G	A	M	\vdash
1-353297-0	Н	Μ			D905	1N4148	A	M	
B06B-XASK-1N	Н	Μ			D906	1N4148	A	M	
	\mathbb{Z}	\mathbb{Z}			D907	RN3Z-N	H	M	
0-175487-4	Н	Μ			D908	1N4936	A	M	
1-175487-1	Н	Μ			D909	1N4936	A	М	
	1	1 1			D010	DI/34		M	

) I O DE	S		_	
MARK	MƏDEL	MOUNTING	Beard	REMARK
D101	1N4936	A	Μ	
D102	1N4148	A	М	
D103	1N4148	A	М	
D104	1N4148	A	Μ	
D105	1N4148	A	Μ	
D106		∇	\bigtriangledown	
		-		
D201	HSM2838CTR	<u> </u> C	HIC	
D202	HSM2836CTL		HIC	
D203	HSM2836CTL		HIC	
D204	HSM2838CTR		HIC	
D205	HSM2838CTR		HIC	
D206	HSM2838CTR	C	HIC	
0000		-	нс	
D208 D209	HSM2838CTR HSM2838CTR		HIC	
D209	HSM2030LTR		HIL	
		-		
D702	1N4148	A	М	
0102	1111110		<u> </u>	
D902	1N4148	A	Μ	
D903	RMPG06G	A	Μ	
D904	RMPG06G	A	Μ	
D905	1N4148	A	Μ	
D906	1N4148	A	Μ	
D907	RN3Z-N	H	Μ	
D908	1N4936	A	Μ	
D909	1N4936	A	Μ	
D910	RK36	A	Μ	
D911	RU1P	A	Μ	
D912	1N4148	A	Μ	

RC2 D3SBA60 H M

PHOTO	COUPLERS			
MARK	MƏDEL	MOUNTING	B O ARD	REMARK
PQ1	TLP521-1	Н	Μ	
PQ2	TLP521-1	Н	Μ	
PQ102	TLP521-1	Н	Μ	
PQ701	TLP521-1	Н	Μ	
•				

TARIABLE RESISTOR RATING RATING

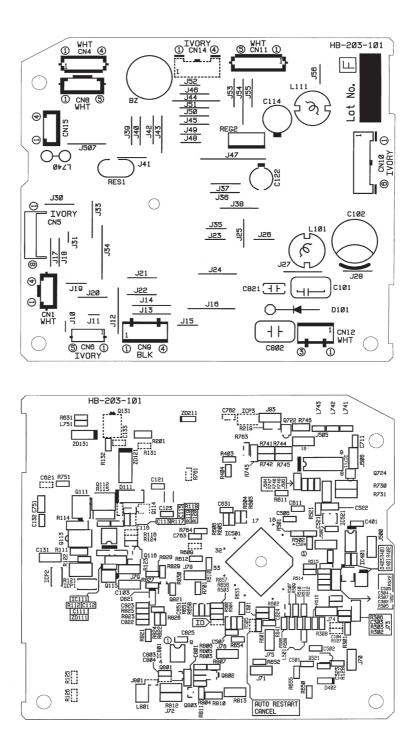


<u>FUSE</u>				
MARK	MƏDEL	MOUNTING	BOARD	REMARK
RF FUSER	JUMPER	А	Μ	
F001	250VTLNC25A	Н	Μ	250V,25A
F002	N20SL-250-3A	Н	Μ	250V, 3A
F101	N20SL-250-2A	Н	Μ	250V, 2A

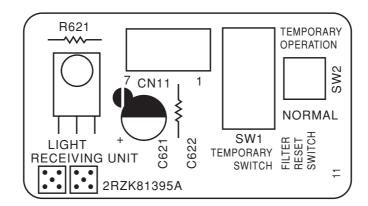
PRINTED WIRING BOARD LOCATION DIAGRAM

MAIN P.W.B.

Marking on P.W.B.



COMPONENT SIDE

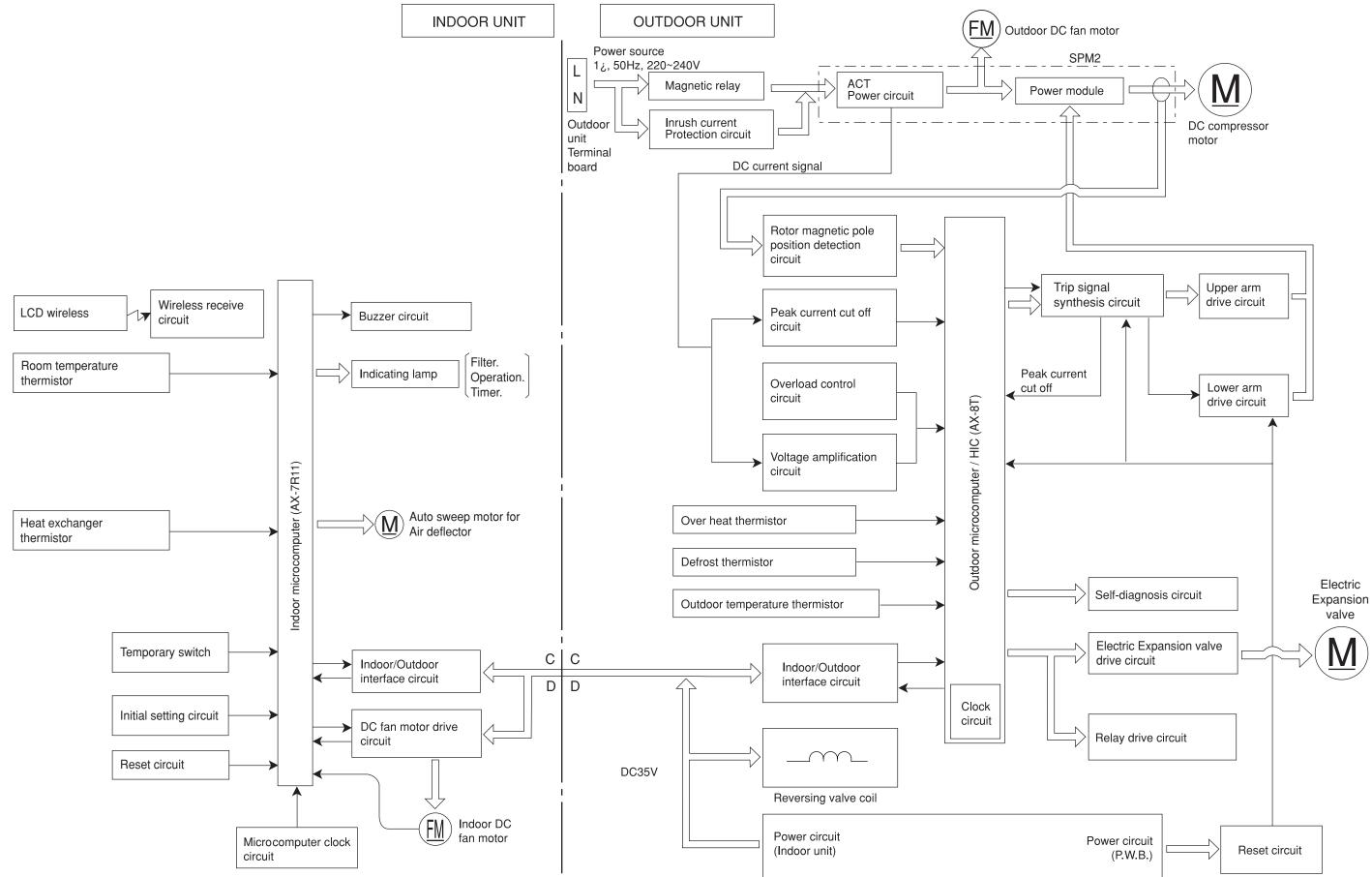


SOLDERING SIDE

RECEIVING P.W.B.

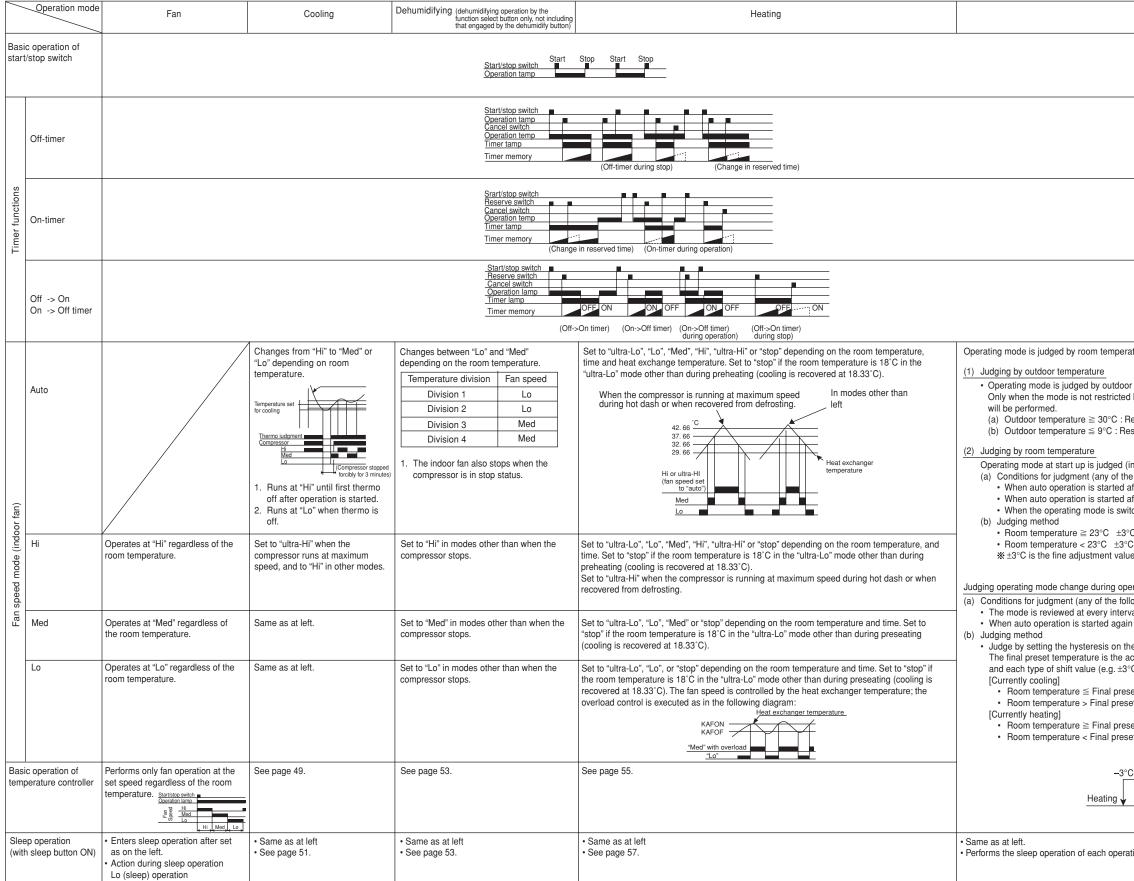
Marking on P.W.B.

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.ht



Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondi

BASIC MODE

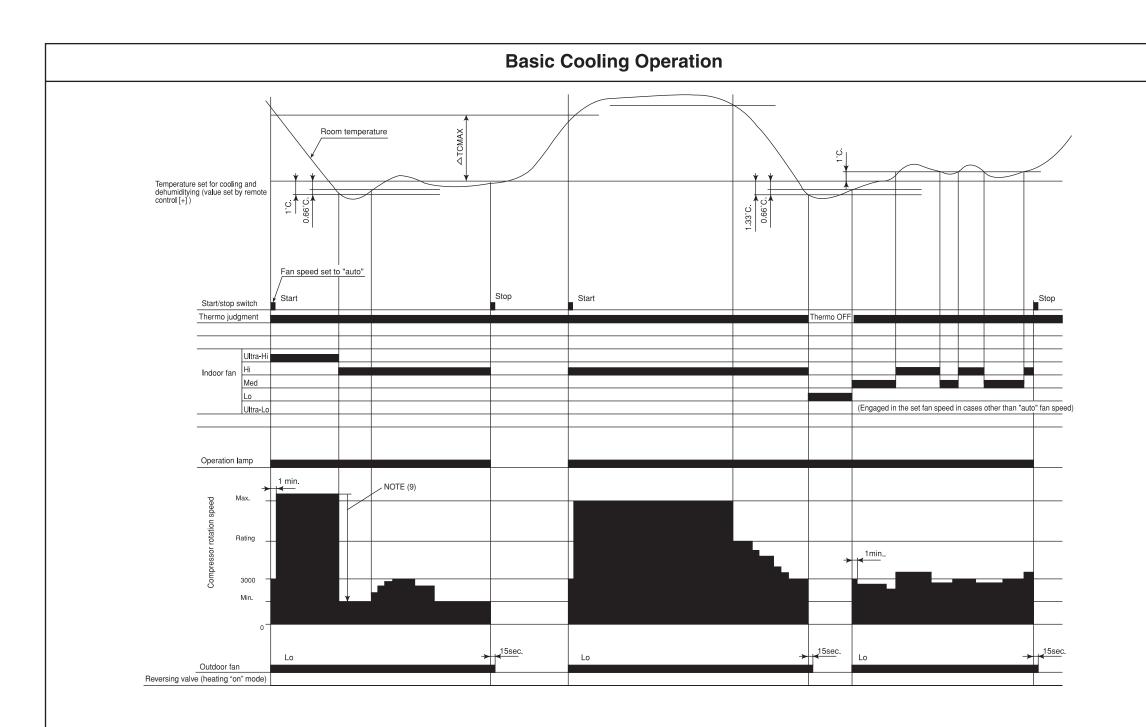


Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

Auto

ature and outdoor temperature.				
r temperature. by this judgment, the judgmen	t by room tem	perature in the	next paragra	aph
estricted to cooling stricted to heating				
nitial judgment) e followings) Ifter 1 hour has elapsed since t Ifter the previous manual mode tched to auto while operating at	operation.			
C · Cooling	Room -temperature 22°C		oling	
eration (Continuous judgment) owings) val time.		9°C	30°C	Outdoor temperature
before 1 hour has elapsed sin	ce the operation	on was stoppe	d.	
e final preset temperature. ctually targeted preset tempera C by remote controller, preset t et temperature -3°C Change to	temperature co			
et temperature -3°C Continue of temperature +2°C Change to				
et temperature +2°C Continue h	neating			
2		Cooling		
final preset tempe	rature	+2°C		
tion mode.				

	RAS-60YH5	
LABEL NAME	VALUE	
WMAX	6300 min ⁻¹	
WMAX2	6300 min ⁻¹	
WSTD	5900 min ⁻¹	
WBEMAX	3600 min ⁻¹	
СМАХ	6300 min ⁻¹	
CMAX2	6300 min ⁻¹	
CSTD	5850 min ⁻¹	
СКҮМАХ	4550 min ⁻¹	
CJKMAX	3700 min ⁻¹	
CBEMAX	3000 min ⁻¹	
WMIN	1200 min ⁻¹	
CMIN	1500 min ⁻¹	
STARTMC	60 Seconds	
DWNRATEW	80%	
DWNRATEC	80%	
SHIFTW	3.33°C	
SHIFTC	0.33°C	
CLMXTP	30.00°C	
YNEOF	28.00°C	
TEION	2.00°C	
TEIOF	9.00°C	
SFTDSW	1.00°C	
DFTIM1	45 Minutes	
DFTIM2	60 Minutes	

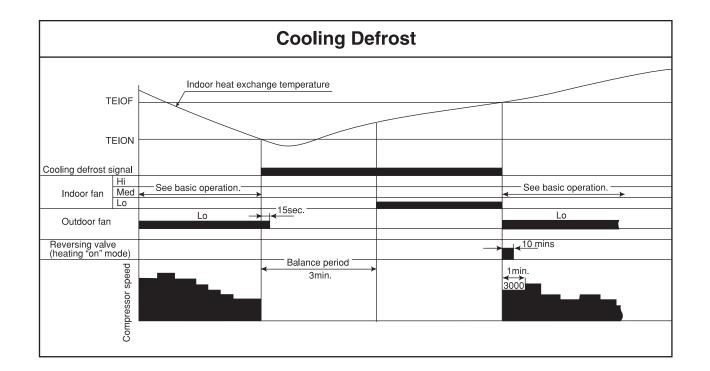


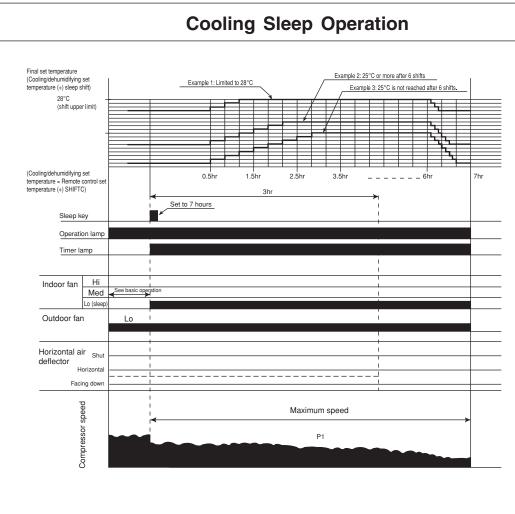
Notes:

- (1) Condition for entering into Cool Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto mode" and temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor rpm (calculated value in Table 2) larger than WMAX.
- (2) Cool Dashed will release when i) a maximum 25 minutes is lapsed and ii) room temperature is lower than set temperature -3°C (thermo off) and iii) when room temperature has achieved setting temperature -1°C then maximum Cool Dashed time will be revised to 20 minutes. And iv) indoor fan is set to Lo and Med fan mode and v) change operation mode.
- (3) During Cool Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) -3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
- (4) Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
- (5) During normal cooling mode, compressor maximum rpm CMAX will maintain for 60 minutes if indoor temperature is lower than CLMXTP. No time constrain if indoor temperature is higher than CLMXTP.
- (6) When fan is set to "Hi", compressor rpm will be limited to CKYMAX.
- (7) When fan is set to "Med", compressor rpm will be limited to CJKMAX.
- (8) When fan is set to "Lo", compressor rpm will be limited to CBEMAX.
- (9) During Cool Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature -1°C compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEC.

Table 2 $\Delta TCMAX$

Temperature	Calculated
difference	compressor rpm
1.66	2265 min ⁻¹
2	2435 min ⁻¹
2.33	2600 min ⁻¹
2.66	2765 min ⁻¹
3	2935 min ⁻¹
3.33	3100 min ⁻¹
	3265 min ⁻¹
3.66	
4	3435 min ⁻¹
4.33	3600 min ⁻¹
4.66	3765 min ⁻¹
5	3935 min ⁻¹
5.33	4100 min ⁻¹
5.66	4265 min ⁻¹
6	4435 min⁻¹
6.33	4600 min ⁻¹
6.66	4765 min⁻¹
7	4935 min⁻¹
7.33	5100 min⁻¹
7.66	5265 min⁻¹
8	5435 min ⁻¹
8.33	5600 min ⁻¹
8.66	5765 min⁻¹
9	5935 min⁻¹
9.33	6100 min ⁻¹
9.66	6265 min ⁻¹
10	6435 min⁻¹
10.33	6600 min ⁻¹
10.66	6765 min ⁻¹
11	6935 min ⁻¹



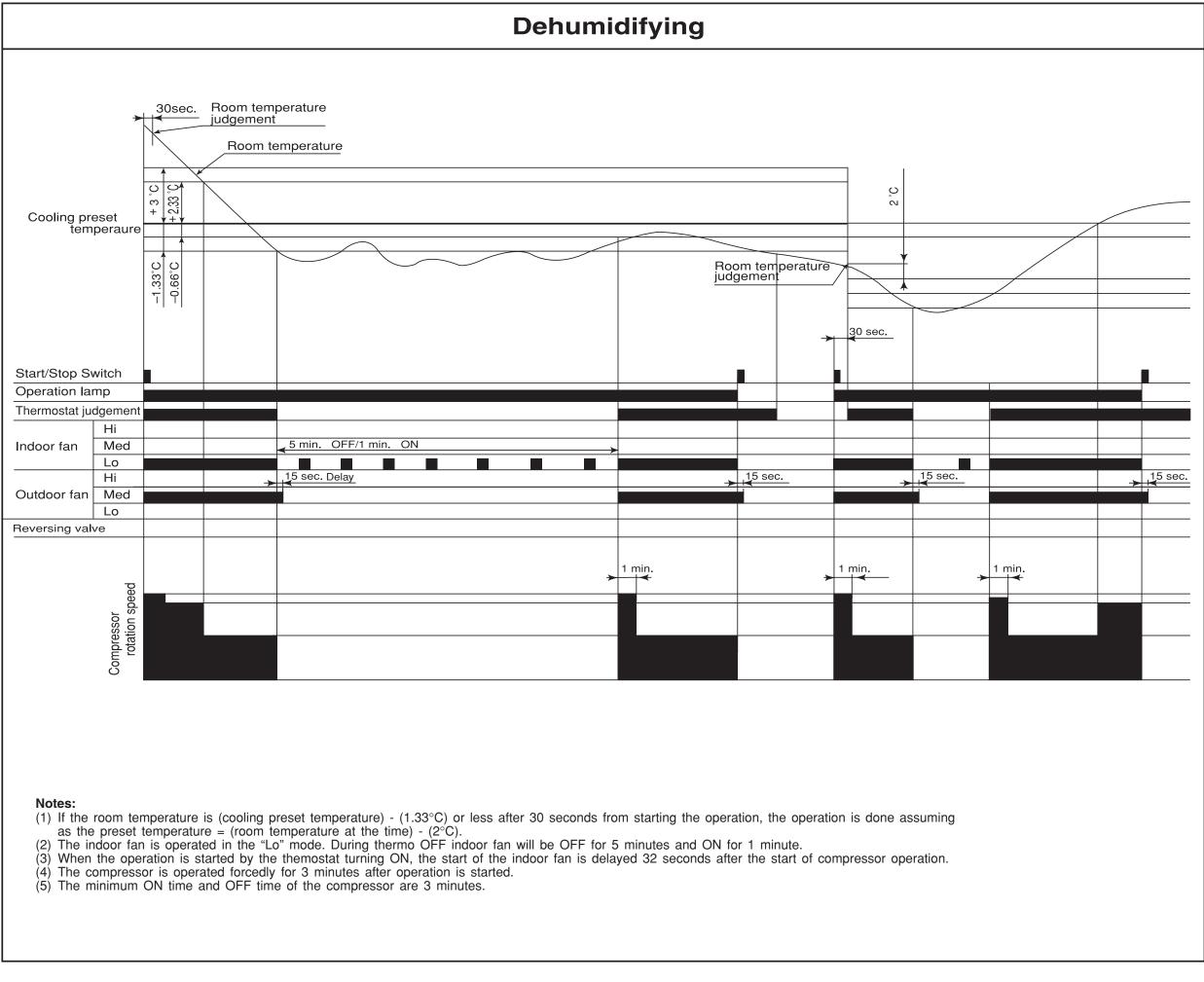


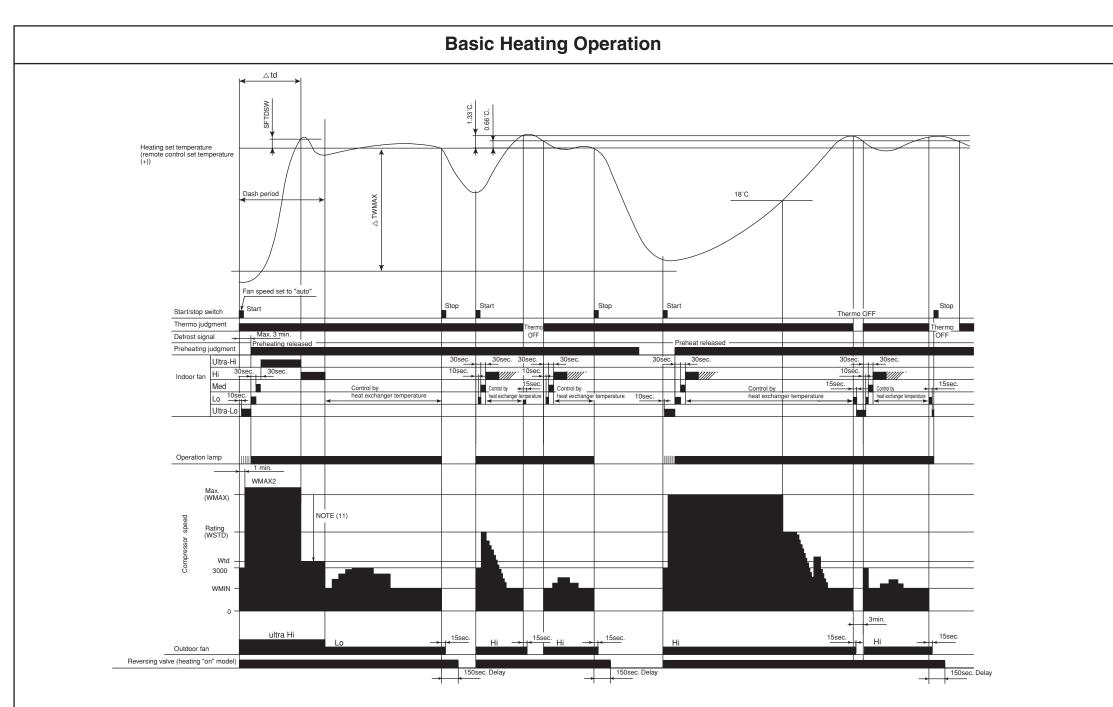
Notes:

- (1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.
- When the sleep key is set, the maximum compressor speed is limited, and the indoor fan is set to "sleep Lo". (2)
- (3) 30 minutes after the sleep key is set, the sleep shift of temperature starts, and upper shift is made at least 6 times. If 25°C is not reached after 6 shifts, shifts repeat unit 25°C is reached.
- The sleep shift upper value of set temperature is 28°C. (4)
- After 6 hours, a shift down to the initial set temperature is made at a rate of 0.33°C/5 min. (5)
- (6) when switching is made.
- The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed. (7)
- (8)
 - counted.
- (9) If the set lime is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and restarted.
- (10) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key, all data is cleared.

If the operation mode is changed during sleep operation, the set temperature is cleared, and shift starts from the point

When operation is stopped during sleep operation, the set temperature when stopped, as well as the time, continue to be





Notes:

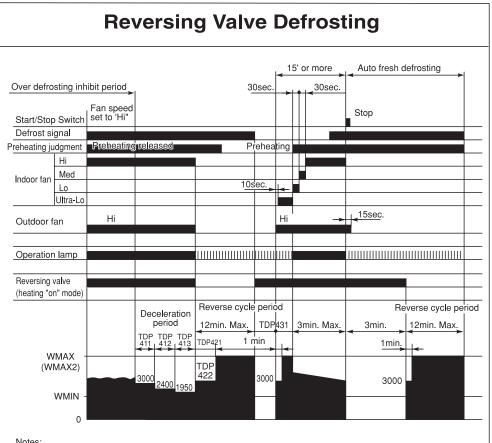
- (1) Condition for entering into Hot Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto mode" and i) Indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, and ii) outdoor temperature is lower than 10°C, and iii) Temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor rpm (calculated value in Table 3) larger than WMAX.
- (2) Hot Dashed will release when i) Room temperature has achieved the set temperature + SFTDSW. ii) Thermo off.
- (3) During Hot Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) +3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
- (4) Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
- (5) During normal heating mode, compressor maximum rpm WMAX will maintain for 120 minutes if indoor temperature is higher than 18°C. No time limit constrain if indoor temperature is lower than 18°C and outdoor temperature is lower than 2°C.
- (6) During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, indoor operation lamp will blink at interval of 3 seconds "ON" and 0.5 second "OFF".
- (7) When heating mode starts, it will enter into Hotkeep mode if indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than YNEOF + 0.33°C.
- (8) When fan is set to "Med" or "Lo", compressor rpm will be limited to WBEMAX.
- (9) In "Ultra-Lo" fan mode, if indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, indoor fan will stop. If indoor temperature is higher than 18°C + 0.33°C, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode. During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode.
- (10) During Hot Dashed or outdoor temperature is lower than -5°C, compressor rpm is WMAX2.
- (11) During Hot Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature + SFTDSW compressor rpm is actual rpm x DWNRATEW.

Table 3 $\Delta TWMAX$

Temperature	Calculated
difference	compressor rpm
1.66	1965 min ⁻¹
2	2135 min⁻¹
2.33	2300 min ⁻¹
2.66	2465 min⁻¹
3	2635 min ⁻¹
3.33	2800 min ⁻¹
3.66	2965 min ⁻¹
4	3135 min ⁻¹
4.33	3300 min ⁻¹
4.66	3465 min ⁻¹
5	3635 min ⁻¹
5.33	3800 min ⁻¹
5.66	3965 min ⁻¹
6	4135 min ⁻¹
6.33	4300 min ⁻¹
6.66	4465 min ⁻¹
7	4635 min ⁻¹
7.33	4800 min ⁻¹
7.66	4965 min ⁻¹
8	5135 min ⁻¹
8.33	5300 min ⁻¹
8.66	5465 min ⁻¹
9	5635 min ⁻¹
9.33	5800 min ⁻¹
9.66	5965 min ⁻¹
10	6135 min ⁻¹
10.33	6300 min ⁻¹
10.66	6465 min ⁻¹
11	6635 min ⁻¹

Notes:

1. See the data in Table 1 on page 47 for each constant in capital letters in the diagrams.



Notes:

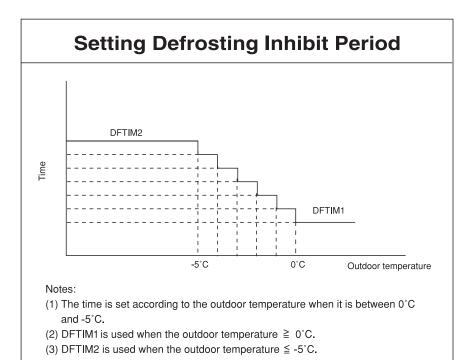
(1) The defrosting inhibit period is set as shown in the diagram below. When defrosting has finished once, the inhibit period is newly set, based on the outdoor temperature when the compressor was started. During this period, the defrost signal is not accepted.

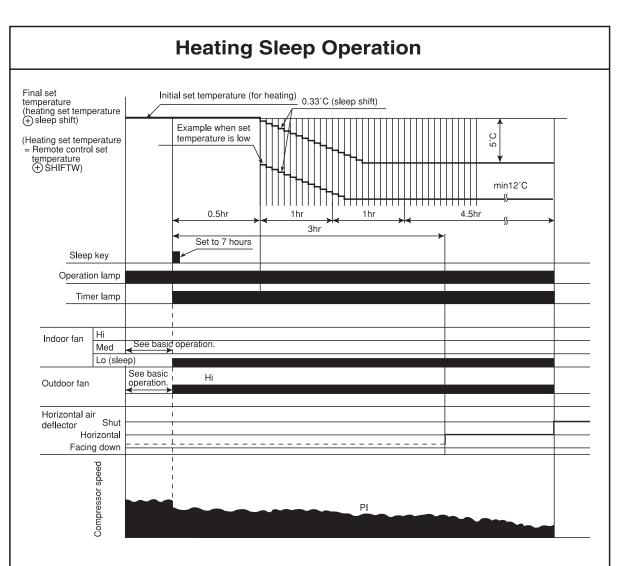
(2) If the difference between the room and outdoor temperature is large when defrosting is finished, the maximum compressor speed (WMAX) or (WMAX2) can be continued for 120 minutes maximum.

(3) The defrosting period is 12 minutes maximum.

(4) When operation is stopped during defrosting, it is switched to auto refresh defrosting.

(5) Auto refresh defrosting cannot be engaged within 15 minutes after operation is started or defrosting is finished.





Notes:

(1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep key is pressed.

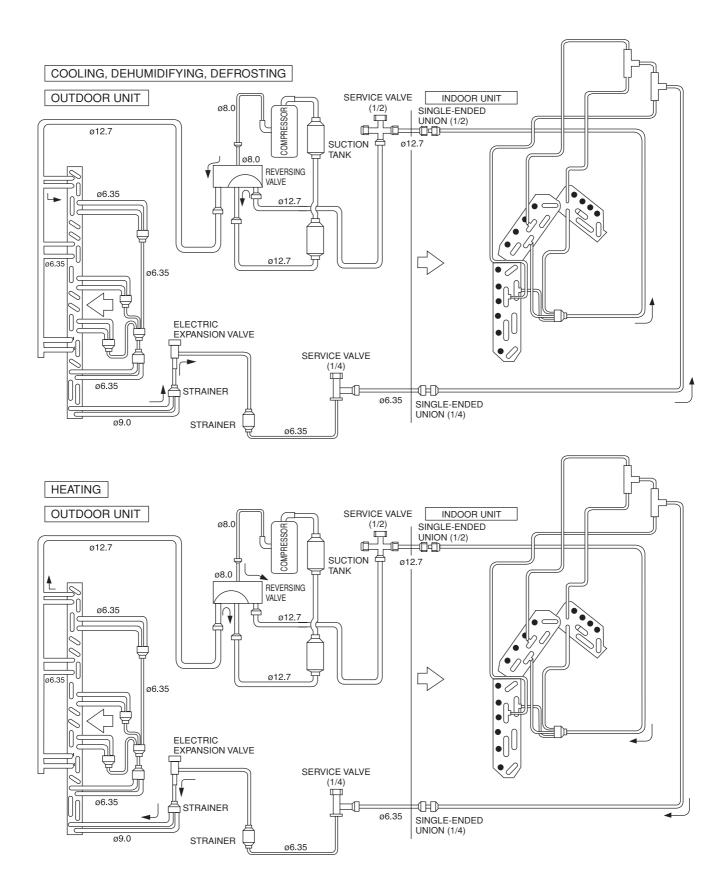
- When the sleep key is set, the maximum compressor speed is limited to WSTD+2000/2, and the indoor fan is set (2) to "sleep Lo".
- 30 minutes after the sleep key is set, the sleep shift of set temperature starts. (3)
- The maximum sleep shift of set temperature is 5°C, and the minimum is 12°C. (4)
- (5) If the operation mode is changed during sleep operation, the changed operation mode is set and sleep control
- starts. (6)The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed mode is changed. (Lo)

When defrosting is to be set during sleep operation, defrosting is engaged and sleep operation is restored after (7) defrosting (8) When operation is stopped during sleep operation, the set temperature when stopped, as well as the time, continue to be counted.

- If the set time is changed during sleep operation, all data including set temperature, time, etc. is cleared and (9) restarted.
- (10) If sleep operation is canceled by the cancel key or sleep key, all data is cleared.

REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-60YH5 / RAC-60YH5



INPUT SIGNAL	OPERATION				
					REFERENCE
			AIR DEFLECTOR		
KEY INPUT	STOP	EACH MODE	STOP	ONE SWING (CLOSING AIR DEFLECTOR) (1) DOWNWARD (2) UPWARD	INITIALIZE AT NEXT OPERATION.
			DURING ONE SWING	STOP AT THE MOMENT.	
		AUTO COOL COOL FAN AUTO DRY	STOP	START SWINGING ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD ③ DOWNWARD	
	DURING	5	DURING SWINGING	STOP AT THE MOMENT.	
	OPERATION	AUTO HEAT HEAT CIRCULATOR	STOP	START SWINGING ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD ③ DOWNWARD	
			DURING SWINGING	STOP AT THE MOMENT.	
THERMO. ON (INTERNAL FAN ON)		AUTO DRY DRY	TEMPORARY STOP	START SWING AGAIN.	
RMO. ON ERNAL FAN	DUHING OPERATION	AUTO HAET HEAT CIRCULATOR	DURING SWINGING	STOP SWINGING TEMPORARILY. (SWING MODE IS CLEARED IF SWING COMMAND IS TRANSMITTED DURING TEMPORARY STOP.)	
MAIN SWITCH	STOP	COOL FAN DRY	STOP DURING ONE SWING	INITIALIZE ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD	
		HEAT CIRCULATOR	stop During one swing	INITIALIZE ① DOWNWARD	
MAIN SWITCH OFF	DURING OPERATION	EACH MODE	stop During Swinging During Initializing	ONE SWING (CLOSING AIR DEFLECTOR) ① DOWNWARD ② UPWARD	INITIALIZE AT NEXT OPERATION.
			STOP	INITIALIZING CONDITION OF EACH MODE.	
CHANGE OF OPERATION	DURING OPERATION	EACH MODE	DURING SWINGING	STOP SWINGING AND MODE BECOMES INITIALIZING CONDITION.	

DESCRIPTION OF MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION

1. Reset Circuit

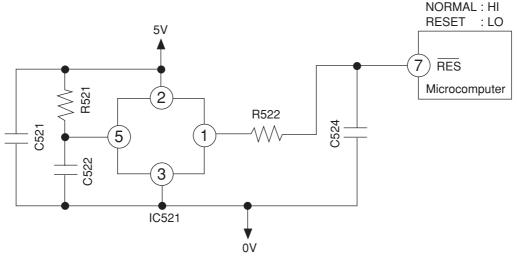


Fig. 1-1

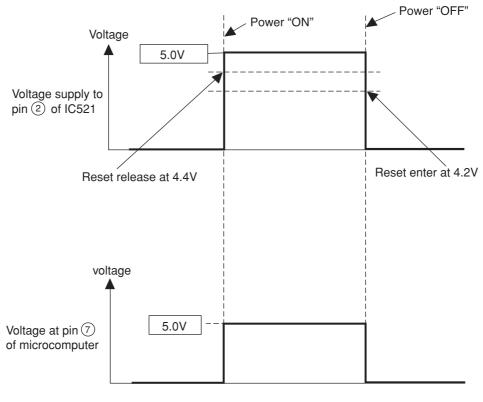


Fig. 1-2

- The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when power is ON or OFF.
- Low voltage at pin (7) resets the microcomputer and Hi activates the microcomputer.
- When power "ON" 5V voltage rises and reaches 4.4V, pin (1) of IC521 is set to "Hi". At this time the microcomputer starts operation.
- When power "OFF" voltage drops and reaches 4.2V, pin ① of IC521 is set to "Low". This will RESET the microcomputer.

2. Receiver Circuit

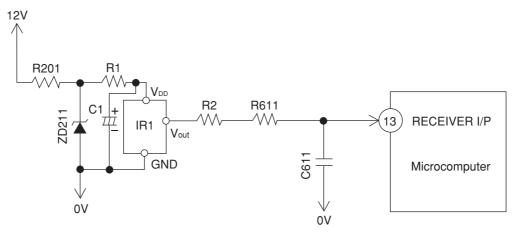
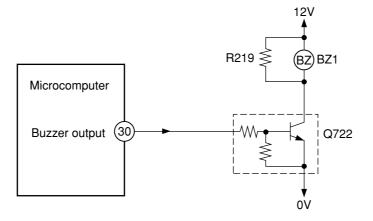
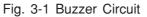


Fig. 2-1

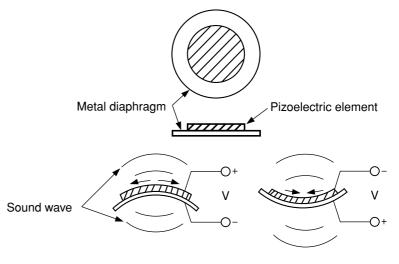
• The light receiver unit receives the infrared signal from the wireless remote control. The receiver amplifies and shapes the signal and outputs it.

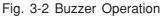
3. Buzzer Circuit



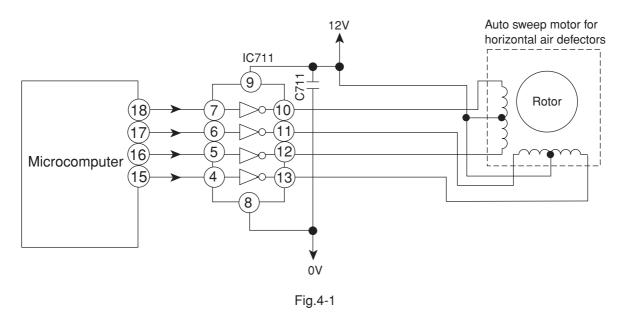


• When the buzzer sounds, an approx. 3.9kHz square signal is output from buzzer output pin ③ of the microcomputer. After the amplitude of this signal has been set to 12Vp-p by a transistor, it is applied to the buzzer. The piezoelectric element in the buzzer oscillates to generate the buzzer's sound.





4. Auto Sweep Motor Circuit



• Fig. 4-1 shows the Auto sweep motor drive circuit; the signals shown in Fig.4-2 are output from pins (15) - (18) of microcomputer.

Microcomputer pins			Step w	idth			lorizontal lectors: 1	
Horizontal air deflectors	1	 2 	 3 	 4 	 5 	 6 	7	8
(15)					 	 		
(16)			 	 	 	 		
(17)		 		 				
(18)		 		 	 			

Fig.4-2 Microcomputer Output Signals

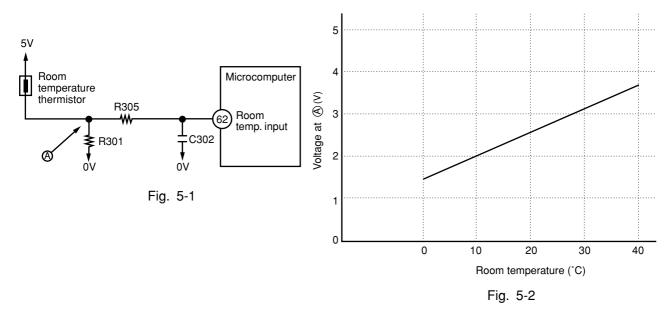
• As the microcomputer's outputs change as shown in Fig.4-2, the core of the auto sweep motor is excited to turn the rotor. Table 4-1 shows the rotation angle of horizontal air deflectors.

Table 4-1 Auto sweep Motor Rotation

	Rotation angle per step (°)	Time per step (ms.)
Horizontal air deflectors	0.0882	10

5. Room Temperature Thermistor Circuit

- Fig. 5-1 shows the room temperature thermistor circuit.
- The voltage at (A) depends on the room temperature as shown in Fig. 5-2.



6. Heat exchanger temperature thermistor circuit

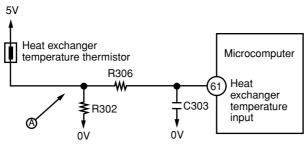


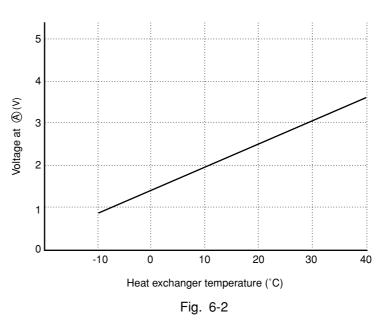
Fig. 6-1

- The circuit detects the indoor heat exchanger temperature and controls the following.
 - (1) Preheating.

(2) Low-temperature defrosting during cooling and dehumidifying operation.

(3) Detection of the reversing valve non-operation or heat exchanger temperature thermistor open.

The voltage at (A) depends on the heat exchanger temperature as shown in Fig. 6-2.



7. Initial Setting Circuit (IC401)

- When power is supplied, the microcomputer reads the data in IC401 or IC402 (E²PROM) and sets the preheating activation value and the rating and maximum speed of the compressor, etc. to their initial values.
- Data of self-diagnosis mode is stored in IC401 or IC402; data will not be erased even when power is turned off.

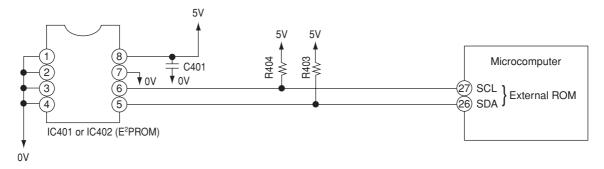


Fig. 7-1

1. Power Circuit

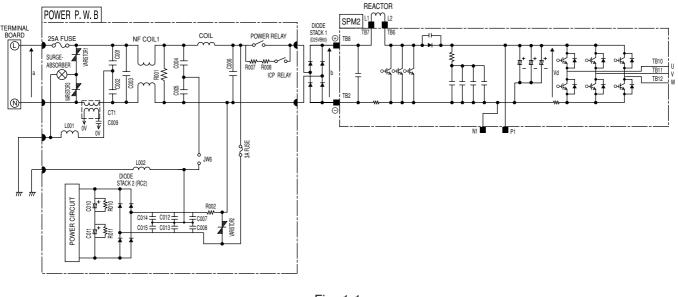


Fig. 1-1

• This circuit full-wave rectifies 220-240V AC applied between terminals L and N, and boosts it to a required voltage with the active module, to create a DC voltage.

The voltage becomes 260-360V when the compressor is operated

(1) Active module

The active filter, consisting of a reactor and switching element, eliminates higher harmonic components contained in the current generated when the compressor is operated, and improves the power-factor.

(2) Diode stacks

These rectify the 220-240V AC from terminals L and N to a DC power supply.

< Reference >

 In case of malfunction or defective connection: Immediately after the compressor starts, it may stop due to "abnormally low speed" active error, etc.

The compressor may continue to operate normally, but the power-factor will decrease, the operation current will increase, and the overcurrent breaker of the household power board will probably activate.

 In case of active module faulty or defective connection:

Although the compressor continues to operate normally, the power-factor will decrease, the operation current will increase, and the overcurrent breaker of the household power board will probably activate.

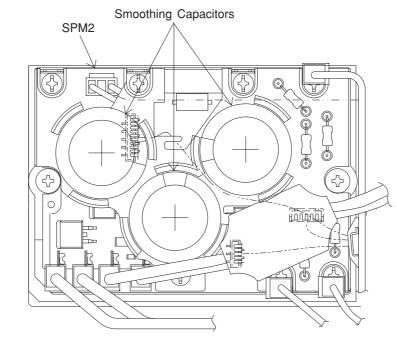
- < Reference >
- If diode stack 1 is faulty, the compressor may stop due to "lp", "anbormally low speed", etc. immediately after it starts, or it may not operate at all because no DC voltage is generated between the positive ⊕ and negative ⊖ terminals.

If diode stack 1 is faulty, be aware that the 25A fuse might also have blown.

 If diode stack 2 is faulty, DC voltage may not be generated and the compressor may not operate at all. Also, be aware that the 3A fuse might have blown.

(3) Smoothing capacitor (C501, C502, C503)

This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stacks.





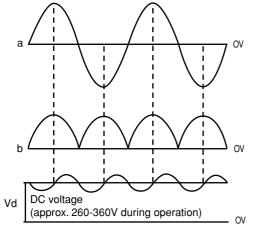


Fig. 1-3

 (4) Smoothing capacitor (C010, C011) This smoothes (averages) the voltage rectified by the diode stack2. A DC voltage is generated in the same way as in Fig. 1-3.

Voltage between + side of C010 and – side of C011 is about 330V.

- (5) C001 to C003, C012 to C015, C007, C008, NF COIL1, COIL, absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor, and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.
- (6) Surge absorber, Varistor 1, 2, 3, absorbs external power surge.
- (7) Inrush protective resistor (R007, R008) This works to protect from overcurrent when power is turned on.

• Be careful to avoid an electric shock as a high voltage is generated. Also take care not to cause a short-circuit through incorrect connection of test equipment terminals. The circuit board could be damaged.

- < Reference >
- When inrush protective resistor is defective, diode stack may malfunction. As a result, DC voltage is not generated and no operation can be done.

2. Indoor/Outdoor Interface Circuit

- The interface circuit superimposes an interface signal on the DC 35V line supplied from the outdoor unit to perform communications between indoor and outdoor units. This circuit consists of a transmiting circuit which superimposes an interface signal transmit from the microcomputer on the DC 35V line and a transmiting circuit which detects the interface signal on the DC 35V line and outputs it to the microcomputer.
- Communications are performed by mutually transmiting and receiving the 4-frame outdoor request signal one frame of which consists of a leader of approx. 100 ms., start bit, 8-bit data and stop bit and the command signal with the same format transmit from the indoor unit.
- Communication signal from outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer. At first outdoor microcomputer will send a request signal (SDO) to indoor microcomputer. A high-frequency IF signal approx. 38 KHz is generated and modulated by the request signal (SDO) inside the outdoor microcomputer then output to pin (1) of microcomputer. This modulated IF signal is output to pin (30) of HIC and amplified by amp. This signal is superimposed to DC 35V line via C801 and L801.

To prevent erroneous reception, the outdoor microcomputer is designed so that it cannot receive a signal while it is outputting a request signal.

The receiving circuit in the indoor unit consists of a comparator and transistor. The interface signal from the outdoor unit on the DC 35V line is supplied to C821, where DC components are eliminated, and is then shaped by the comparator. The shaped signal is detected by diode, amplified by amp, and output to pin (49) of the indoor microcomputer.

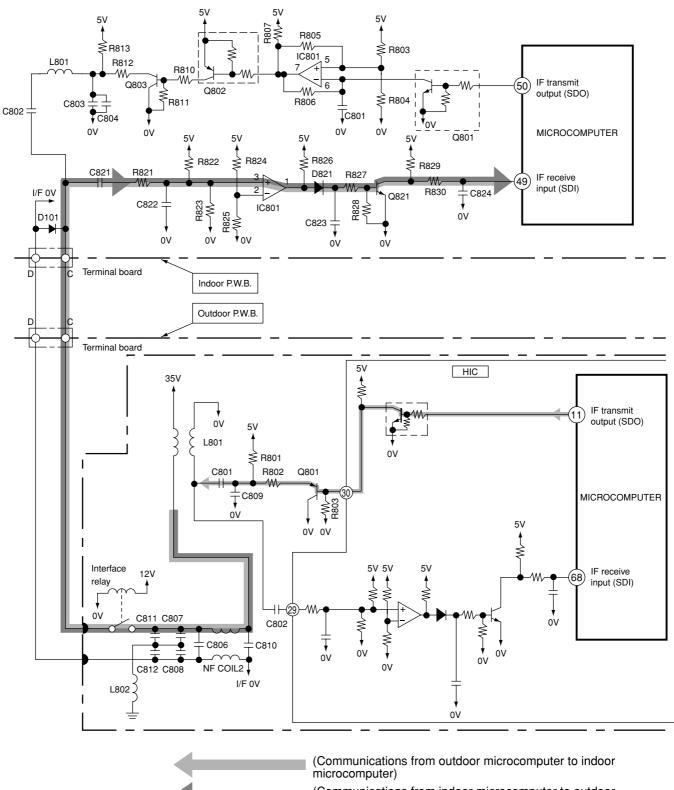
Fig. 2-2 shows the voltages at each component when data is transferred from the outdoor microcomputer to the indoor microcomputer.

Communication signal from indoor microcomputer to outdoor microcomputer. The request signal (SDO) generates by indoor microcomputer is output to pin (50), and amplifies by C801. IF signal approx. 38 kHz is generated by comparator, then modulate by the request signal from pin (50) of indoor microprocessor. This modulated IF signal is then amplified and superimposed to DC 35V line via L801 and C802 of indoor interface circuit.

Fig. 2-3 shows the voltages at each component when data is transferred from outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.

The circuit operation of the outdoor receiving circuit is same as indoor receiving circuit.

• Fig. 2-1 shows the interface circuit used for the indoor and outdoor microcomputers to communicate with each other.



(Communications from indoor microcomputer to outdoor microcomputer)



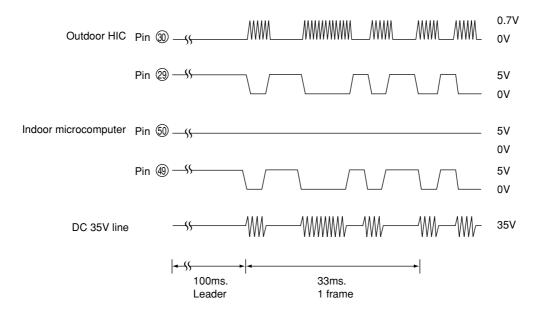


Fig. 2-2 Voltages Waveforms of indoor / Outdoor Microcomputers (Outdoor to Indoor Communications)

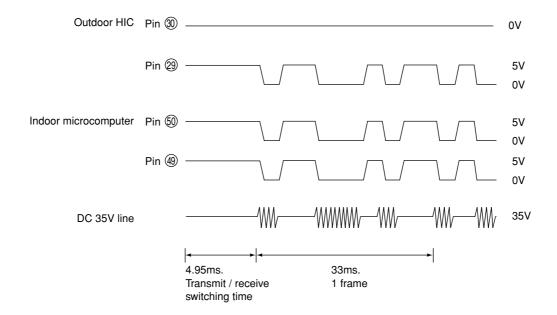
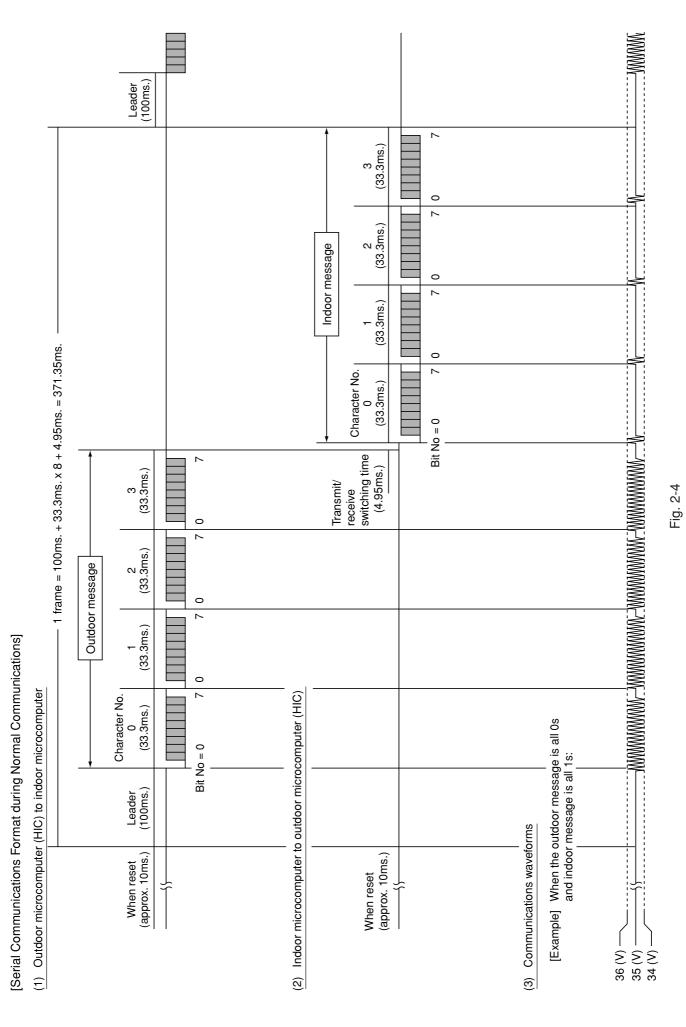


Fig. 2-3 Voltages Waveforms of indoor / Outdoor Microcomputers (Indoor to Outdoor Communications)



I		•		
		7		0
		9		0
		5		0
	ю	4		0
		С		0
		N		0
		-	Fan-7-step request	-
		0		0
		7	Actual compressor rotation speed (5 MSB)	1/0
		9	Actual compressor rotation speed (4)	1/0
		5	Actual compressor rotation speed (3)	1/0
	2	4	Actual compressor rotation speed (2)	1/0
		ю	Actual compressor rotation speed (1)	1/0
		2	Actual compressor rotation speed (0 LSB)	1/0
		-	Compressor during operation	1/0
		0	Compressor during operation	1/0
		7	Outside temperature (7 MSB)	1/0
		9	Outside temperature (6)	1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0
		5	Outside temperature (5)	1/0
		4	Outside temperature (4)	1/0
	-	ю	Outside temperature (3)	1/0
		N	Outside temperature (2)	1/0
		-	Outside temperature (1	1/0
		0	Outside temperature (0 LSB)	1/0
		7	Self-diagnosis (3 MSB)	1/0
		9	Self-diagnosis (2)	0/1
		5	Self-diagnosis (1)	
		4	Self-diagnosis (0 LSB)	0/1
	0	Э	Defrost request signal	/01
		2	During forced operation	/0
~		-		0
sage		0	Multi-bit	1/0 0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0
nes				-
(1) Outdoor message	Character No.	No.	ents	lta
Outc	arac	Bit No.	Contents	Data
(1)	Chi		U U	
- 1				

[7	Compressor minimum rotation speed (4 MSB)	0/
		9	Compressor minimum rotation speed (3)	/0 1
		5	Compressor minimum rotation speed (2)	/0 1
		4	Compressor minimum rotation speed (2)	/0 1
	ო	ہ ع	Compressor minimum rotation speed (1)	/0
	-	2	Compressor minimum rotation speed (0 L3B)	/0 1,
		-	OVL up	1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0
			15/20(A)	/0 1
		2	Compressor command speed (7 MSB)	/0 1
		. 9	Compressor command speed (7 MOB)	/0 1
		5	Compressor command speed (5)	/0 1
		4	Compressor command speed (3)	/0 1
	N	ہ ع	Compressor command speed (3)	/0 1,
		N	Compressor command speed (3)	/0 1
	-	-	Compressor command speed (1)	/0 1
		0	Compressor command speed (0 LSB)	/0 1
		2	Compressor ON	/0 1
				0
		5		0
		4	Reversing valve	1/0
	-	е С	2-way valve	0
		N	Fan (2 MSB)	
		1	Fan (1	1/0 1/0 1/0
		0	Fan (0 LSB)	/0 1
		7	Capacity code (3 MSB)	0
		9	Capacity code (2)	0
		5	Capacity code (1)	0
		4	Capacity code (0 LSB)	0
	0	ю	Indoor in-operation bit	0/
		N	Operation mode (2 MSB)	1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0
		-	Operation mode (1)	/0
ge		0	Operation mode (0 LSB)	1/0
(2) Indoor message	Character No.	Bit No.	Contents	Data -

[Serial Communications Data]

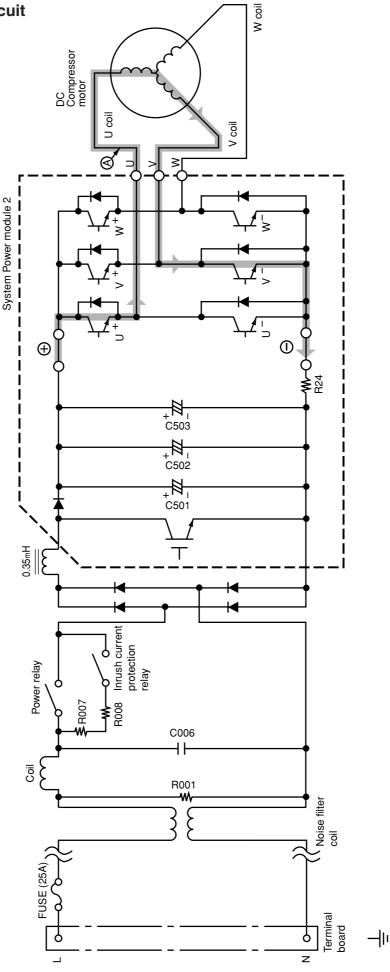


Fig. 3-1 Power module circuit (U⁺ is ON, V⁻ is ON)

Fig. 3-1 shows the system power module and its peripheral circuit. The three transistors on the negative \ominus side, the lower arm.

•

- 73 -

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.ht

• DC 260-360V is input to system power module and system power module switches power supply current according to rotation position of magnet rotor. The switching order is as shown in Fig. 3-2.

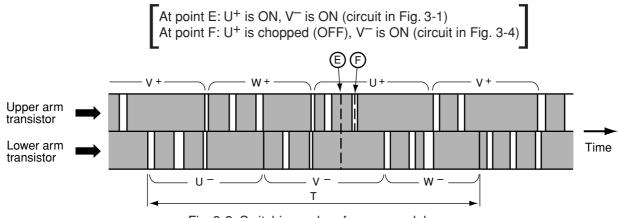


Fig. 3-2 Switching order of power module

- Upper arm transistor is controlled to ON/OFF by 3.3kHz chopper signal. Rotation speed of the compress
 is proportional to duty ratio (ON time/ ON time + OFF time) of this chopper signal.
- Time T in Fig. 3-2 shows the switching period, and relation with rotation speed (N) of the compressor is shown by formula below;



• Fig. 3-3 shows voltage waveform at each point shown in Figs. 3-1 and 3-4. First half of upper arm is chopper, second half is ON, and first half of lower arm is chopper, second half is ON.

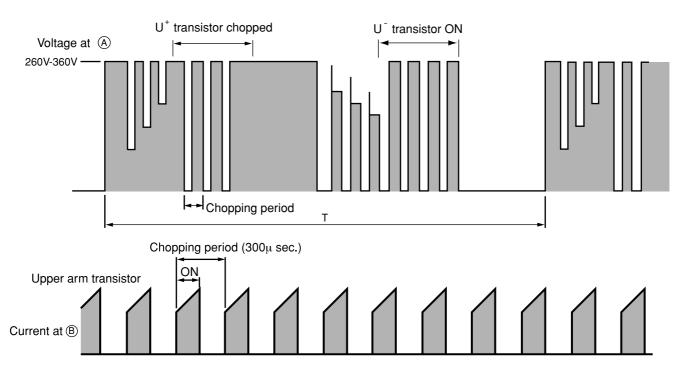


Fig. 3-3 Voltage waveform at each point

- When power is supplied $U^+ \rightarrow U^-$, because of that U^+ is chopped, current flows as shown below; (B)
 - (1) When U⁺ transistor is ON: U⁺ transistor → U coil → V coil → V⁻ transistor → DC current detection resistor → Point (B) (Fig. 3-1)
 - (2) When U⁺ transistor is OFF: (by inductance of motor coil) U coil → V coil → V⁻ transistor → Return diode → Point (A) (Fig. 3-4)

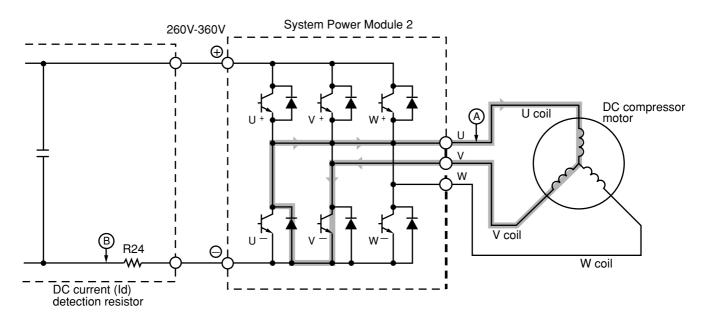


Fig. 3-4 Power module circuit (U^+ is ON, V^- is ON)

Since current flows at point (B) only when U+ transistor is ON, the current waveform at point (B) becomes
intermittent waveform as shown in Fig. 3-3. Since current at point (B) is approximately proportional to the
input current of the air conditioner, input current is controlled by using DC current (Id) detection resistor.

<Reference>

If power module is detective, self diagnosis lamps on the control P.W.B. may indicate as shown below:

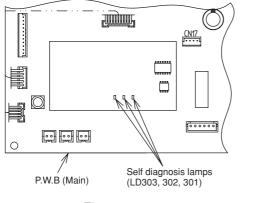


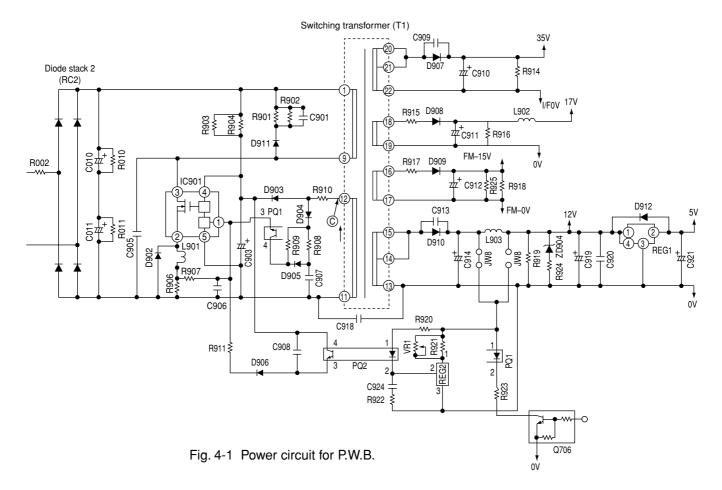
Fig. 3-5

Table 3-1		
Self-diagnosis Self-diagnosis lan and mode		
lp (peak current cut)	LD301	Blinks 2 times
Abnormal low speed rotation	LD301	Blinks 3 times
Switching incomplete	LD301	Blinks 4 times

- Simplified check of power module (Lighting mode when operated with compressor leads disconnected)
 - (1) Disconnect connector of 3-pole (WHT, YEL, RED) lead wire connecting to compressor located at the lower part of electric parts box.
 - (2) Set to compressor operation state (other than FAN mode) and press Start/stop switch of remote control.
 - (3) If normal operation continues for more than 1 minute (LD303 lights), power module is considered normal.
 - * Refer to other item (troubleshooting on page 94) for independent checking of power module.

4. Power Circuit for P.W.B.

• Fig. 4-1 shows the power circuit for P.W.B. and waveform at each point.



- In the power circuit for P.W.B., power supply for microcomputer, peripheral circuits, and system power module driver circuit and, as well as DC 35V, are produced by switching power circuit.
- Switching power circuit performs voltage conversion effectively by switching transistor IC901 to convert DC 330V voltage to high frequency of about 20kHz to 200kHz.
- Transistor IC901 operates as follows:

(1) Shifting from OFF to ON

• DC about 330V is applied from smoothing capacitors C010 ⊕ and C011 ⊖ in the control power circuit. With this power, current flows to pin ④ of IC901 via R903 and R904 and IC901 starts to tum ON. Since voltage in the direction of arrow generates at pointⓒ at the same time, current passing through R910 and D903 is positive-fed back to IC901.

(2) During ON

- The drain current at IC901 increases linearly. During this period, the gate voltage and current become constant because of the saturation characteristics of the transformer.
- (3) Shifting from ON to OFF
- This circuit applies a negative feedback signal from the 12V output. When the voltage across C919 reaches the specified value, REG2 turns on and current flows to PQ2 (1-2). This turns the secondary circuits on, sets IC901 pin (1) to "Hi", and turns IC901 off.
- (4) During OFF
- While IC901 is on, the following energy charges the primary windings of the transformer:

Energy=Ll²/2. Here, L : Primary inductance

I : Current when IC1 is off

This energy discharges to the secondary windings during power off. That is, C910, C911, C912, C914 is charged according to the turn ratio of each winding.

- At the start, an overcurrent flows to IC901 because of the charged current at C910, C911, C912, C914.
- The drain current at IC901 generates a voltage across R906. If it exceeds the IC901 base voltage, it sets the IC901 gate voltage to "HI".
- R906 limits the gate voltage to prevent excessive collector current from flowing to IC901.

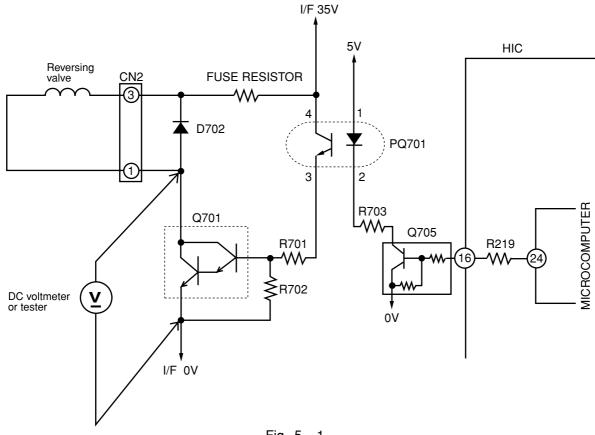
<Reference>

If the power circuit for P.W.B. seems to be faulty:

- (1) Make sure that 5V and 12V on the control P.W.B., upper arm U, V and W, and the lower arm power voltage are the specified values.
- When only the 5V output is low: REG 1 (regulator) faulty, 5V-0V shorted, output is too high, or REG 1 is abnormal.
- (3) When 12V and 5V are abnormal:
 - The following defects can be considered:
 - 1) Fan, operation, power, rush prevention relay (shorting in relay, etc.)
 - 2 Microcomputer is abnormal.
 - REG 1 (regulator is abnormal), etc. Shorting on primary circuits.
 When shorting occurs in the secondary circuits, there is no abnormality in the primary circuits because of overcurrent protection.
 - The voltage rises when an opening occurs in the primary circuits, or the feedback system is abnormal.
- (4) When 15V and 17V are abnormal: D908, D909 or drive circuit is abnormal.
- (5) When all voltage are abnormal: IC901, R906, etc. are possibly abnormal.
- * If IC901 is abnormal, be aware that other components, such as the power module, REG (regulator), etc. are possibly defective.

[When the switching power supply seems to be abnormal, the voltage between IC901 pin ④ (to be measured at the leads of R904 and R903) and IC901 pin ⑤ (to be measured at R906 lead) may be between 11 and 16V. This is because the protection circuit of IC901 is operating.]

5. Reversing valve control circuit



- Fig. 5 1
- Reversing valve control circuit can switch reversing valve ON/OFF according to instruction from indoor microcomputer depending on the operation condition shows in Table 5-1.
 Voltage at each point in each operation condition is approximately as shown below when measured by tester. (When collector voltage of Q701 is measured)

Operation condition		Collector voltage of Q701
Cooling	General operation of Cooling	About 35V
Heating	In normal heating operation	About 0.8V
	MAX. rotation speed instructed by indoor microcomputer after defrost is completed	About 0.8V
	Defrosting	About 35V
Dehumidifying	Sensor dry	About 35V

Table	5-1
-------	-----

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.htm

6. Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit

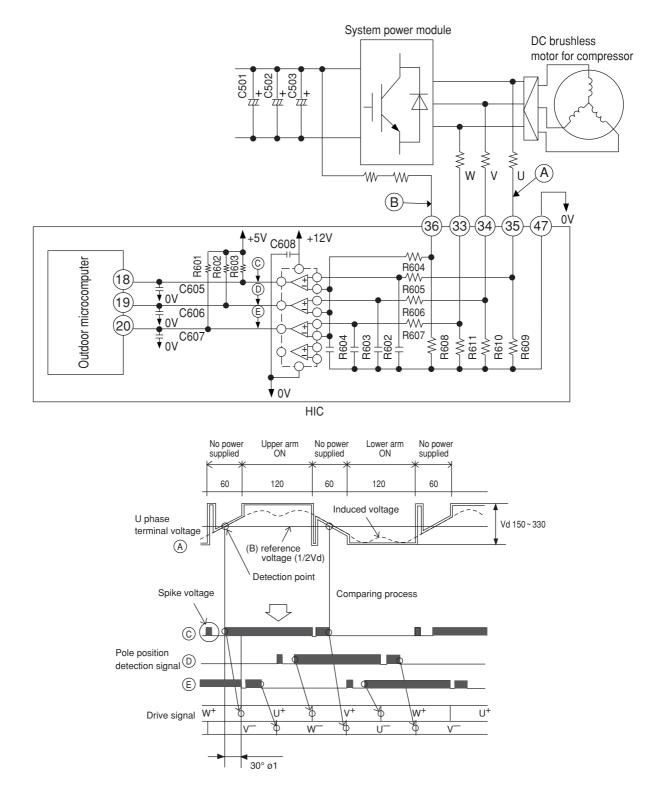
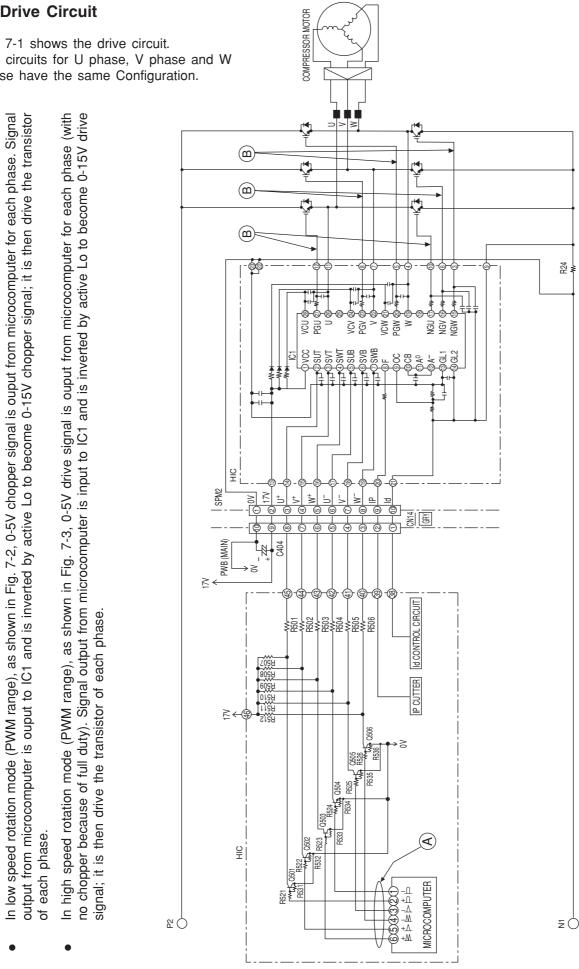


Fig. 6-1 Rotor magnetic pole position detection circuit and voltage waveform at each point

- To detect U phase, voltage at point © is produced by driving motor induced voltage signal (voltage at point A) and 1/2 voltage of Vd (voltage at point B), and comparing with comparator.
- For V phase and W phase, voltage at point D and voltage at point are produced in the same way as above. Voltage at point C is taken into indoor unit microcomputer, switching timing to U⁺ transistor from W⁺ transistor is produced by delaying 30° from rise waveform, ignoring spike voltage. In addition, switching timing to U-transistor from W-transistor is produced by delaying 30° from fall waveform.
- For V phase and W phase, in the same way as above, drive signals are produced from voltages at point
 D and point
 E. Phases are shifted by 120° and 240°, respectively, comparing with U phase.



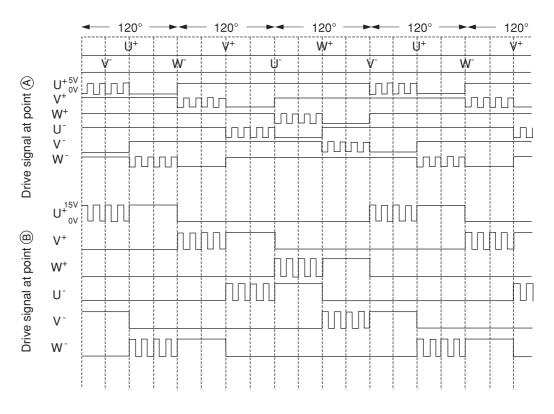
7. Drive Circuit

Fig. 7-1 shows the drive circuit. The circuits for U phase, V phase and W phase have the same Configuration.

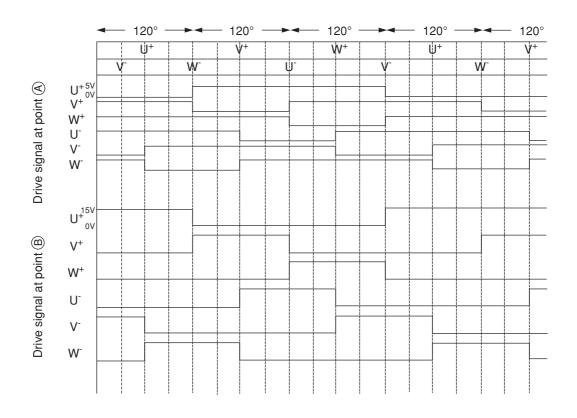
- 80 -

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь:









[High speed rotation mode]

Fig. 7-3

8. HIC and Peripheral Circuits

• Fig. 8-1 shows the micro computer and its peripheral circuits, Table 8-1, the basic operations of each circuit block, and Fig. 8-2, the system configuration.

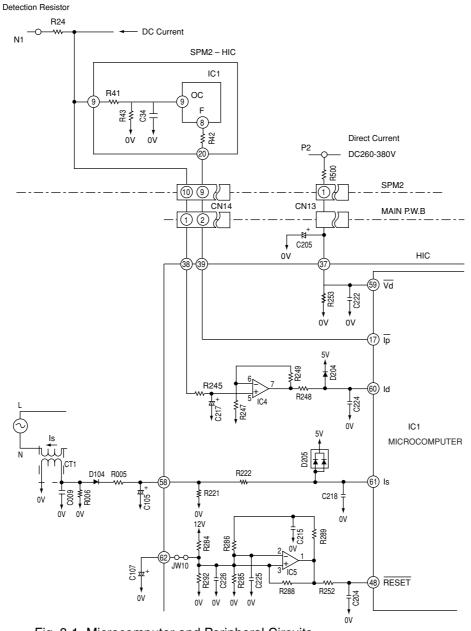


Fig. 8-1 Microcomputer and Peripheral Circuits

Table 8-1

Circuit block	Basic operation	
Peak current cutoff circuit	Detects DC current flowing power module and during overcurrent (instantaneous value) flows, stops upper/lower arm drive circuits and also produces lp signal by which drive signal output is stopped.	
Set value circuit	Compares voltage detected, amplified and input to HIC with set voltage value in microcomputer, and controls overload when set value exceeds input voltage.	
Voltage amplifier circuit	Voltage-amplifies DC current level detected by the detection resistor and inputs this to microcomputer. Internal or external overload is judged in microcomputer.	
Reset circuit	Produces reset voltage.	
Trip signal synthesis circuit	Modulates chopper signal to drive signal and stops according to presence/ab- sence of lp signal or reset signal.	

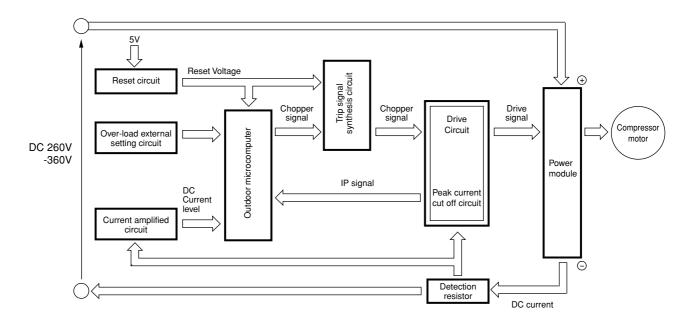
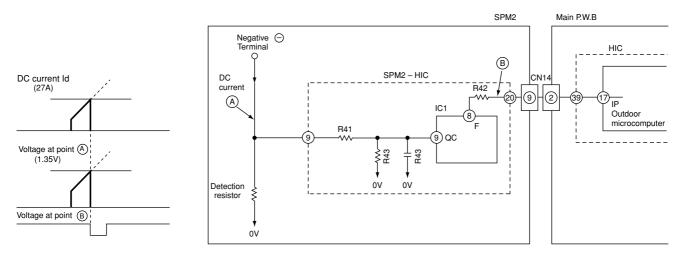


Fig. 8-2

• The following describes the operations of each circuit in detail.

(1) Peak current cut off circuit

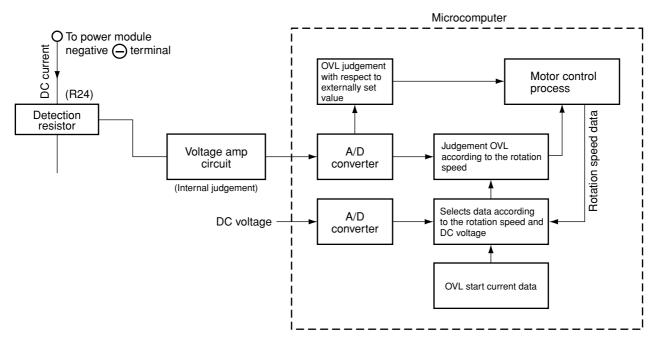
Fig.8-3 Peak Current Cut off Circuit and Waveforms at Each Section.

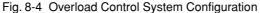


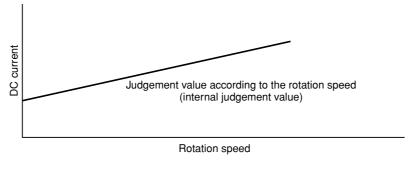


- The lp cut off circuit detects an instantaneous excessive current and stops inverter to protect parts such as SPM2, etc.
- As shown in diagram, if current exceeding 27A flows, voltage at point (A) recognized by detecting resistor is input to pin (10) of SPM2 HIC, and voltage divided by R41 and R43 is input to pin (10) of IC1. Since threshold of IC1 is exceeded in this case, Lo signal is input from pin (18) (Voltage at point (18). When Lo signal is input to pin (17) of microcomputer, microcomputer stops drive output.
- When drive output from microcomputer is stopped, all drive output goes Hi, and microcomputer is initialized to enter drive signal standby mode. 3 minutes later, microcomputer outputs drive signal again, to start operation.

- (2) Overload control circuit (OVL control circuit)
- Overload control is to decrease the speed of the compressor and reduce the load when the load on the air conditioner increases to an overload state, in order to protect the compressor, electronic components and power breaker.
- Overloads are judged by comparing the DC current level and set value.
- Fig. 8-4 shows the overload control system configuration and Fig. 8-5 is a characteristic diagram of
 overload judgement values. There are two judgement methods-external judgement which compares the
 externally set value with the DC current value regardless of the rotation speed and internal judgement
 which compares the set value that varies according to the rotation speed programmed in the microcomputer
 software with the DC current value.

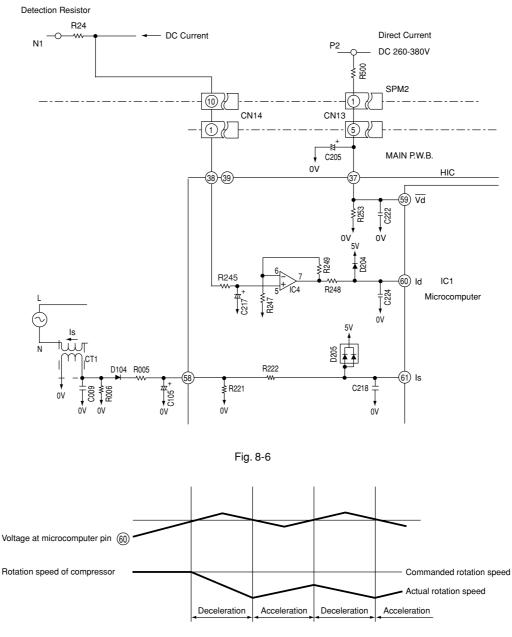








- (1). Overload external judgement circuit
- Fig. 8-1. The filter consisting of R245 and C217 removes high harmonic components from the voltage generated by the current flowing to Detection resistor; R245 and C217 average the voltage. This voltage is then input to IC4 pin (5) is then amplified and supplied to microcomputer pin (6). The microcomputer compares this input with the internally set value, and if the input exceeds the set value, it enters overload control status.
- Fig. 8-7 shows the rotation speed control. When the voltage at pin (a) of the microcomputer exceeds the set value, the microcomputer decreases the rotation speed of the compressor and reduces the load regardless of the rotation speed commanded by the indoor microcomputer.





2. Voltage amp. circuit

• The voltage amp. circuit amplifies the DC current level detected by the detection resistor after being converted to a voltage and supplies it to the microcomputer. Receiving this, the microcomputer converts it to a digital signal and compares it with the internal data to judge whether or not overload control is required.

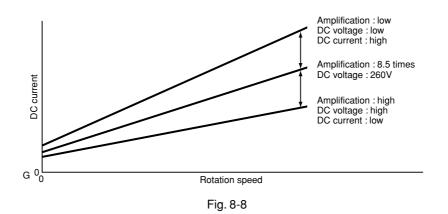
< During overload control >

- The filter consisting of R245 and C217 removes high harmonic components from the voltage generated from the DC current flowing to the detection resistor, and supplies it to IC4 pin (5) IC4 forms a non-inverting voltage amp. circuit together with the peripheral elements.
- The microcomputer stores the set values which vary according to the rotation speed. When the DC current level exceeds the set value, the microcomputer enters the overload control state.
- The set Value is determined by the amplification of the voltage amp. circuit.
 - Amplification : high → DC current : low
 - Amplification : low \rightarrow DC current: high

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 R500, R253, detect the DC voltage at the power circuit. The microcomputer receives a DC voltage (260-380V) via HIC ③ and applies correction to the overload set value so the DC current is low (high) when the DC voltage is high (low).

(Since the load level is indicated by the DC voltage multiplied by DC current, R247, R248, R249 are provided to perform the same overload judgement even when the voltage varies.)



< During start current control >

- It is required to maintain the start current (DC current) constant to smooth the start of the DC motor for the compressor.
- It is software to control the start current.
- The start current varies when the supply voltage varies. This control method copes with variations in the voltages as follows.

(1) Turns on the power module's U^+ and V^- transistors so the current flows to the motor windings as shown in Fig8-9.

(2) Varies the turn-ON time of the W^+ transistor according to the DC voltage level and the start is controlled so the start current is approx. 10A as shown in Fig. 8-10.

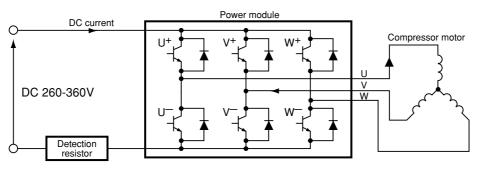
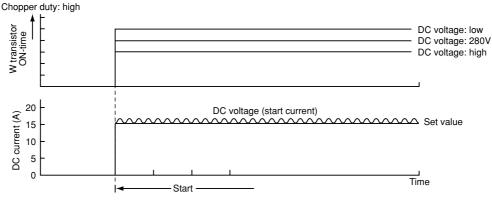


Fig. 8-9





Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.htm

9. Temperature Detection Circuit

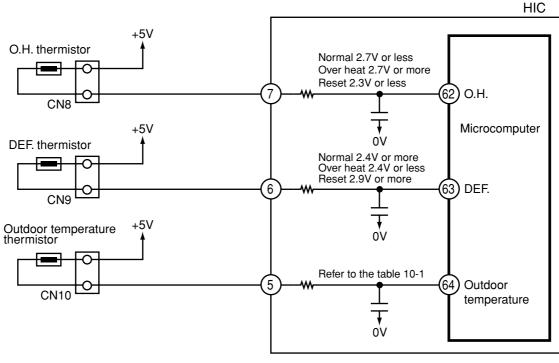


Fig. 9-1

- The Over heat thermistor circuit detects the temperature at the surface of the compressor head, the Defrost. thermistor circuit detects the defrosting operation temperature.
- A thermistor is a negative resistor element which has the characteristics that the higher (lower) the temperature, the lower (higher) the resistance.
- When the compressor is heated, the resistance of the Over heat thermistor becomes low and voltage at pin (62) of microcomputer is increased.
- Microcomputer compares the voltage present at pin (2) with the internal set value, if it is exceeded the set value microcomputer judges that the compressor is overheated and stops operation.
- When frost forms on the outdoor heat exchanger, the temperature at the exchanger drops abruptly. Therefore the resistance of the Defrost. thermistor becomes high and the voltage at pin ⁽⁶³⁾ of microcomputer drops.

If this voltage becomes lower than the set value stored inside, the microcomputer starts defrosting control.

- During defrosting operation the microcomputer transfers the defrosting condition command to the indoor microcomputer via the circuit interface.
- The microcomputer always reads the outdoor temperature via a thermistor (microcomputer pin 64), and transfers it to the indoor unit, thus controlling the compressor rotation speed according to the value set at the EEPROM in the indoor unit, and switching the operation status (outdoor fan on/off, etc.) in the dry mode.

The following shows the typical values of outdoor temperature in relation to the voltage:

Outdoor temperature (°C)	-10	0	10	20	30	40
Microcomputer pin (5) voltage (V)	1.19	1.69	2.23	2.75	3.22	3.62

<Reference>

Table 9-1

When the thermistor is open, in open status, or is disconnected, microcomputer pins 62-64 are approx. 0V; when the thermistor is shorted, they are approx. 5 V, and LD301 blinks seven times.

However, an error is detected only when the OH thermistor is shorted; in such a case, the blinking mode is entered 12 minutes after the compressor starts operation.

10. Reset Circuit

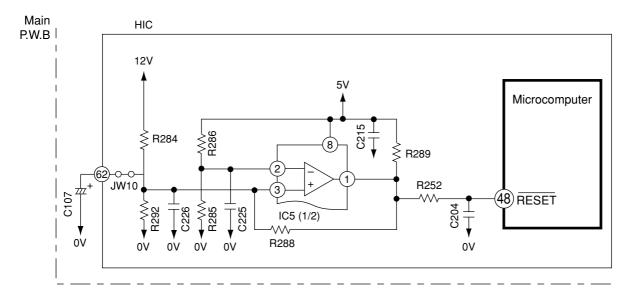
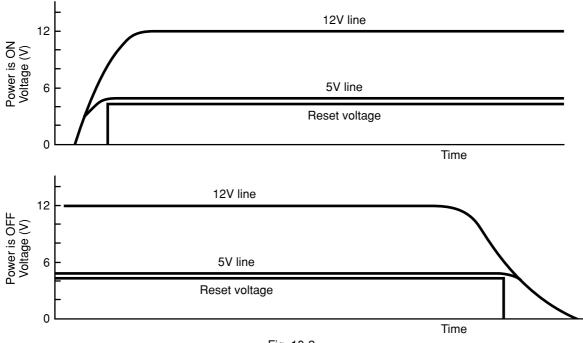


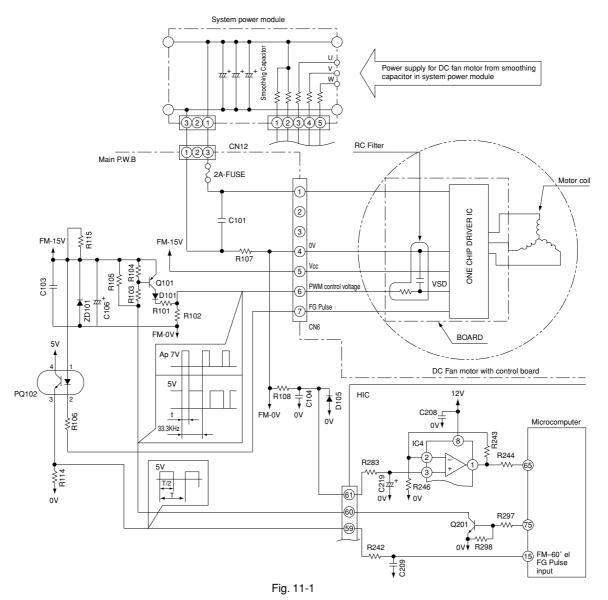
Fig. 10-1

- The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when Power is "ON" or "OFF".
- Low voltage at pin 48 resets the microcomputer, and HI activates the microcomputer.
- Fig. 10-1 shows the reset circuit and Fig. 10-2 shows waveform at each point when power is turned on and off.
- When power is turned on, 12V line and 5V line voltages rise and 12V line voltage reaches 10.9V and reset voltage input to pin (48) of microcomputer is set to Hi.
- Reset voltage will be hold "Hi" until the 12V line voltage drops to 9.90V even though the power shuts down.



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11. Outdoor DC Fan Motor control circuit.



- This model uses DC Fan Motor which has a controller circuit in the Motor.
- This DC Fan Motor will rotate by control voltage apply to Vsp input. (Voltage range: 1.7 to 7V DC)
- Vsp high : Faster ; Vsp low : slower ; Vsp lower than 1.7V : stop
- Motor will output FG pulse by following this motor revolution.
- Outdoor Microprocessor will output PWM control signal from FMCHOP terminal by following the instruction from indoor Microprocessor.
- This PWM control signal will convert to Vsp voltage by smoothing circuit (Q101 & RC filter)
- Fan motor will start to rotate when Vsp was proceeding over than 1.7V, and generate FG pulse by rotation speed.
- FG pulse will feed back to Outdoor Microprocessor through PQ102.
- PQ102 is the isolator between Microprocessor circuit and DC Fan Motor circuit, which has to match the Fan Motor revolution with instructed revolution. Such as...
 - FG feedback: Faster Instruction: Slower ... Decrease pulse width

FG feedback: Slower - Instruction: Faster ... Increase pulse width

- FG pulse is also used for Fan Motor failure detection
- Microprocessor will monitor FG pulse 30 seconds after start the fan motor. If there is no signal detected, it
 will consider that the Fan Motor was malfunction and stop the operation. In this case, LD302 on control PWB
 will blink 12 times. (Fan Motor lock detected)
- R107 and IC4 are used for Fan Motor over current

< Reference >

- When operation stop with LD301 blinks 12 times, it may be caused by faulty DC fan motor.
- In this case, please check CN6 and CN12 connection first. It makes Fan Motor Lock also if those connectors are in misconnection.
- DC Fan Motor has broken when 2A Fuse was burned. Please replace both DC Fan Motor and 2A Fuse together.
- It will makes "Fan Lock Stop" when something has disturb the Fan rotation by inserting materials into propeller fan or ice has growing inside of outdoor unit by snowing.
- It may make "Fan Lock Stop" by strong wind (ex. 17m/sec or above) against the Fan rotation. In this case, unit will be restart again after a while.
- In case of "Fan Lock Stop" even though the DC Fan Motor is rotating correctly, the possible casue is Fan Motor problem or PQ102 on board or control board problem. Stop after the Fan motor runs 2 minutes, Fan Motor may be broken.

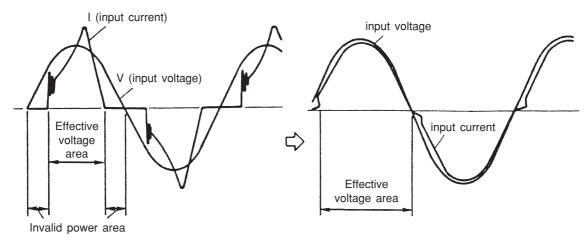
< Caution >

- Please take care for the electrical shock by high voltage of DC Fan Motor power source which is common with compressor when you are servicing this unit.
- You can not confirm the coil and wiring of Motor due to the built in control circuit in Fan Motor.

12. Power Factor Control Circuit

Power factor is controlled to almost 100%. (Effective use of power)

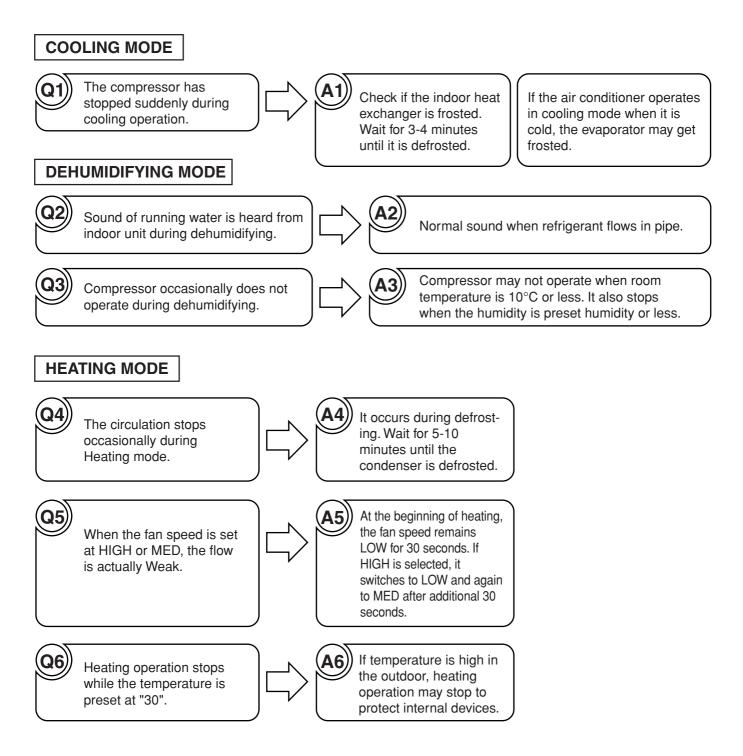
With IC in ACT module, control is performed so that input current waveform will be similar to waveform of input voltage



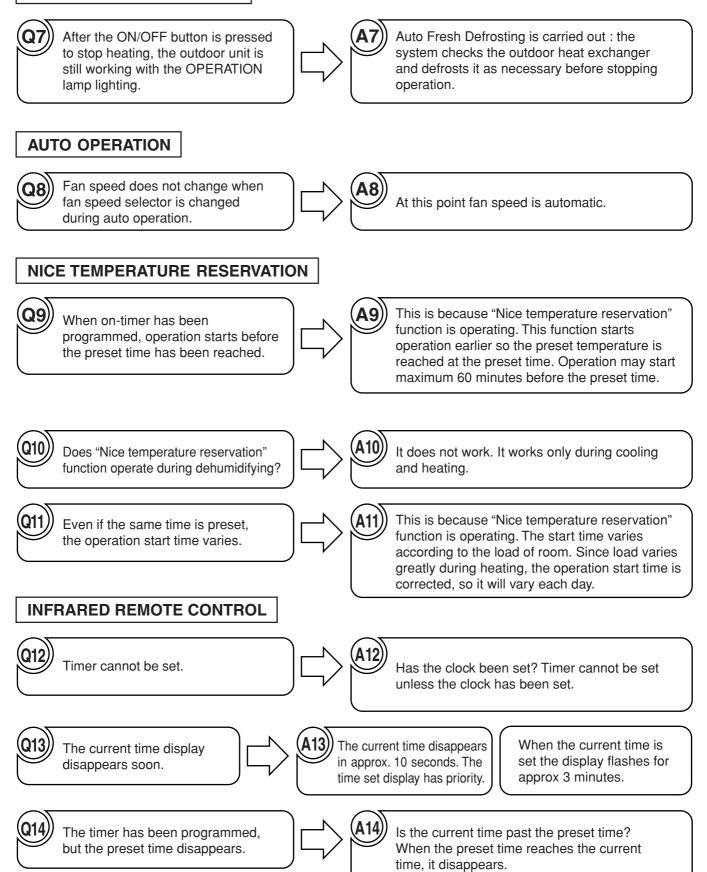
(Even if voltage is applied. current does not flow)

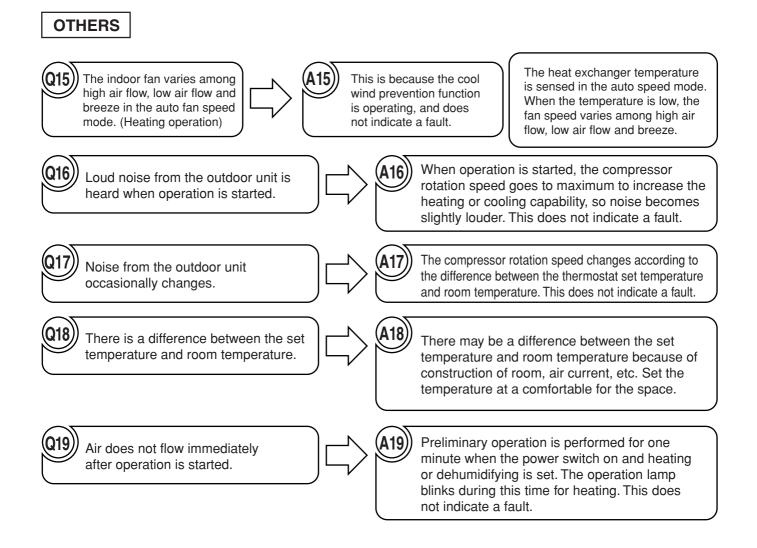
* Assuming the same current capacity (20A), power can be used about 10% effective, comparing with curent use (power factor of 90%), and maximum capacity is thereby improved.

SERVICE CALL Q & A

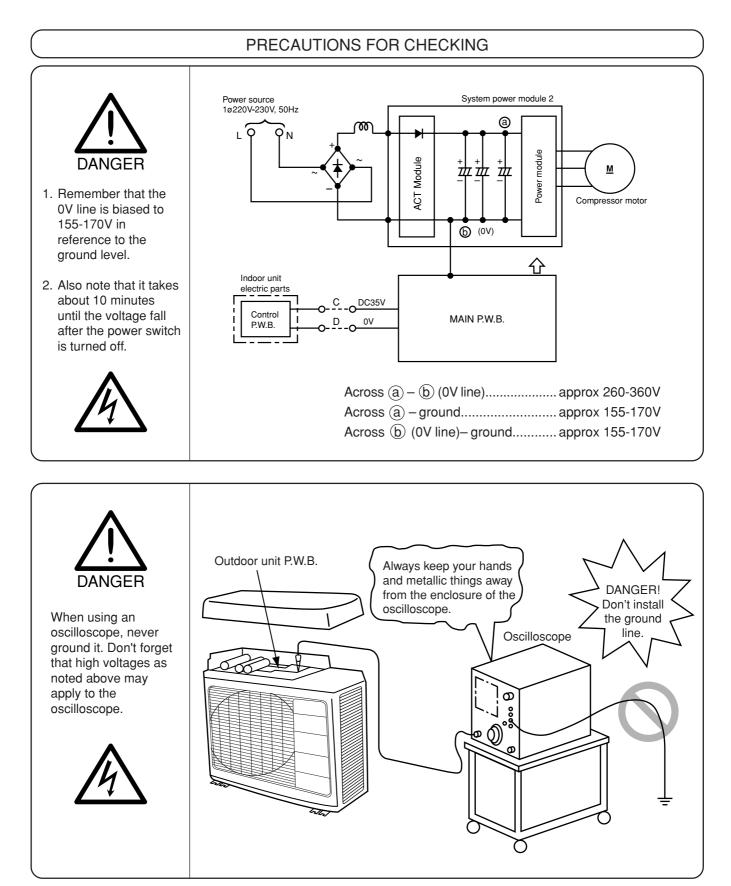


AUTO FRESH DEFROSTING





TROUBLE SHOOTING



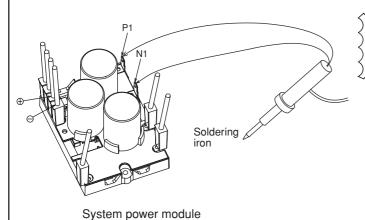
DISCHARGE PROCEDURE AND POWER SHUT OFF METHOD FOR POWER CIRCUIT



Caution

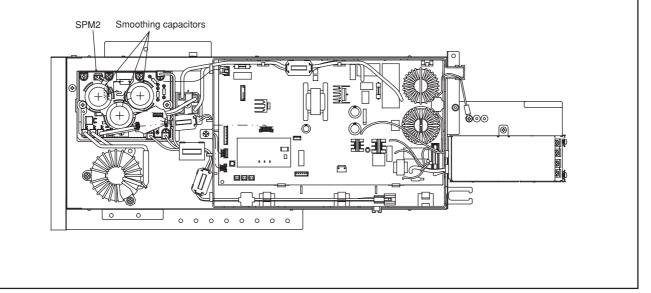
• Voltage of about 300-330V is charged between both ends of smoothing capacitors

- During continuity check for each part of circuit in indoor unit electrical parts, disconnect red/gray lead wire connected from diode stack to system power module (SPM2) to prevent secondary trouble. (Be sure to discharge smoothing capacitor)
- 1. Turn OFF the Power supply to the outdoor unit.
- 2. After power is turned off, wait for 10 minutes or more. Then, remove electrical parts cover and apply soldering iron of 30 to 75W for 15 seconds or more to P2 and N1 terminals on system power module, in order to discharge voltage in smoothing capacitor.
- 3. Remove receptable of red/gray lead wire connected to system power module from diode stack before performing operation chech of each circuit.

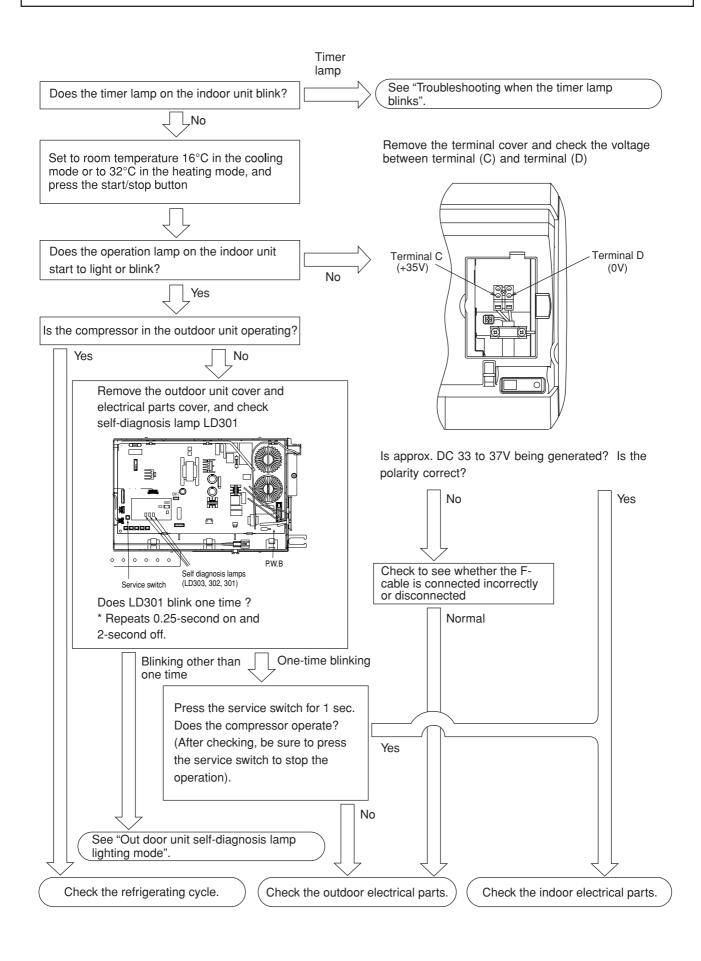


Do not use a soldering iron with transformer: If one is used, thermal fuse inside transformer will be blown

As shown above, apply soldering iron to metal parts (receptable) inside the sleeve corresponding to P1 and N1 terminals of system power module: Do this with smoothing capacitors kept connected. By removing red/ gray lead wire from diode stack, power supply can be shut off. (corresponding to + and - terminals of system power module)



CHECKING THE INDOOR/OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS AND REFRIGERATING CYCLE



Perform troubleshooting according to the number of times the indoor timer lamp and outdoor LD301 blink.

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

No.	Blinking of Timer lamp	Reason for indication	Possible cause
1	5500. 1 time	Reversing valve defective When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is too low in the heating mode or it is too high in the cooling mode.	 Reversing valve defective Heat exchanger thermistor disconnected (only in the heating mode) (Note) The malfunction mode is entered the 3rd time this abnormal indication appears (read every 3 minutes).
2	588C. 2 times	Outdoor unit forced operation When the outdoor unit is in forced operation or balancing operation after forced operation	Electrical parts in the outdoor unit
3	580 3 times	Indoor/outdoor interface defective When the interface signal from the outdoor unit is interrupted.	(1) Indoor interface circuit(2) Outdoor interface circuit
4	5 5800. — — 4 times	Outdoor electrical assembly defective.	Please check at the outdoor electrical led lamp blinking (LD301) and refer to self diagnosis lighting mode for outdoor unit.
5	5 5 sec. — — 9 times	Room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is faulty When room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is opened circuit or short circuit.	(1) Room thermistor(2) Heat exchanger thermistor
6	5 5800. _ − − 10 times	Over-current detection at the DC fan motor when over-current is detected at the DC fan motor of the indoor unit.	 Indoor fan locked Indoor fan motor Indoor control P.W.B.
7	5 5800. −− 13 times	IC401 or IC402 data reading error When data read from IC401 or IC402 is incorrect.	IC401 or IC402 abnormal

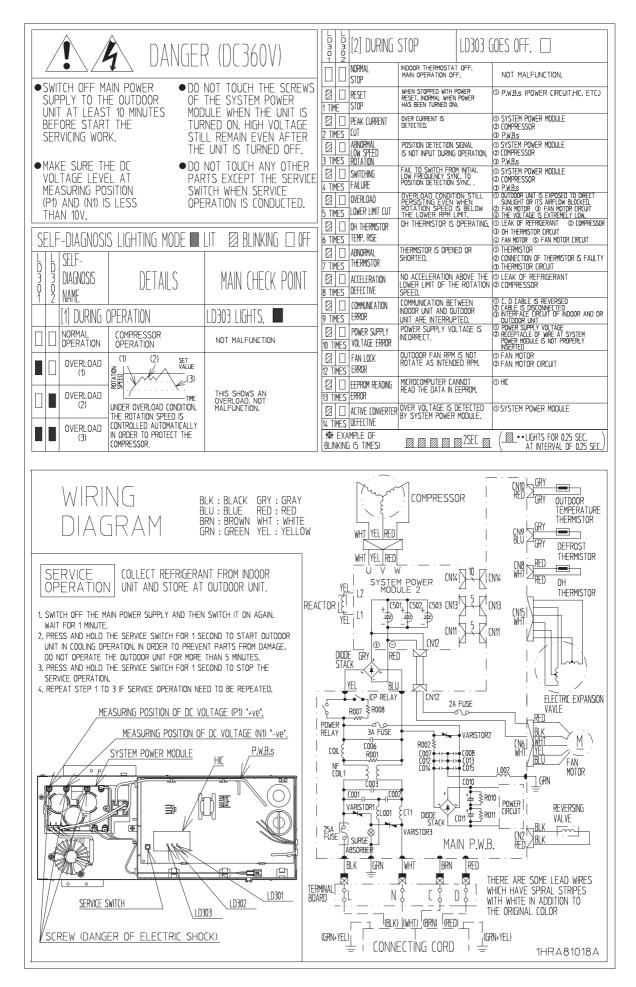
(_____ - - Lights for 0.5 sec. at interval of 0.5 sec..)

<Cautions>

※1

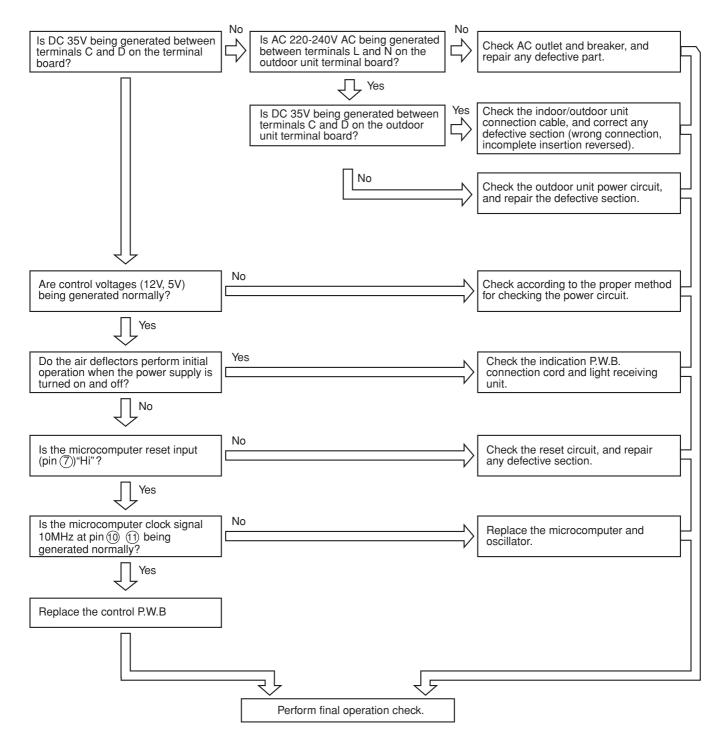
- (1) If the interface circuit is faulty when power is supplied, the self-diagnosis display will not be displayed.
- (2) If the indoor unit does not operate at all, check to see if the F-cable is connected or disconnected.
- (3) To check operation again when the timer lamp is blinking, you can use the remote control for operation (except for mode mark %1).

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

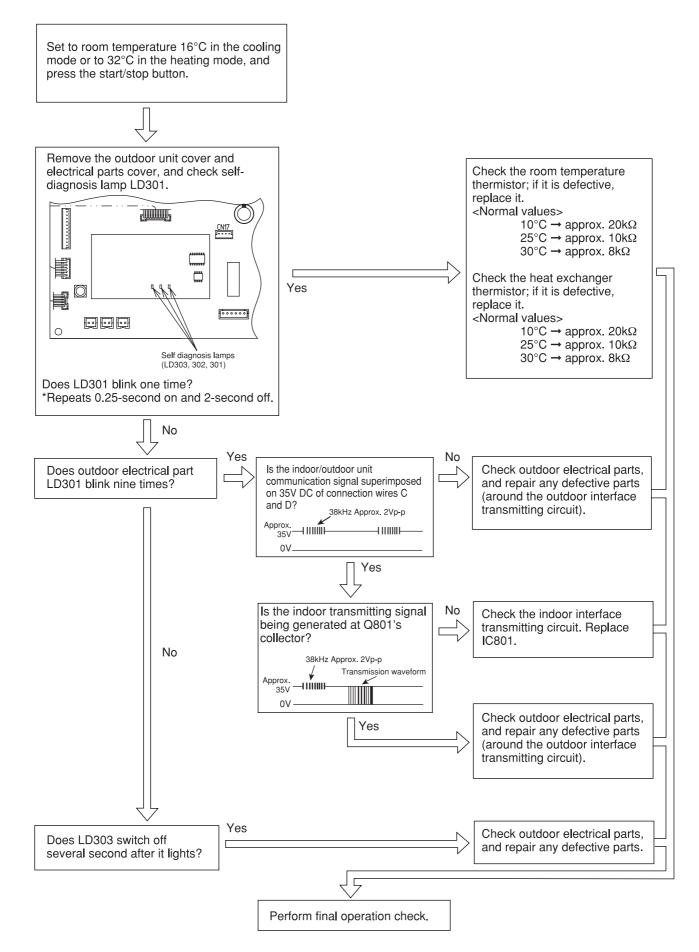


CHECKING INDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

1. Power does not come on (no operation)

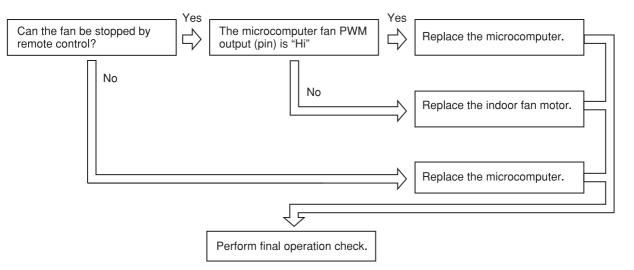


2. Outdoor unit does not operate (but receives remote infrared signal)

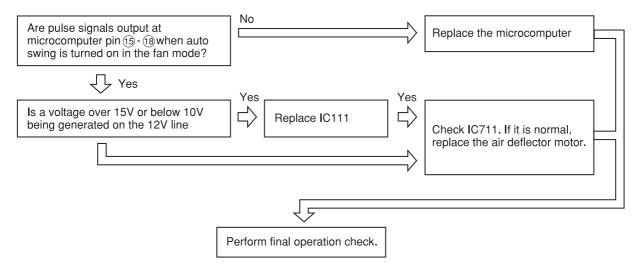


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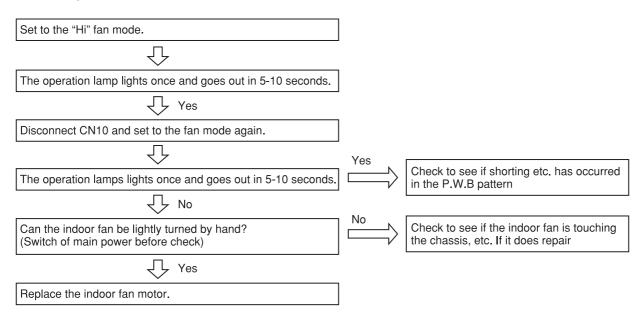
3. Only indoor fan does not operate (other is normal)



4. Air deflector does not move (others are normal)

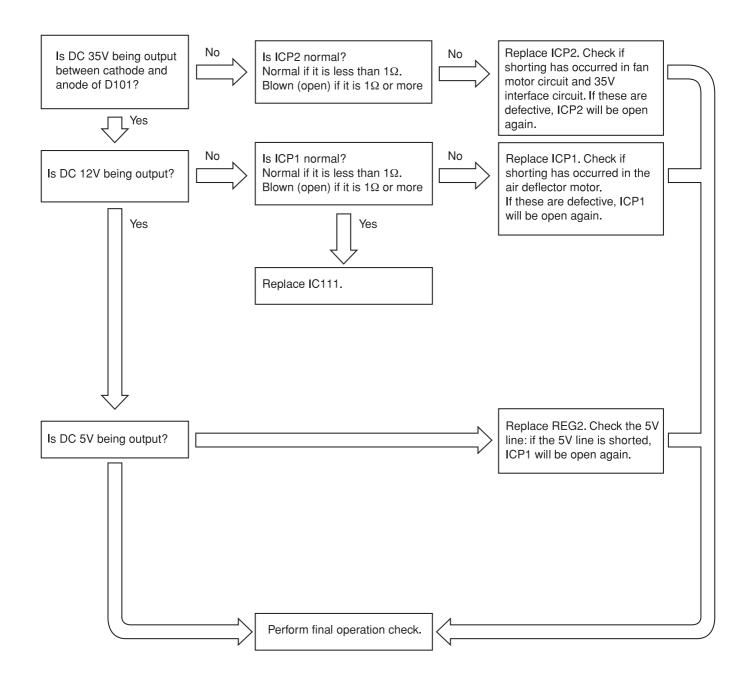


5. All systems stop from several seconds to several minutes after operation is started (all indicators are also off)



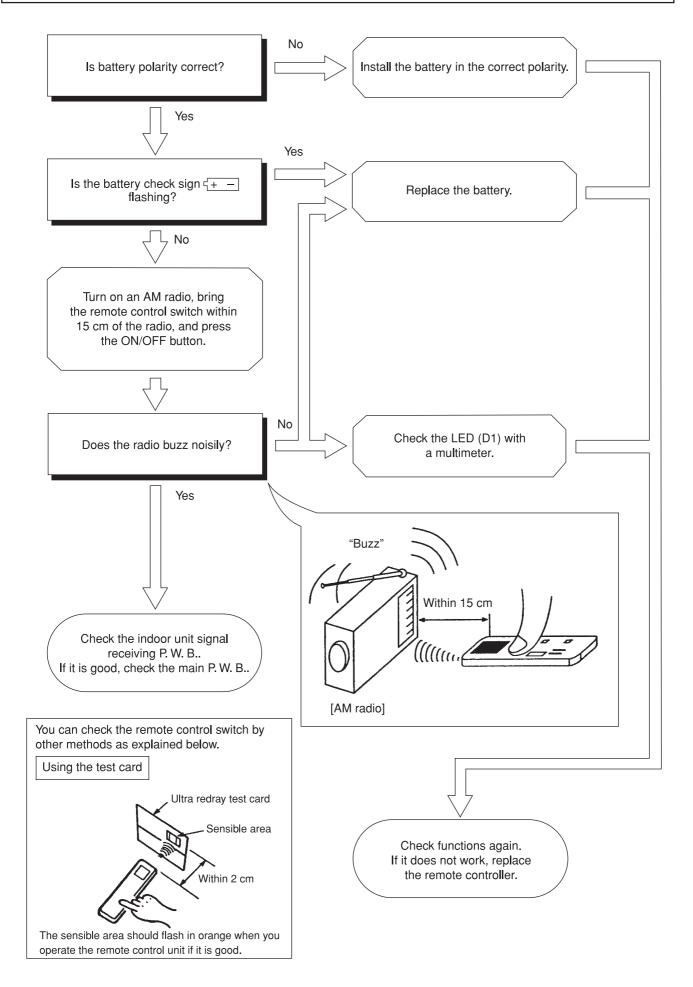
Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

6. Check the main P.W.B (power circuit)

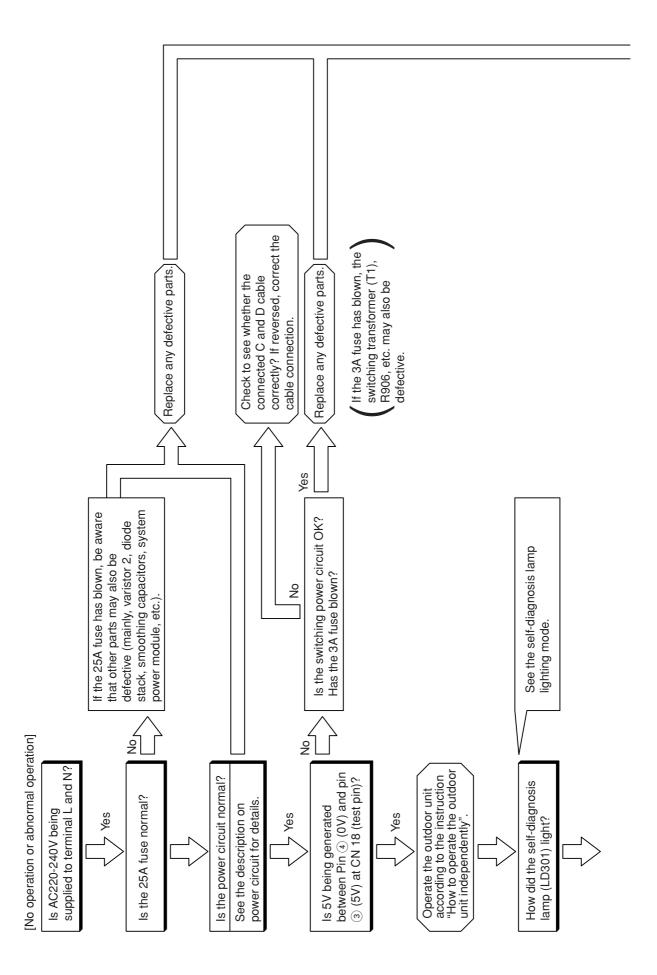


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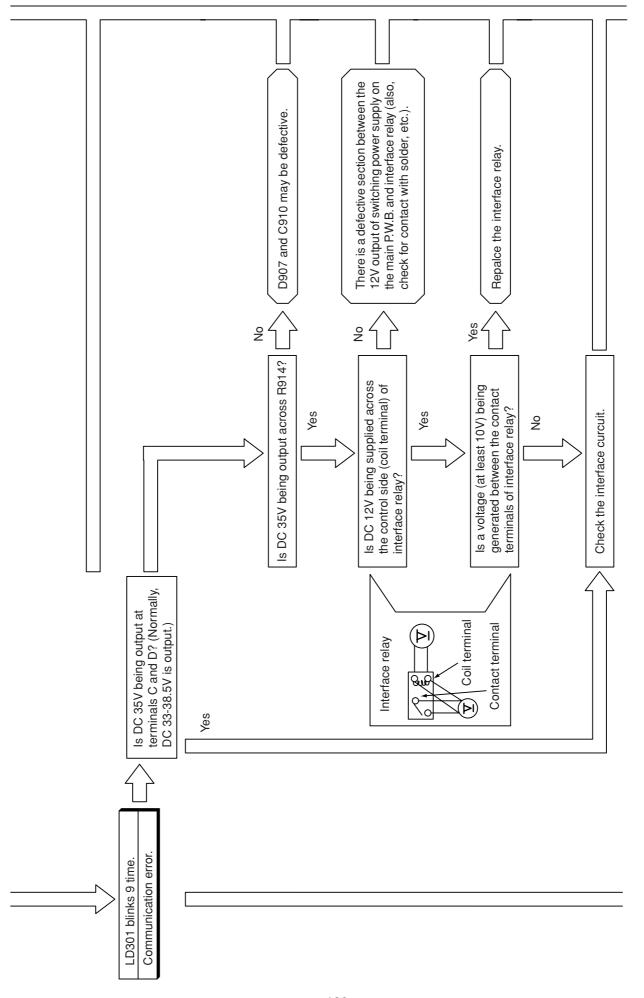
CHECKING THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

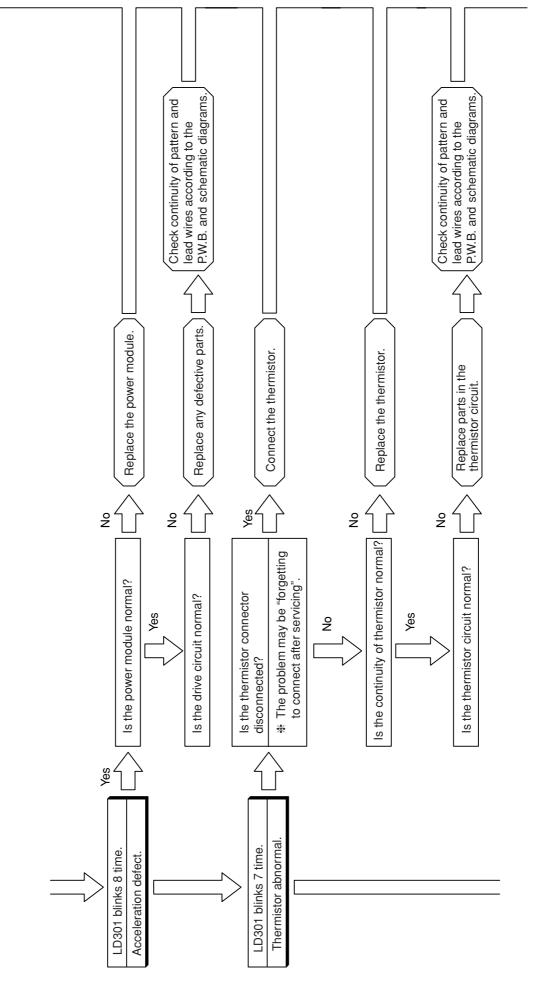


CHECKING THE OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

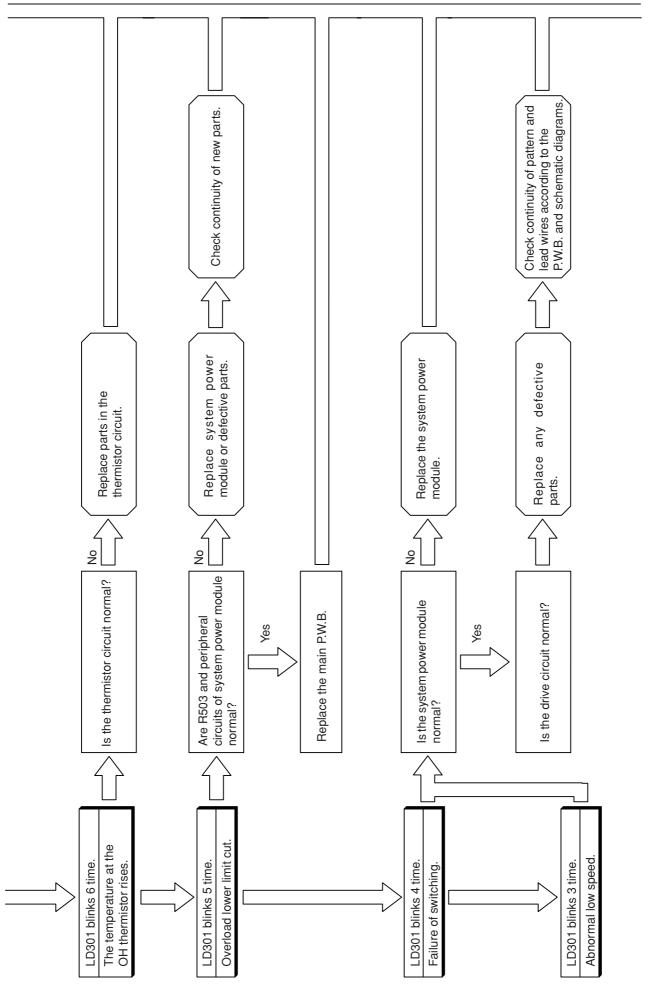


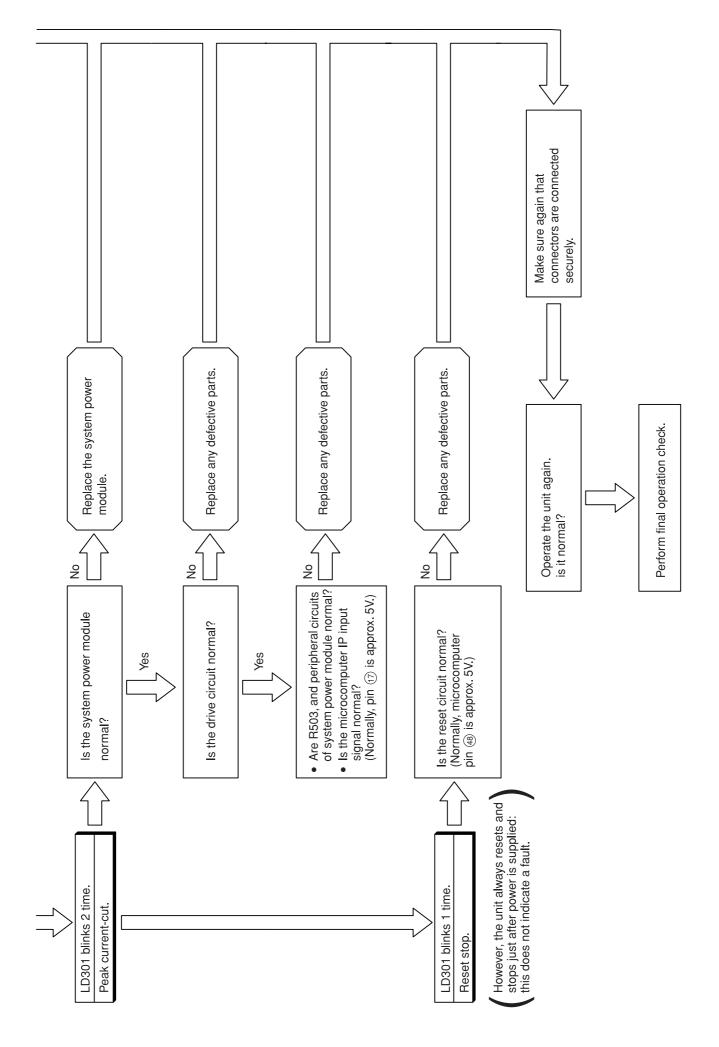
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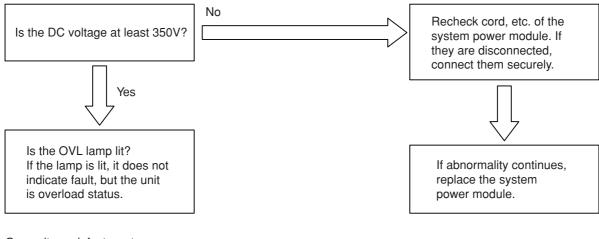


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Phenomenon 1 <Rotation speed does not increase>

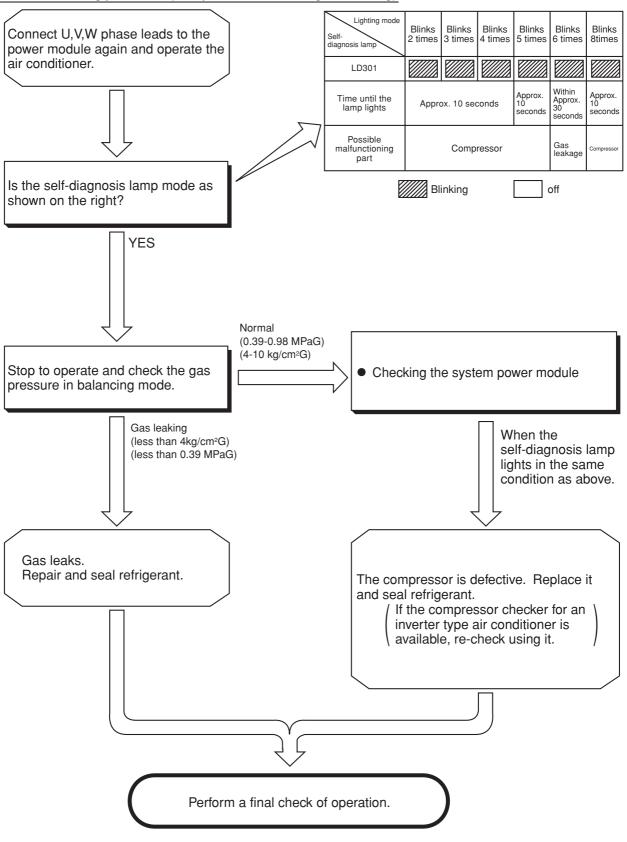


Overvoltage defect: system power module faulty (15-times blinking)

CHECKING THE REFRIGERATING CYCLE

(JUDGING BETWEEN GAS LEAKAGE AND COMPRESSOR DEFECTIVE)

1. Troubleshooting procedure (No operation, No heating, No cooling)



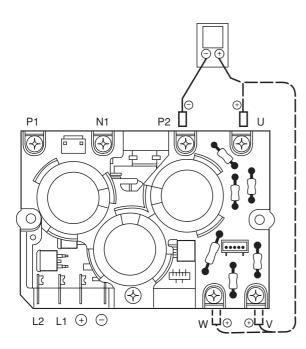
HOW TO CHECK SYSTEM POWER MODULE

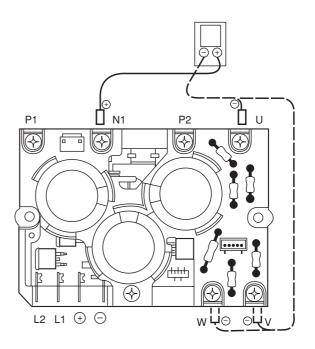
Checking system power module using tester

Set tester to resistance range (X 100)

If indicator does not swing in the following conductivity check, the system power module is normal. (In case of digital tester, since built-in battery is set in reverse direction, + and - terminals are reversed.)

If inner circuit of system power module is disconnected (open), the indicator of tester will not swing and this may assumed as normal. In this case, if indicator swings when (+) and (-) terminals are connected in reverse of diagram below, it is normal. Furthermore, compare how indicator swings at U, V and W phases. If indicator swings the same way at each point, it is normal.



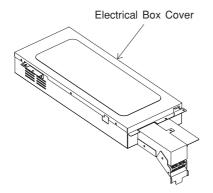


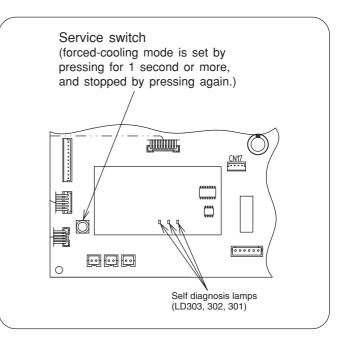
HOW TO OPERATE USING THE SERVICE SWITCH THE OUTDOOR UNIT

- 1. Turn off the power supply to outdoor unit and then turn on again.
- 2. Remove the electrical box cover.

LD303 (red) will light and the unit will operate in the forced cooling mode at this time.

Never operate the unit for more than 5 minutes.



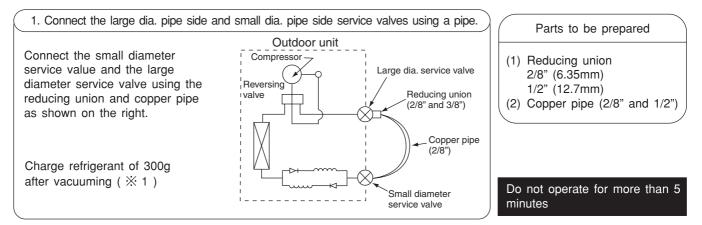


(Cautions)

- (1) If interface signal (DC 35V) terminals C and D are not connected when the outdoor unit is in forced cool mode, the outdoor unit defect indicator (LD301) will blink 9 times during operation to indicate communication error.
- (2) If checking is done with the compressor connector disconnected, the unit will continue normal operation when the electrical parts are normal, or it will repeat operating for approx. one minute and stop due to overload power limit cut, or it will operate in the overload status.

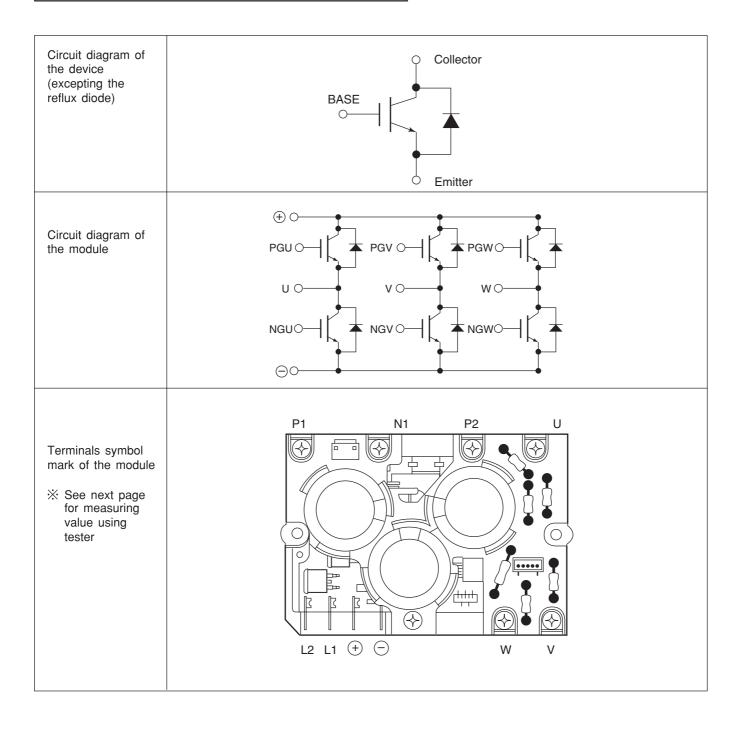
Be sure to push the service switch again to stop the forced cool operation.

HOW TO OPERATE THE OUTDOOR UNIT INDEPENDENTLY

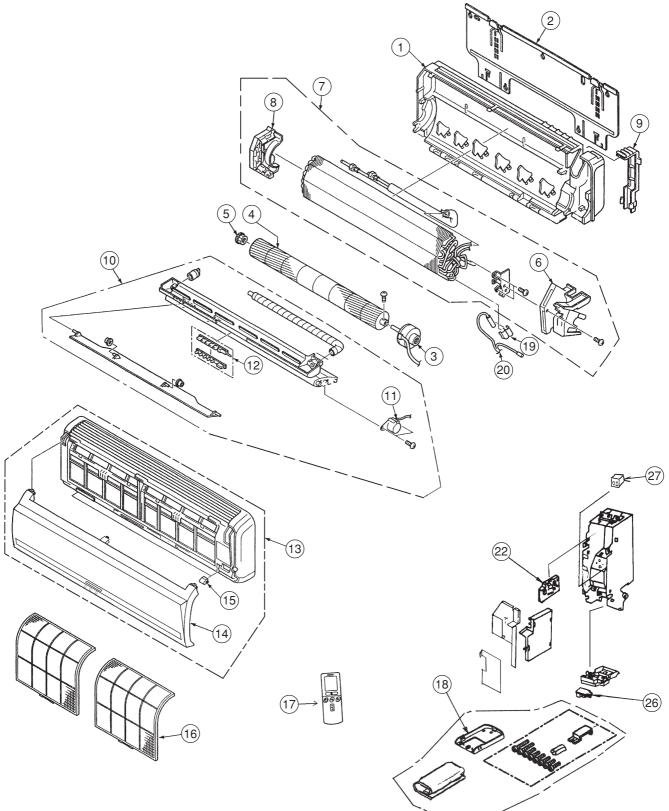


The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit". \times 1 The charging amount of 300g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

SYSTEM POWER MODULE DIAGNOSIS



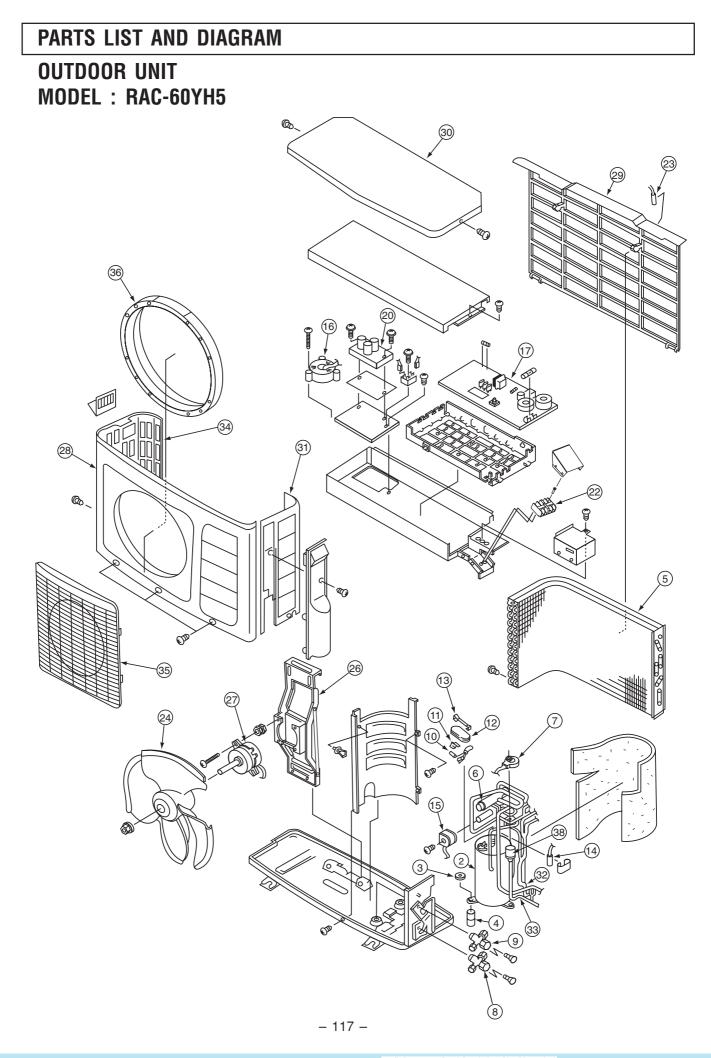
INDOOR UNIT MODEL : RAS-60YH5



MODEL RAS-60YH5

NO.	PART NO.		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME	
1	PMRAK-60NHA	003	1	CABINET	
2	PMRAS-40CNH2	023	1	MOUNTING PLATE	
3	PMRAK-25NH4	001	1	FAN MOTOR	
4	PMRAS-70YHA	010	1	TANGENTIAL FAN	
5	PMRAS-25CNH2	005	1	P-BEARING ASSY	
6	PMRAS-51CHA1	004	1	FAN MOTOR BASE	
7	PMRAS-24GH4	001	1	CYCLE ASSY	
8	PMRAS-51CHA1	020	1	FAN COVER	
9	PMRAS-18CP5	003	1	PIPE SUPPORT	
10	PMRAK-60NHA	006	1	DRAIN PAN ASSY	
11	PMRAK-60NHA	009	1	AUTO SWEEP MOTOR	
12	PMRAS-18CH1	001	1	P.W.B (LED)	
13	PMRAS-60YH5	001	1	FRONT COVER ASSEMBLY	
14	PMRAS-60YH5	002	1	FRONT PANEL	
15	PMRAS-10C7M	008	3	САР	
16	PMRAS-51CHA1	010	2	AIR FILTER	
17	PMRAS-51CHA1	011	1	REMOTE CONTROL ASSEMBLY	
18	PMRAS-10C3M	003	1	REMOTE CONTROL SUPPORT	
19	PMRAS-40CNH2	026	1	THERMISTOR SUPPORT	
20	PMRAS-07CH2	012	1	THERMISTOR	
22	PMRAS-S24CH2	001	1	P.W.B (MAIN)	
26	PMRAK-60NHA	001	1	P.W.B (RECEIVER)	
27	PMRAS-10C6M	002	1	TERMINAL BOARD (2P)	

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html



Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.h

MODEL RAC-60YH5

NO.	PART N0. RAC-60YH5		Q'TY / UNIT	PARTS NAME	
2	PMRAC-60YHA	902	1	COMPRESSOR	
3	KPNT1	001	4	PUSH NUT	
4	RAC-2226HV	805	3	COMPRESSOR RUBBER	
5	PMRAC-50NH4	902	1	CONDENSER	
6	PMRAM-22NHZ4	901	1	REVERSING VALVE	
7	PMRAC-25NH4	903	1	ELECTRICAL EXPANSION COIL	
8	PMRAC-50NH4	903	1	VALVE (2S)	
9	PMRAC-50NH4	904	1	VALVE (4S)	
10	PMRAC-40CNH2	914	1	THERMISTOR (OH)	
11	PMRAC-25NH4	909	1	OVERHEAT THERMISTOR SUPPORT	
12	PMRAC-25NH4	910	1	OVERLOAD RELAY COVER	
14	PMRAC-40CNH2	915	1	THERMISTOR (DEFROST)	
15	PMRAM-40QH5	907	1	COIL (REVERSING VALVE)	
16	PMRAC-18SH4	901	1	REACTOR	
17	PMRAC-S24H2	901	1	P.W.B (MAIN)	
20	PMRAC-40CNH2	901	1	SYSTEM POWER MODULE	
22	PMRAC-51CHA1	903	2	TERMINAL BOARD (4P)	
23	PMRAC-19SH4	901	1	THERMISTOR (OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE)	
24	PMRAC-40CNH2	917	1	PROPELLER FAN	
26	PMRAC-40CNH2	918	1	SUPPORT (FAN MOTOR)	
27	PMRAC-40CNH2	919	1	FAN MOTOR (40W)	
28	PMRAC-40CNH2	904	1	CABINET	
29	PMRAC-40CNH2	921	1	NET	
30	PMRAC-40CNH2	922	1	TOP COVER	
31	PMRAC-60YHA	901	1	SIDE PLATE-R	
32	PMRAC-50NH4	906	1	STRAINER (PIPE)	
33	PMRAC-50NH4	909	1	STRAINER (COND)	
34	PMRAC-40CNH2	926	1	SIDE PLATE-L	
35	PMRAC-40CNH2	928	1	GRILL	
36	PMRAC-40CNH2	920	1	MOUTH RING	
38	PMRAC-25NH4	916	1	EXPANSION VALVE	

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